



i-Dixel

INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

Ver. 2.4



Instructions for Use in Electronic Format (eIFU)



The electronic data (PDF document) of the Instructions for Use is available. Scan the following QR code and visit our website.



In order to view PDF documents, you will need the free Adobe Acrobat Reader distributed by Adobe Inc. Download the latest version via the Adobe website. PDF documents may not be displayed correctly using previous versions.

Thank you for purchasing the i-Dixel software.

For optimum safety and performance as well as to avoid causing harm to people, read this manual thoroughly before using the software and pay close attention to warnings and cautions.
Keep this manual in a readily accessible place for quick and easy reference.

The volume rendering software included in this application was developed by J. MORITA MFG. CORP. in collaboration with Professor Kensaku Mori of the Nagoya University Department of Media Science.

* This manual is Instructions for Use for i-Dixel.

Refer to the reference note for more technical detailed explanations.

Description of Icons



Click



Double-Click

Trademarks and Registered Trademarks:

Parts of the names of companies, products, services, etc. used in this manual may contain either trademarks or registered trademarks owned by each company.

Table of Contents

1 Disclaimers	6
1.1 Do Not Fail To Observe The Following Cautionary Remarks.....	6
1.2 Preventing Accidents.....	7
1.3 Precautions	7
1.4 In Case of Accidents	10
1.5 User Qualifications	10
1.6 Version and Other Information	11
2 Start Up and Shut Down	12
3 Staff Certification	13
4 Register and Edit Patient Data	15
4.1 Register New Patient	15
4.2 Edit Patient Information.....	17
5 Find a Patient	18
6 Image Acquisition	20
6.1 Read-in an X-ray image	20
6.2 Applying Image Filters.....	21
6.3 Patient’s Orientation: Confirm the Patient’s Orientation.....	24
6.4 Save Images	25
6.5 Compare Images.....	26
7 Import Images	28
8 Intraoral Camera	31
8.1 Using the Intraoral Camera; “Penviewer”	31
9 “Print Center”	32
9.1 Templates for Printing	33
9.2 Create a Template.....	33
9.3 Arranging Boxes on the Template	34
9.3.1 Image, Patient, and Clinic Object Boxes	34
9.3.2 Arrange Text Boxes & Draw Lines and Shapes	35
9.4 Save Template	36
9.5 Putting Images on a Template.....	37
9.6 Print.....	39
9.7 Save Image with Annotations Document	42
9.7.1 Save as Document	42
9.7.2 Retrieve a Saved Document.....	42

10 Acquire CT Image	43
10.1 Read-in the CT exposure	43
11 Display the Image	44
11.1 With the “2D Viewer”	44
11.2 With the “3D Viewer”	46
11.2.1 Histogram Window.....	49
11.2.2 Rotate Volume Rendered Image	51
12 “CurvedMPR”	52
12.1 Create Panoramic and Cross Section Images.....	52
12.2 Create Mid-sagittal Line for Panoramic Image.....	54
13 “Dual-CMPR”	55
14 Implant Presentation	58
14.1 Draw Neural Tubes and Implants.....	58
14.2 Implant Presentation using “CurvedMPR” View or “Dual-CMPR” View	63
14.2.1 Mark Mandibular Canal for Panoramic and Cross Section Images	64
14.2.2 Implants	64
15 Magnify Slice Images of the “VOI”	65
15.1 Create Magnified Slice Images for a Specified “VOI” (Volume of Interest)	65
15.1.1 Change Location of “FOV” (Field of View).....	67
15.1.2 Change Size of “FOV” (Field of View)	67
16 Technical Information	68
16.1 Specifications	68
16.2 Technical Information for Distance Measurement	68
16.2.1 Computational errors for distance measurements.....	68
16.2.2 Measurement errors due to exposure principles	70
16.3 Image Size Technical Information for Distance Measurement, Printing, and Image Export	77
16.4 Technical Information for Panoramic Image Magnification Ratio	77
16.5 Technical Information for Image Magnification Ratio and Distance Measurement Accuracy	78
16.6 Symbols	78

1 Disclaimers

The user (hospital, clinic etc.) is responsible for the operation and maintenance of medical devices. This equipment must be used only by legally qualified professionals such as doctors and dentists.

1.1 Do Not Fail To Observe The Following Cautionary Remarks

- J. MORITA MFG. CORP. is the legal registered owner of i-Dixel software and does not permit unauthorized reproduction of it.
- J. MORITA MFG. CORP. cannot be held liable for problems or malfunctions attributable to the OS (operating system).
- J. MORITA MFG. CORP. bears no responsibility for problems attributable to factors arising from the operating environment established by the user.
- This software is not compliant with the Windows standby mode or with the unique standby modes for notebook computers.
- Do not use a screen saver; screen savers may prevent the software from running smoothly.
- Do not use controls for automatically turning off the display and hard disk which are in the screen saver section of the display control panel. These should both be disabled and not used; otherwise the software may not run smoothly.
- Do not use "Sleep" or "Suspend" functions; the software may not run smoothly if these are turned on.
- The quality of printed images and how long they can be kept good-conditioned depend on the applied printer and paper and storage method of printed images. We shall not be liable to them.
- The J. MORITA MFG. CORP. bears no responsibility for problems and defects originating with hardware items such as the computer itself or peripheral devices or for problems and defects which seem to originate with such hardware items.
- This software has only been verified to run on Microsoft's Windows 10, Windows 11, Windows Server 2012 R2, Windows Server 2016, Windows Server 2019, and Windows Server 2022 operating systems. There is no guarantee for other operating systems. Also, Microsoft's .NET Framework 3.5 or later must be installed.
- This software utilizes Microsoft SQL Server (2014 and 2019), a database engine, and Microsoft Access Driver from Microsoft Corporation.
- The warranty for this software will not extend more than 1 year after the manufacturer of the operating system (OS), which has been proven to work, has discontinued sales of the operating system regardless of the original valid period of the warrantee.
- i-Dixel Viewer cannot be used for diagnostic purposes.
- i-Dixel software needs a USB key to run properly; connect the USB key before starting the application. (On some computers the USB connectors are on the back.)
- If you start the i-Dixel application without connecting the USB key, it will start in demonstration mode and some features may be disabled or inaccessible. In this case, close the i-Dixel application, connect the USB key and then restart the application.
- Note, in some configurations, there will only be 1 USB key for the network. As before, ensure it is plugged in otherwise all i-Dixel applications will operate in demonstration mode until remedied.
- The USB key is one component of the i-Dixel software package. If you lose or damage it, you will need to purchase a replacement key before using the i-Dixel application again.
- For network systems, turn on the i-Dixel server before you start i-Dixel on the client computer. If you start i-Dixel on the client computer first, you will not be able to access the network database.


1.2 Preventing Accidents


Most operation and maintenance problems result from insufficient attention being paid to basic safety precautions and not being able to foresee the possibilities of accidents.

Problems and accidents are best avoided by foreseeing the possibility of danger and operating the software in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

First thoroughly read all precautions and instructions pertaining to safety and accident prevention; then, operate the equipment with the utmost caution to prevent either damaging the equipment itself or causing bodily injury.

The following symbols and expressions indicate the degree of danger and harm that could result from ignoring the instructions they accompany:

 **WARNING** This alerts the user of the possibility of a hazard with a medium risk of injury or death if not avoided. This also alerts the user of the possibility of a hazard with cybersecurity incident including privacy protection.

 **CAUTION** This alerts the user of the possibility of data or database corruption or damage to the equipment, as well as handling precautions.

1.3 Precautions

WARNING

- Be sure to control the network environment properly and prevent inappropriate connections with non-related computers, etc. Taking effective measures such as entry and exit management is advised.
- To secure network safety, be sure to divide the network properly and avoid inappropriate connections from non-related persons.
- To prevent inappropriate connections with non-related computers, etc., be sure to protect and monitor unused ports such as LAN ports. To prevent unauthorized access from Wi-Fi networks, be sure to manage authorized computers' MAC addresses on the Wi-Fi router.
- To prevent unauthorized access to the operating system (e.g., Windows OS), be sure to set up a strong password for the user account.
- If the authentication setting for i-Dixel is turned off, be sure to take measures against unauthorized login to the operating system (e.g., Windows OS).
- If connected computers are able to access the Internet or external storage devices (e.g., USB mass storage drive), be sure to take measures against computer virus and malware attacks.
- i-Dixel installation should only be performed by personnel properly trained in the installation process.
- When disposing of computers, be sure to destroy the storage device (e.g., HDD) to prevent a data breach.
- To prevent data breaches, take effective measures such as turning on data encryption (e.g., Windows BitLocker).
- The operating system (e.g., Windows OS) and i-Dixel installation should only be performed by personnel properly trained in the installation process. Before updating the software, be sure to take an image backup of the storage device (e.g., HDD).
- Security updates for the operating system (e.g., Windows OS) should only be performed by personnel properly trained in the security update process. Before connecting to the Internet, be sure to update the security settings on the operating system (e.g., Windows OS). Be aware that even for computers that are not connected to the Internet, there is a risk of virus and malware infection when connecting to an external storage device (e.g., USB mass storage drive).
- Be sure to set up and manage credentials properly for the operating system (e.g., Windows OS) and the i-Dixel software.
- When you register a new patient or select a patient with i-Dixel, confirm that the patient and the data in the medical records correspond with each other.
- Before adding a label (e.g., R or L mark) to an image, make sure the label direction and the patient direction match.
- Before measuring the distance on an image, make sure that both the image pixel size (resolution) and magnification ratio are correctly set. If these are incorrect or no information is set, be sure to modify the settings.

WARNING

- If the image is flipped horizontally, the Flips horizontal button is displayed in orange. Especially in case of the panorama image diagnosis, check the displayed status of the Flips Horizontal button to prevent the horizontal orientation misunderstanding. For the digital panorama images, it is possible to add the R and L marks to the images at imaging if necessary. (To add the R and L marks, the service person must change the setting.)
- When you horizontally flip the panoramic image, the panoramic scout cannot be applied to it. Revert the image by flipping it back to the original. Also, do not use images with the conditions listed below for the panoramic scout. As these images do not contain horizontal flip information, the panoramic scout cannot be processed correctly.
 - Imported panoramic images that have been horizontally flipped.
 - Images that were horizontally flipped and saved as a new image by the i-Dixel software version 2.360 or earlier.
- “AGS” automatically optimizes density regardless of the region. However it is not suitable for inflammation over a large area such as odontogenic maxillary sinusitis (maxillary sinusitis due to dental caries), asymmetries etc. In these cases, diagnosis should be based on observation of images both before and after “AGS” processing.
- Watch out for errors in distance measurements due to X-ray exposure principles etc. For accurate measurements, one must take care how the measurements are made. For details, see **p. 68 “16.2 Technical Information for Distance Measurement”**.
- An image taken with common X-ray equipment will be enlarged against the actual size of the subject. Without correctly understanding this point, distance measurement, printing, and image export might yield unintended results. For details, see **p. 77 “16.3 Image Size Technical Information for Distance Measurement, Printing, and Image Export”**.
- Without correctly understanding the magnification ratio for the panoramic image, the panoramic image data might yield unintended results. For details, see **p. 77 “16.4 Technical Information for Panoramic Image Magnification Ratio”**.
- Without correctly understanding the magnification ratio and distance measurement accuracy, distance measurement might yield unintended results. For details, see **p. 78 “16.5 Technical Information for Image Magnification Ratio and Distance Measurement Accuracy”**.
- Implant overlay drawing is only for presentation purpose not actual planning.
- Depictions of implant devices in X-ray images are only for explanations to patients and may not be accurate enough for actual planning.
- Implant devices displayed may not be available or may not be suitable. Ask makers of implant devices about availability and suitability.
- The user is responsible for how this software and the implant display feature are used for patient explanations and treatment.
- In pseudo CT value calculation, the amount projecting from the imaging area of the subject and the errors in location are included in the calculation as approximations, so in terms of accuracy, it is not as reliable as medical X-ray CT. However, as the contrast is stable, it offers greater utility for data exchange with other workstations using DICOM.
- Note that there may be some discrepancy between measured lengths and actual lengths due to the principles of CT radiography, CT slice thickness and other reasons. One must handle measured lengths carefully to arrive at an accurate measurement. For details, see **p. 68 “16.2 Technical Information for Distance Measurement”**.

CAUTION

- This document describes i-Dixel functions as well as one part of the X-ray equipment's modality functions, such as panorama tomographic focal plane adjustment. For more information about modality functions, refer to the separate Instructions for Use of the X-ray equipment.
- Databases are stored on the hard disk. Since the service life of hard disk is limited, be sure to create a backup of valuable data every day.
- According to the format that you have selected, the quality of the exported image and that of the image displayed on the screen may look different. After executing export, check for any problems of the quality of exported image. To prevent the quality of exported images from being deteriorated, use BMP format to export them.
- Before exporting data to any other removable media or to a folder on the network, be sure to prepare the media or folder to which the data will be exported and make sure that the data can be read from it. Especially be careful about external memories connected via a USB port.
- When using the video capture function, select the image size 640×480 or 320×240 at the driver setting. If you select any other image size, the aspect ratio of the image window may become improper, hindering diagnosis. For setting details, refer to the Instructions for Use for the capture board. Even if you click "Save" in the part setting window, the setting will not become effective unless you save the intended image.
- To use TWAIN, connect TWAIN equipment and install the driver software. For details, read the Instructions for Use of the TWAIN equipment.
- Since other filter-applying processings such as Hi.Pass, UltraHi, Lateral, Lo.Pass, UltraLo and Reduce incorporate frequency processing, it takes a long time to process any large image using such a filter.
- Since the quality of the images acquired from any modality manufactured by us are adjusted to be optimal, they do not need filter-applying processing and gamma processing. Use such a filter-applying processing to scanned or imported images of the poor quality.
- Since the load of backup processing is high, the speed of re-drawing on an image becomes extremely slow during backup processing. Do not start up any other application during backup processing.
- The backup processing is not set up at shipment. Set up the backup processing according to the operation conditions.
- As for generation-controlled backup, the backup data of the specified number of generations will be preserved. We recommend you to select the generation control suitable to the way of backup repetition.
- Any images moved using the "data move" function cannot be backed up by the "backup" processing. Create a backup of such an image by using another function of the computer (for example, copying it using the copy function).
- To find the data move destination, it may take about 20 minutes. If you have stored data on any other removable media or on a folder on the network, be sure to prepare the media or folder to which the data will be moved and make sure that the data can be read from it preliminarily. Especially be careful about external memories connected via a USB port.
- Acquisition of data from any other memory takes some time from access to it. When you have attempted data acquisition operation, if the data cannot be acquired immediately, wait for a while and then redo the operation.
- Limitation of functions of i-Dixel demonstration version:
 - The i-Dixel demonstration version accommodates registration of only one patient. Also, note that the CT-related functions (optional) and DICOM-based functions (optional) are disabled.
- When there is not enough free space on the hard disk, you cannot save any other image data or any saved image data may be eliminated. When a dialogue indicating that there is not enough free space on the hard disk appears, move image data.
- If you improperly operate a database, data saving may become disabled or saved data may be eliminated. First understand the operation to be executed well, and then start operating the database.
- If you manually operate any file inside a database file (a file with an extension .3dxd or .3dxc), the database will be destroyed and the data will be lost. We shall not be liable in this case. Unless you aim to delete any data file, do not manually and directly operate the data file.
- Be sure to create a backup or print a hard copy of the data saved on the computer. If any failure should occur to the computer or its storage, the data would be lost and it would be difficult to recover the data. We shall not be liable in this case.
- When you have set up the scheduled backup, be sure to turn on the computer at the scheduled backup time. If the computer is not turned on at the scheduled backup time, backup operation will not be executed. If you turn off the computer during backup operation, the database may be damaged. We shall not be liable in this case.
- Do not execute data acquisition or the like during backup operation. The data may not be acquired properly. We shall not be liable in this case.
- Exert sufficient care for storage of backup data and hard copies. We shall not be liable to any failures due to improper storage of them.
- Do not execute any other processing during imaging or the like.

CAUTION

- If there are more than 15 CT slice thumbnail images in the basket, there may not be enough memory, and you may not be able to make a CT exposure or may not be able to reconstruct CT data. To avoid this, remove unnecessary CT slice thumbnail images in the basket.
- If there is not enough empty space on the hard disk, you may not be able to save CT data or you may lose some of the CT data. To avoid this and insure enough empty space on the hard disk, delete unneeded CT tasks or store them on a separate hard disk.
- If you import images acquired by using devices of other companies, we assume no responsibility for the safety, performance, or accuracy of additional information of such images. When importing images, be sure to perform a connection test to confirm the safety, performance, and additional information required for the images to be imported, and if there are any problems, contact the manufacturer or distributor of the other company's device. If applicable, perform the following four connection tests:
 - Patient name
 - Patient direction (image direction)
 - Geometric precision (length, angle)
 - Other items specified by the manufacturer of the other companies' devices
- Our image processing software functions (AIE-HD, AGS, etc.) are optimized for our devices, so do not apply these functions to images imported from devices of other manufacturers. If these functions are applied to other images, we assume no responsibility for the safety, performance, or accuracy of additional information of such images.

1.4 In Case of Accidents

For customers who use the i-Dixel in the EU:

If any serious incident occurs in relation to the device, report it to a competent authority of your country, as well as the manufacturer through your regional distributor. Observe relevant national regulations for detailed procedures.

1.5 User Qualifications

a) Qualification:

Legal qualified person such as a medical doctor, a dentist, a radiologic technologist, a nurse and a dental hygienist (it may differ among countries), Staff of medical institute and IT system administrator

b) Language understanding:

English and official language of the medical institution

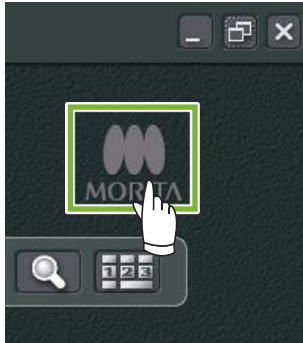
c) Education, Knowledge, Experience and Training:

User does not need anything special except for understanding the IFU and basic computer operation, if not required by legal regulation.

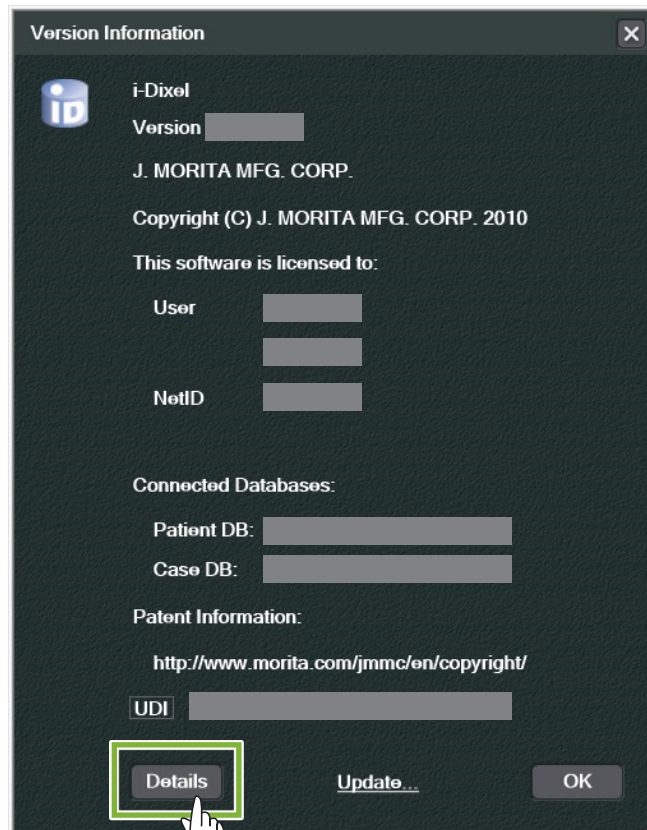
1.6 Version and Other Information

By clicking on “MORITA” mark displayed at the upper right corner of the Home screen, you will be able to confirm the version of i-Dixel and the currently connected database.

When you wish to make an enquiry regarding the operations for the i-Dixel software, please inform the operator the Version and NetID for the i-Dixel software.



• Dialog of version information and details

A screenshot of a dialog box titled "Version Information". It contains the following fields and text:

- i-Dixel logo and "i-Dixel" text.
- Version: [Redacted]
- J. MORITA MFG. CORP.
- Copyright (C) J. MORITA MFG. CORP. 2010
- This software is licensed to:
- User: [Redacted]
- [Redacted]
- NetID: [Redacted]
- Connected Databases:
- Patient DB: [Redacted]
- Case DB: [Redacted]
- Patent Information:
- <http://www.morita.com/jmmc/en/copyright/>
- UDI: [Redacted]
- Buttons: "Details" (highlighted with a green box and hand cursor), "Update...", and "OK".

A screenshot of a dialog box titled "Details". It contains the following information:

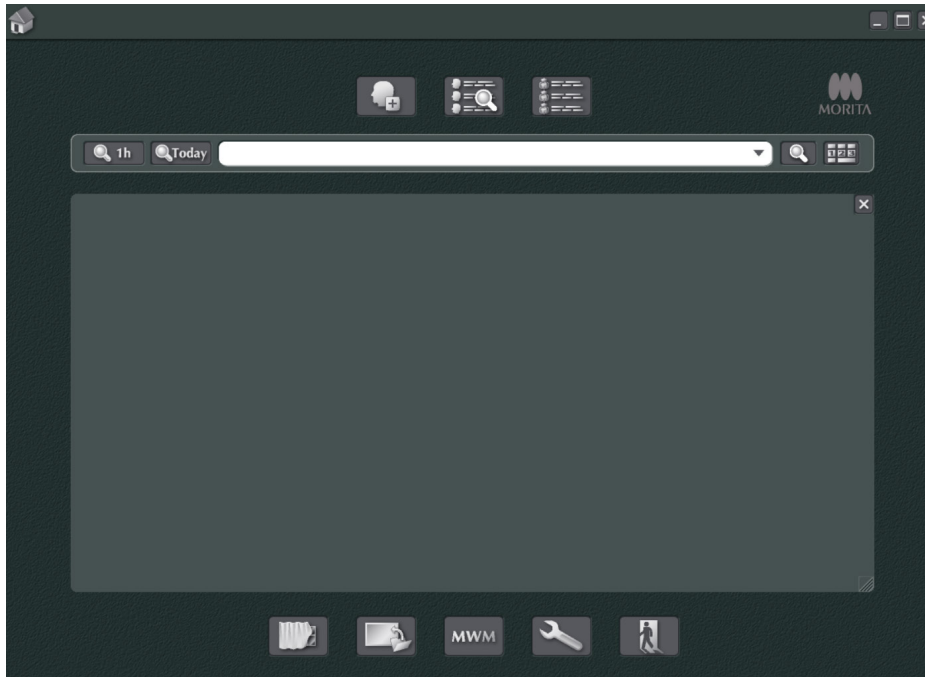
- CE Rx only logo and text.
- MD logo.
- EC REP: Medical Technology Promedt Consulting GmbH, Ernst-Heckel-Straße 7, 66386 St. Ingbert, Germany
- CH REP: Decomplex AG, Freiburgstrasse 3 3010 Bern Switzerland
- J. MORITA MFG. CORP. 680 Higashihama Minami-cho, Fushimi-ku, Kyoto 612-8533, Japan
- MADE IN JAPAN
- Pat. <https://www.morita.com/jmmc/en/copyright/>
- OK button.

2 Start Up and Shut Down

Start Up

- 1 Turn on the computer and its peripheral devices
- 2 Double-click the i-Dixel icon. A log-in window will appear. Enter the account name and password. The Home screen will then appear.

- Home screen:



Shut Down

Click the "X" in the upper right corner to shut the application down.

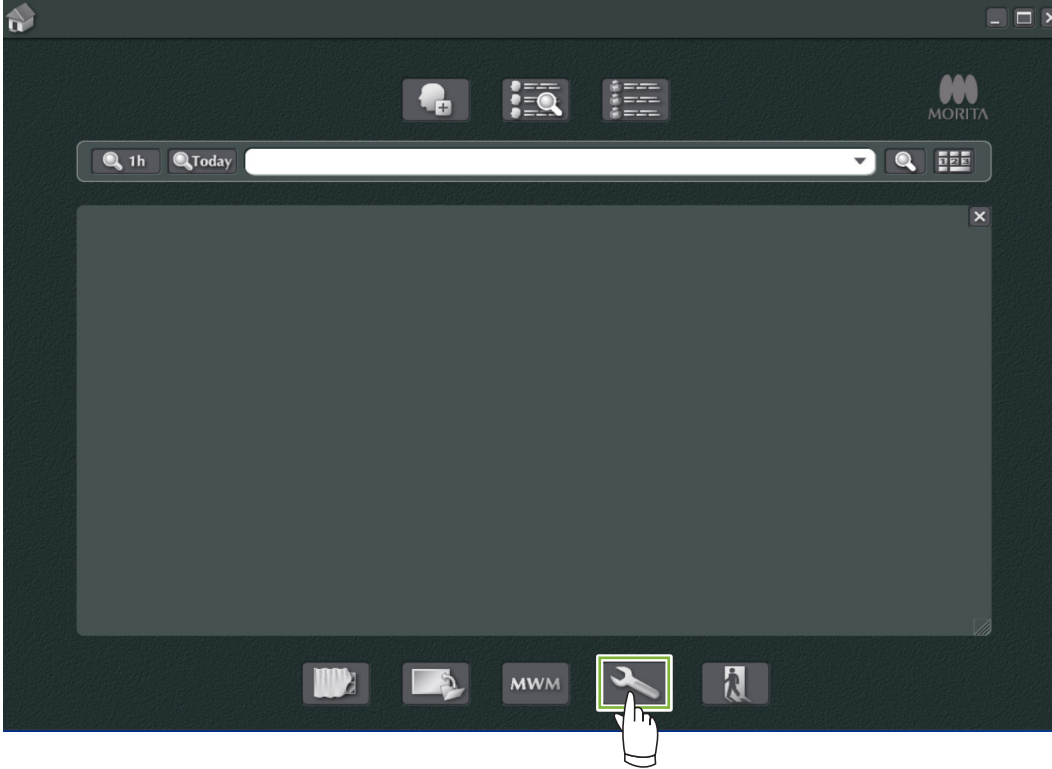


3 Staff Certification

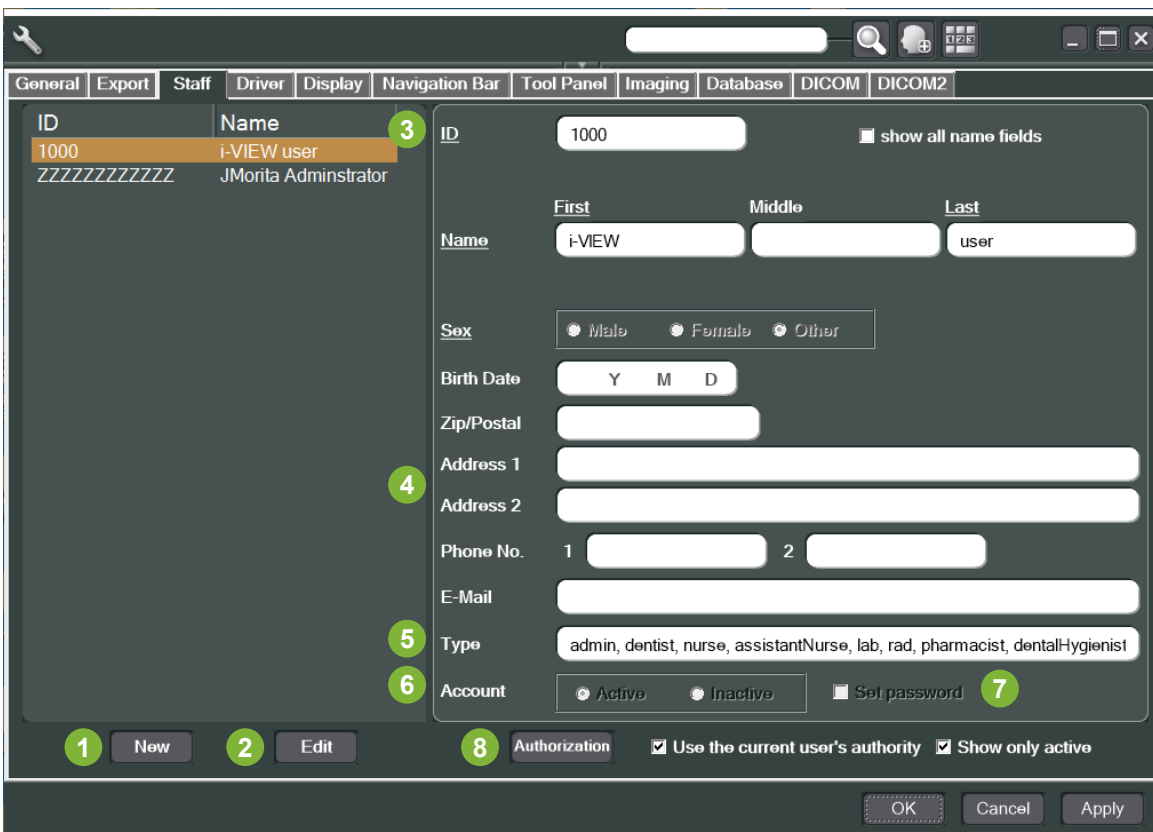
⚠ WARNING

- Be sure to set up and manage credentials properly for the operating system (e.g., Windows OS) and the i-Dixel software.

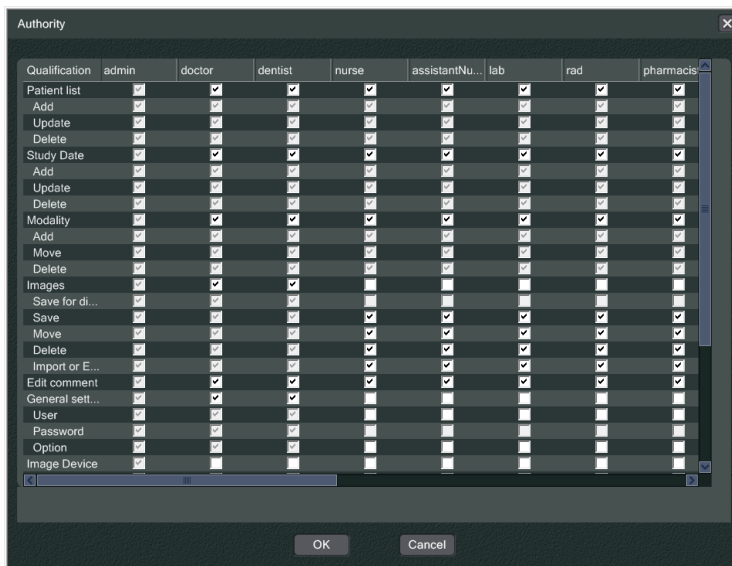
1 Click the “Settings window” button () displayed in the Home screen.



2 In the “Staff” tab, you can have the staff information displayed, registered, and edited.



- 1 “New”:
When you wish to register a new staff, click this button to display a “New” window.
- 2 “Edit”:
When you wish to edit an existing staff, click this button to display the “Edit” window.
- 3 Staff ID:
This column will be available when newly registering a staff; once the “ID” is entered, the “Register” button will be available. This column will not be available when editing existing users.
- 4 “Address 1, 2”:
Please do not use this character “@.”
- 5 “Type”:
You can select from the list of qualifications.
- 6 “Account”:
Make the setting as for whether to make this account valid as a certification account for when activating i-Dixel.
- 7 “Set password”:
Set whether to display the password window when activating i-Dixel.
If you place a tick here when you are making a new registration or when you are editing existing accounts, the “Set password” window will be displayed after you have clicked the “Update” button.
- 8 “Authorization”:
To activate the Authentication button, click the box for “Use the current user’s authority”.
* Only users designated as administrators (admin) can check this box.
Clicking this button will open up the “Authority” window.
Use this window to set the authorities available to users with various qualifications.



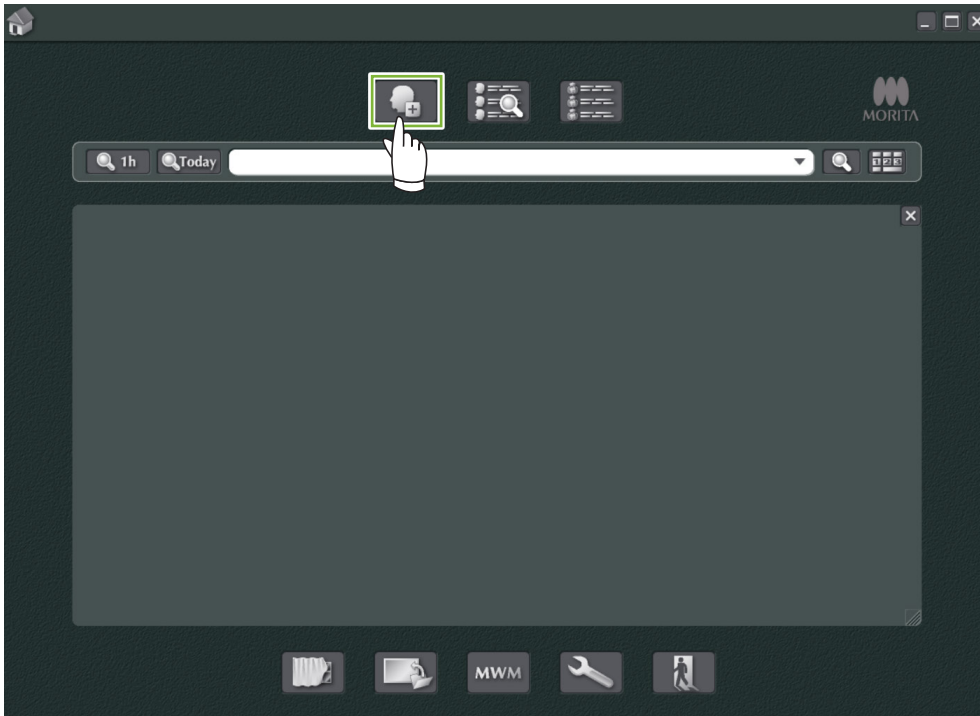
For example, you can remove the checks for “Patient list”, “Add”, “Update”, and “Delete” under the “dentalHygienist” heading and click “OK” to make these authorities unavailable to users with that qualification.

Qualification	sy	cps	nutritionist	dentalHygienist
Patient list	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Add	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Update	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Delete	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

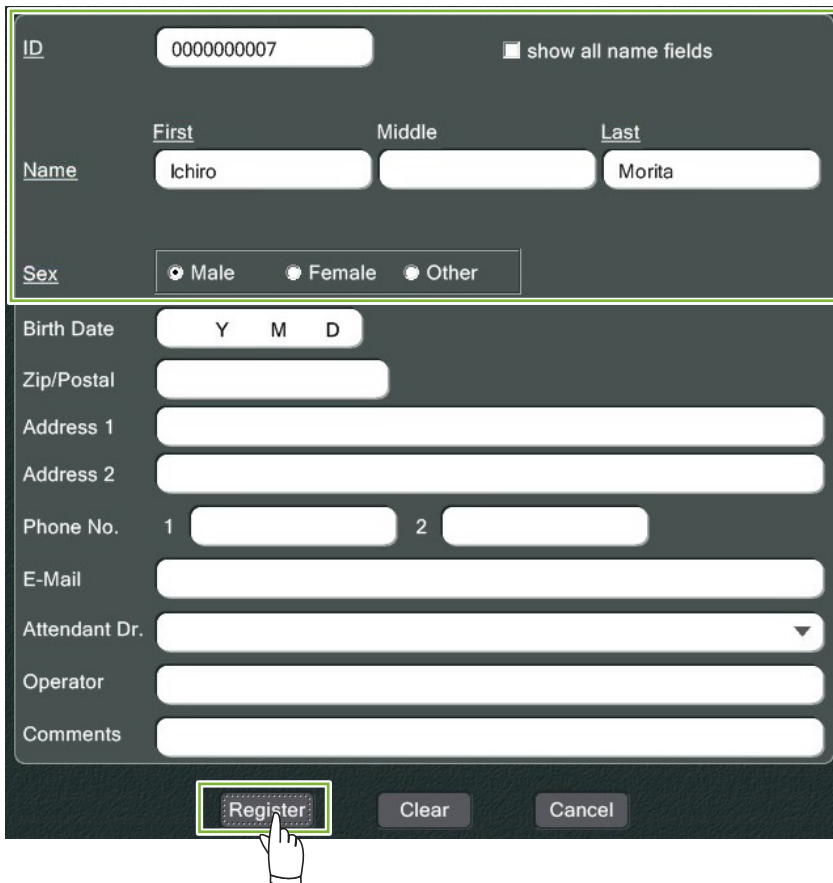
4 Register and Edit Patient Data

4.1 Register New Patient

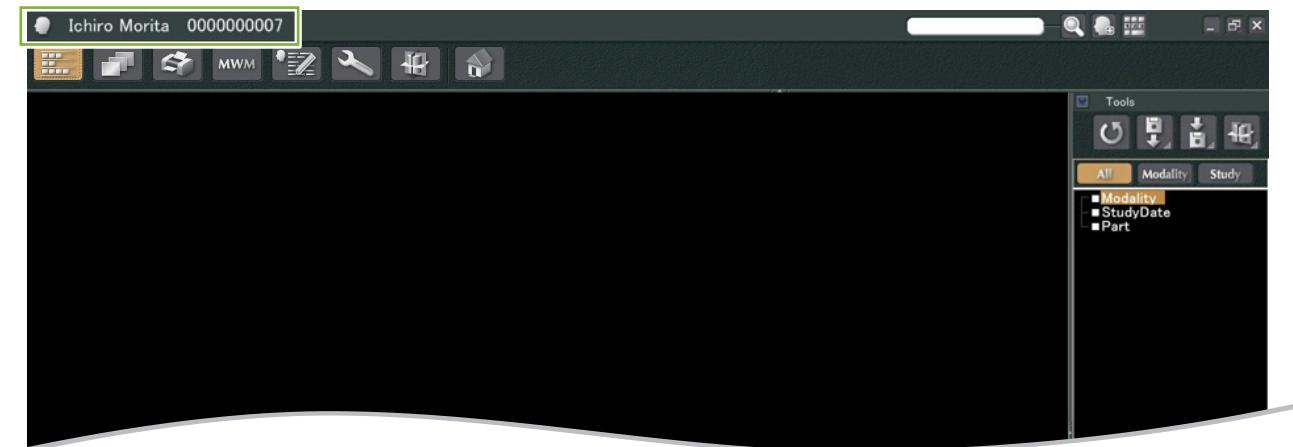
- 1 Click the “Patient registration window” button.



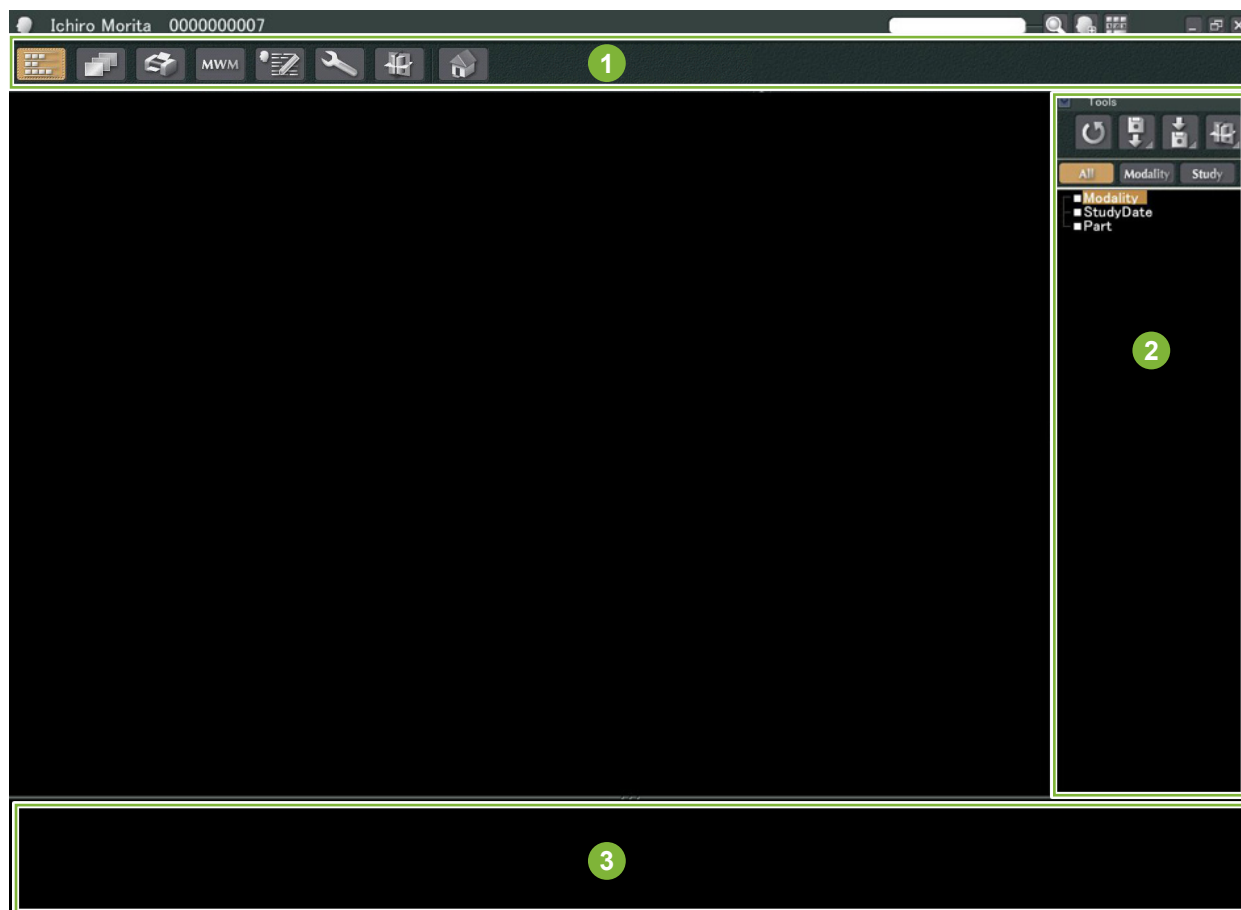
- 2 Enter the required data and then click the “Register” button.

A screenshot of the patient registration form. The form is dark-themed with white text and input fields. Fields include: ID (000000007), Name (First: Ichiro, Middle: empty, Last: Morita), Sex (radio buttons for Male, Female, Other), Birth Date (Y M D), Zip/Postal, Address 1, Address 2, Phone No. (1 and 2), E-Mail, Attendant Dr. (dropdown), Operator, and Comments. A 'show all name fields' checkbox is next to the ID field. At the bottom, there are three buttons: 'Register' (highlighted with a green box and a hand cursor), 'Clear', and 'Cancel'.

3 Patient Page for a currently registered patient




• Patient Page Features

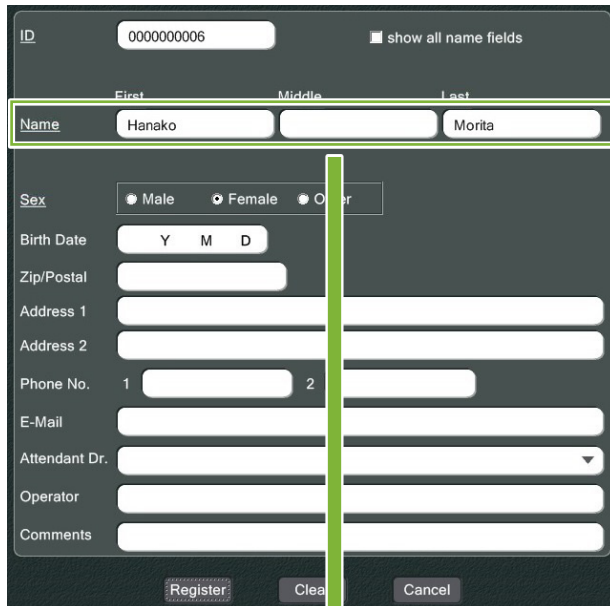


- 1 Navigation Bar
- 2 Task Panel
- 3 Basket

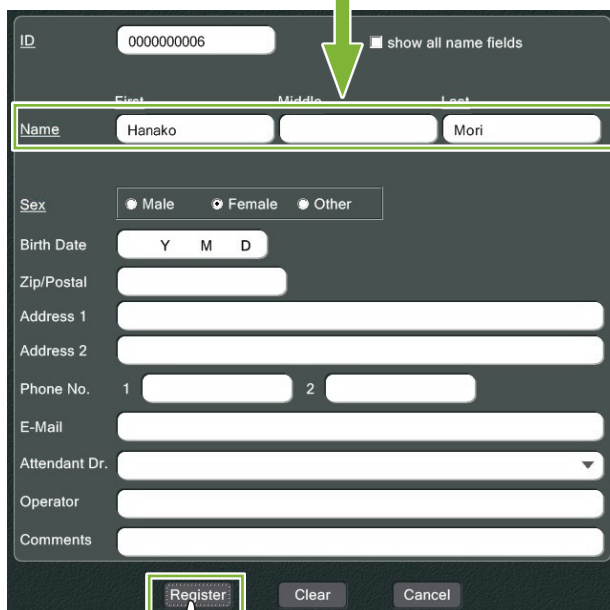
4.2 Edit Patient Information

1 Display the Patient Page.
Refer to **5 Find a Patient** for how to find patients and display their Patient Pages.

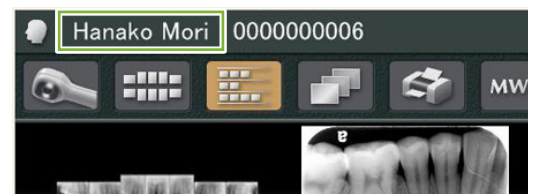
2 Click the “Edit Information” button: 
(The patient ID (“ID”) cannot be changed.)



The screenshot shows a patient information form. At the top, there is an ID field containing '000000006' and a checkbox labeled 'show all name fields'. Below this, the name is split into three fields: 'First' (containing 'Hanako'), 'Middle' (empty), and 'Last' (containing 'Mori'). A green box highlights the name fields. Below the name fields are radio buttons for 'Sex' (Male, Female, Other), a 'Birth Date' field with 'Y M D' dropdowns, and several other input fields for 'Zip/Postal', 'Address 1', 'Address 2', 'Phone No.', 'E-Mail', 'Attendant Dr.', 'Operator', and 'Comments'. At the bottom, there are three buttons: 'Register', 'Clear', and 'Cancel'. A green arrow points from the 'Register' button in this screenshot to the 'Register' button in the next screenshot.




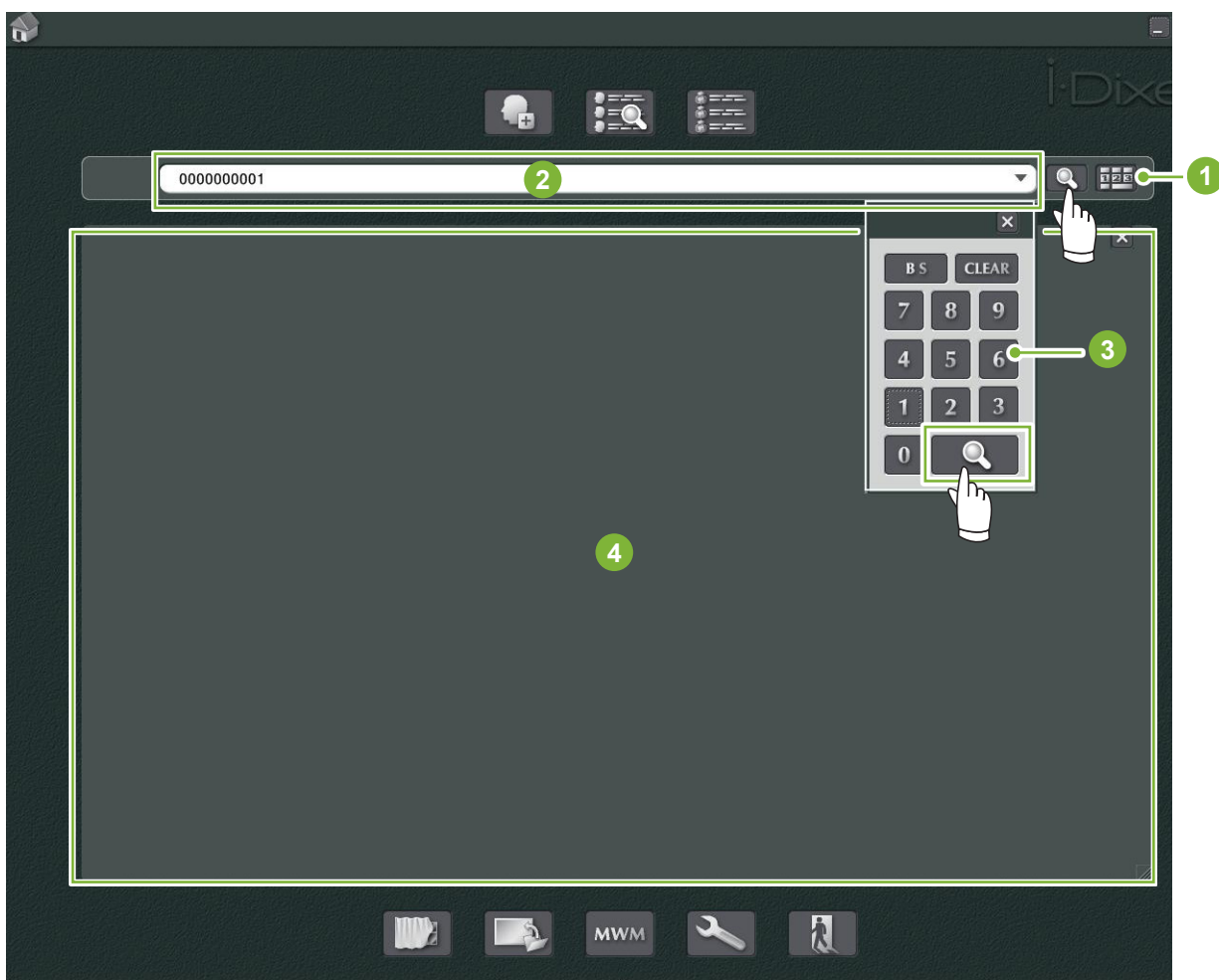
This screenshot is identical to the previous one, but the 'Register' button at the bottom is highlighted with a green box. A hand cursor is shown clicking on the 'Register' button. A green arrow points from the 'Register' button in this screenshot to the patient page in the next screenshot.



The screenshot shows the patient page after registration. The name 'Hanako Mori' and ID '000000006' are displayed at the top. Below the name and ID, there are several icons: a magnifying glass, a grid, a document, a printer, and 'MW'. At the bottom, there are two small images of teeth.

5 Find a Patient

Enter the patient's ID, name or part of his name in the search field and then click the search button: 
The page for the patient will open. (You can use the "Show Number Pad Button" to enter the patient's ID.)



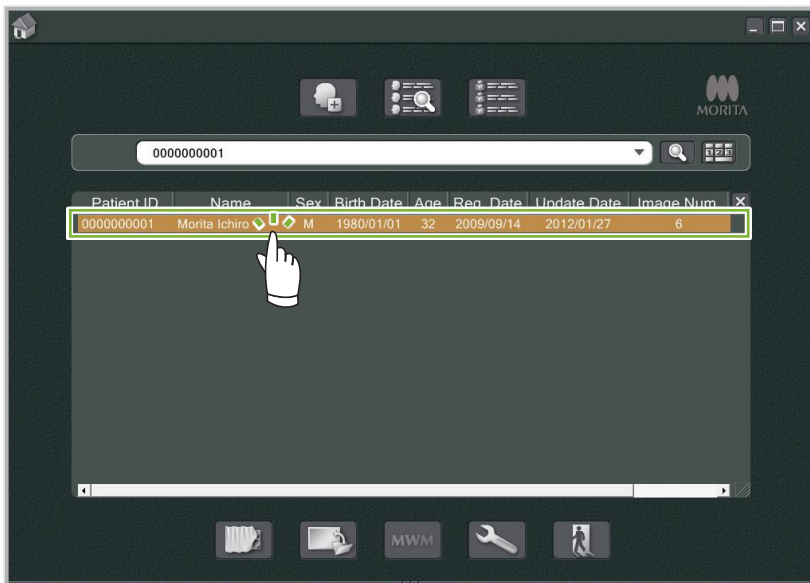
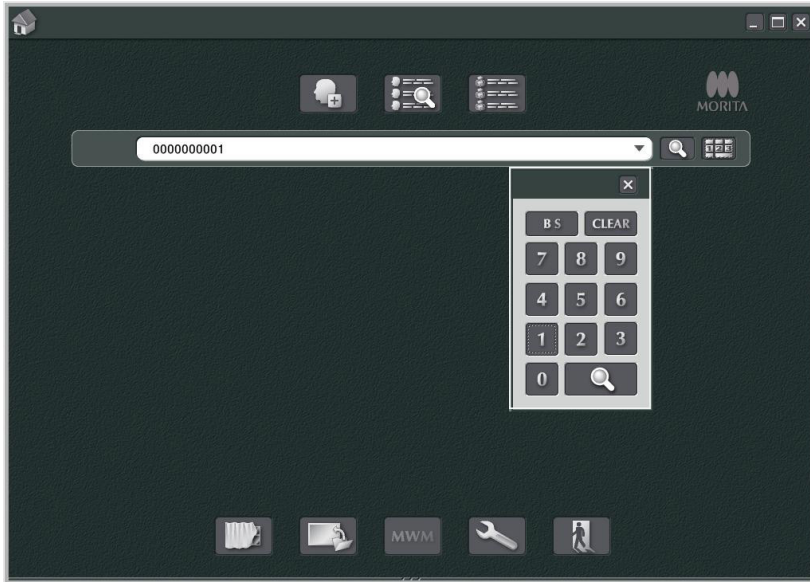
- 1 "Show Number Pad Button"
- 2 Search Field
- 3 "Show Number"
- 4 Patient Information Display Area

Check the patient's name and ID.



* If two or more patients match the search criteria, a list of their names will appear. Double-click one of the names to display the corresponding Patient Page.

* If the patient information display area is not displayed in the center of the Home screen when searching for patients, the Patient List will be displayed even if there is only one patient who meets the search conditions. If you select a patient by double-clicking them on the Patient List, the Image Thumbnail Window will appear.

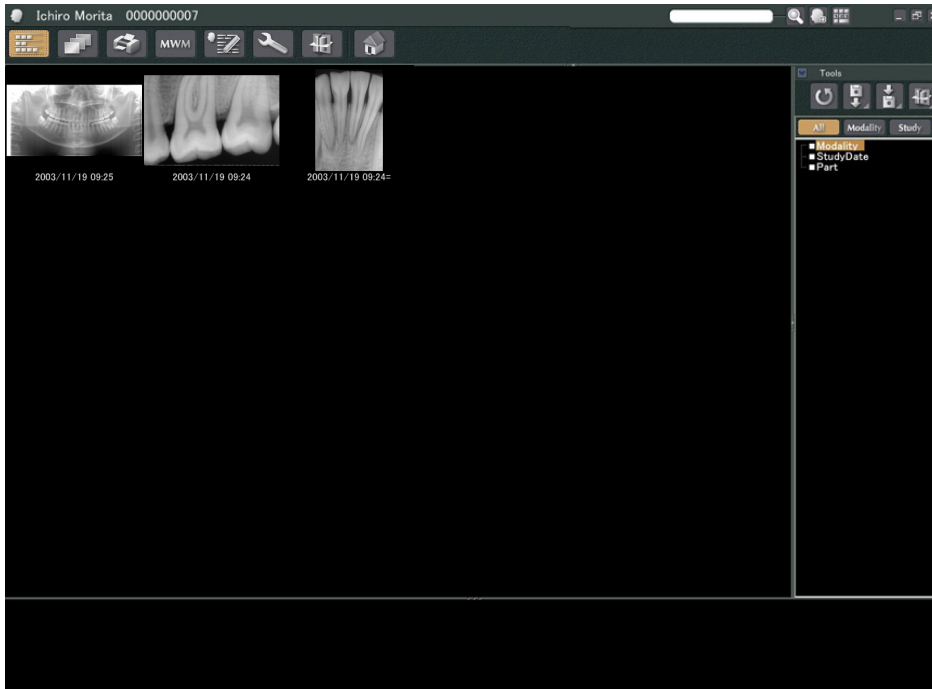


6 Image Acquisition

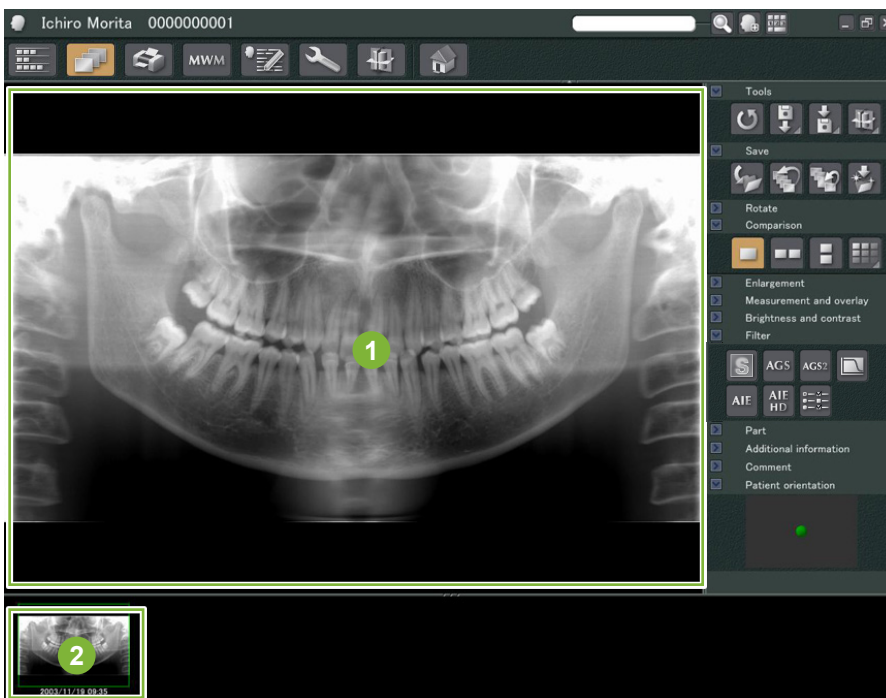
6.1 Read-in an X-ray image

- 1 Make the X-ray exposure while the image list is being displayed. The X-ray exposure will automatically be transmitted to the computer and acquired by the i-Dixel application.

*Refer to the Instructions for Use of the X-ray unit for how to make various types of exposures.



- 2 Click on the button for the “2D Viewer” to display the image. (A thumbnail of the image will appear in the Basket.)



- 1 “2D Viewer” Display
- 2 Thumbnail

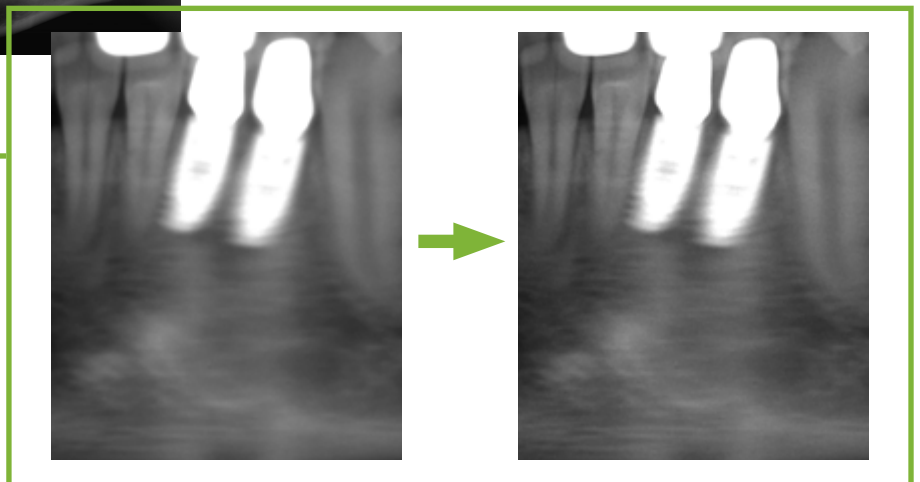
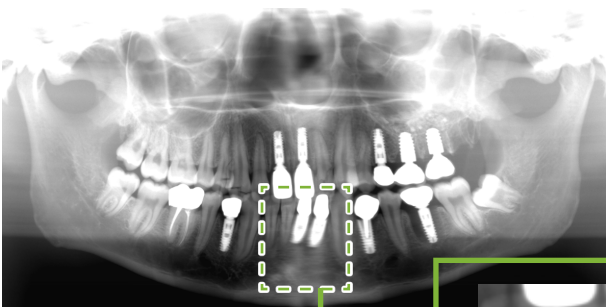
6.2 Applying Image Filters

“Filter” buttons are in the “Filter” section of the “2D Viewer”.



■ Example: “Sharpness Filter”

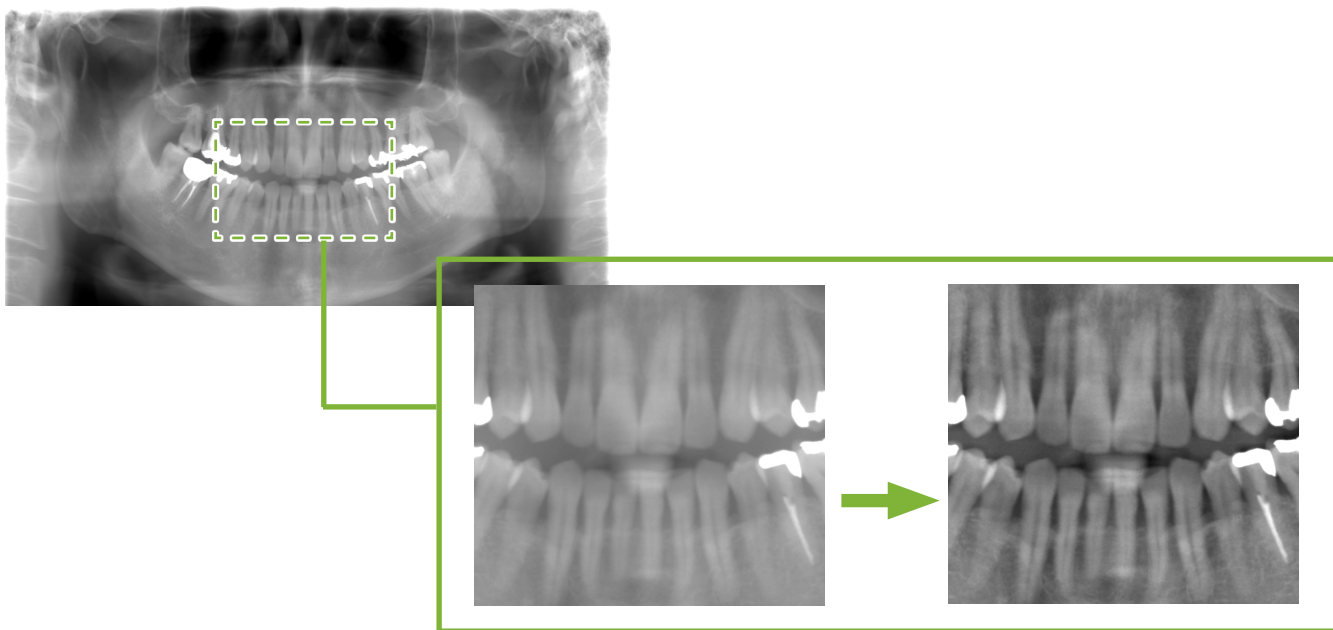
Click the “sharpness filter” button to apply it: 



■ Example: “AGS” Image Adjustment

Click the “AGS” button to apply this filter: 

This adjusts the brightness so that not only the dental arch but the jaw bone and TMJ can be more clearly observed.



“AGS” is only for the “Panorama” and “PanoramaPlus” modalities but cannot be used for the quadruple TMJ images or maxillary sinus images.

To make settings for the “AGS” filter, click the “Detailed filter setup” button:

WARNING

- “AGS” automatically improves the density for all regions. However, it may not be suitable for some cases such as observing differences in symmetry or inflammation over a wide area that can affect the maxillary sinus due to dental caries. In these cases, compare images before and after applying the “AGS” filter to arrive at an overall diagnosis.

■ Example: “AIE” Correction


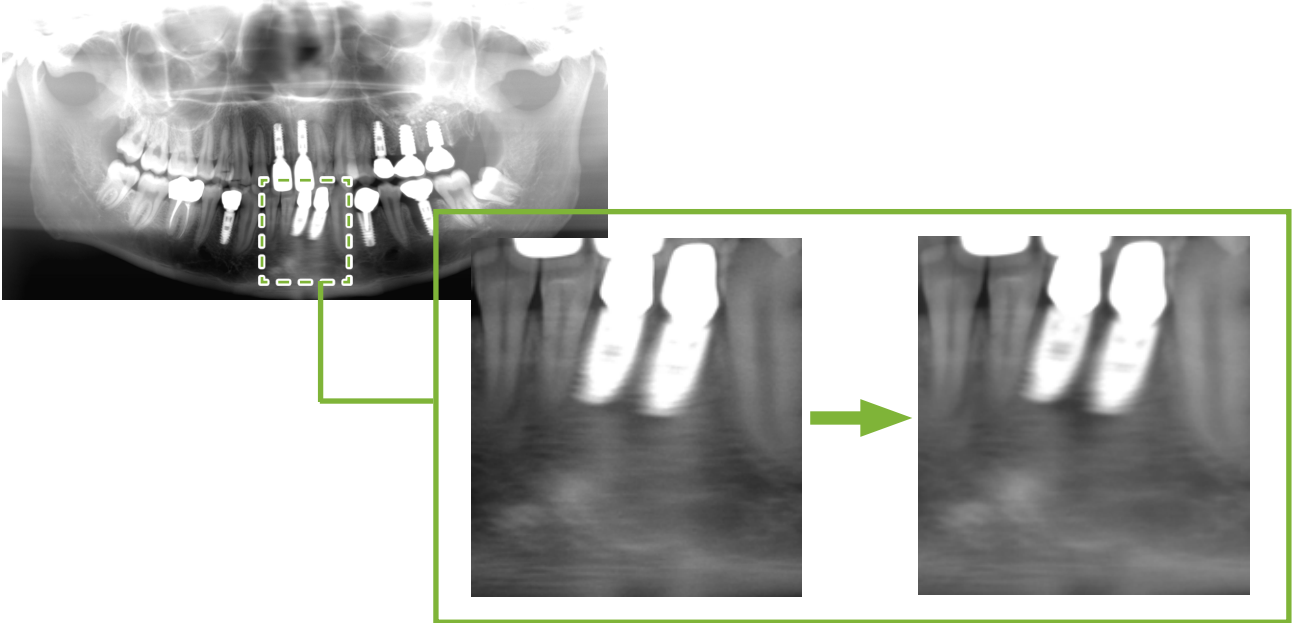

Click the “Apply AIE correction” button: 


Image quality is adjusted so the outlines are more prominent to better show the features of particular areas. This will reduce the shadows produced by vertebrae, the angle of the mandible etc.



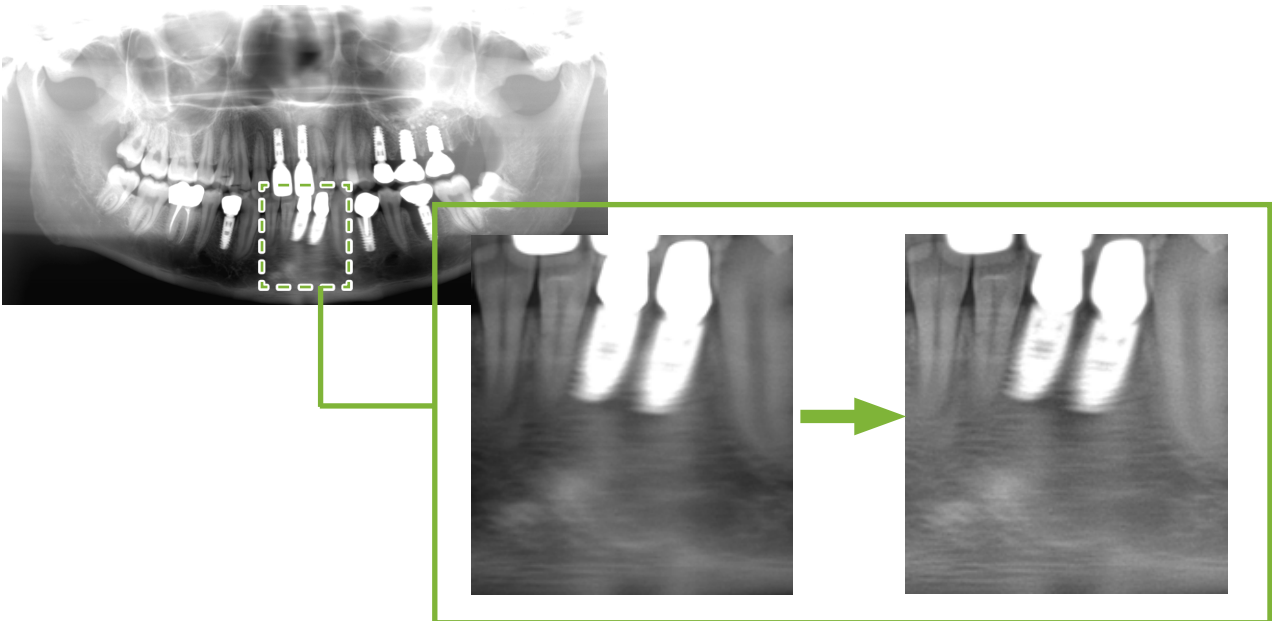
“AIE” correction can only be used for “Panorama”, “PanoramaPlus” and “Cephalo” modalities.

To make settings for the “AIE” correction, click the “Detailed filter setup” button: 


■ Example: “AIE HD” Correction

Click the “Apply AIE HD correction” button: 

In addition to the “AIE” correction adjustment, this will reduce the artifacts that appear near metal prosthetics.

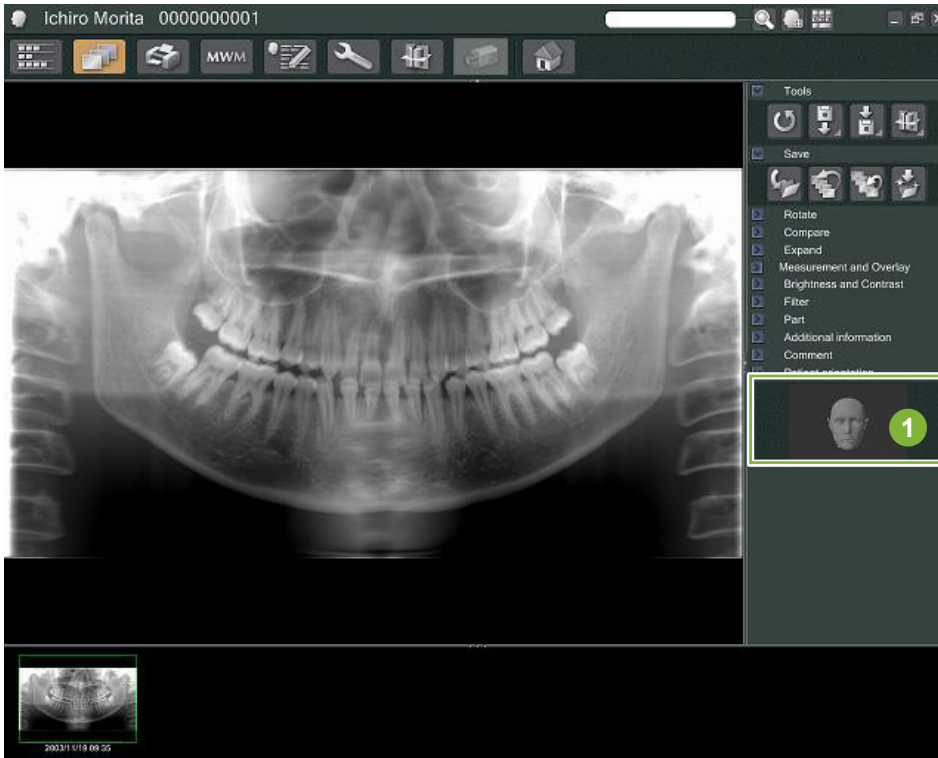


This can only be used for “Panorama” and “PanoramaPlus” modalities.

To make settings for the “AIE HD” correction, click the “Detailed filter setup” button: 

6.3 Patient's Orientation: Confirm the Patient's Orientation

You can confirm the direction of the patient whose 2D image is being displayed by confirming the human head model.



1 Patient orientation window (The human head model will be displayed)

In order to display the human head model, right-click in the patient orientation window. Select "New" to have the human head model displayed.



* You can change the direction of the human head model by dragging the human head model by the pointer.

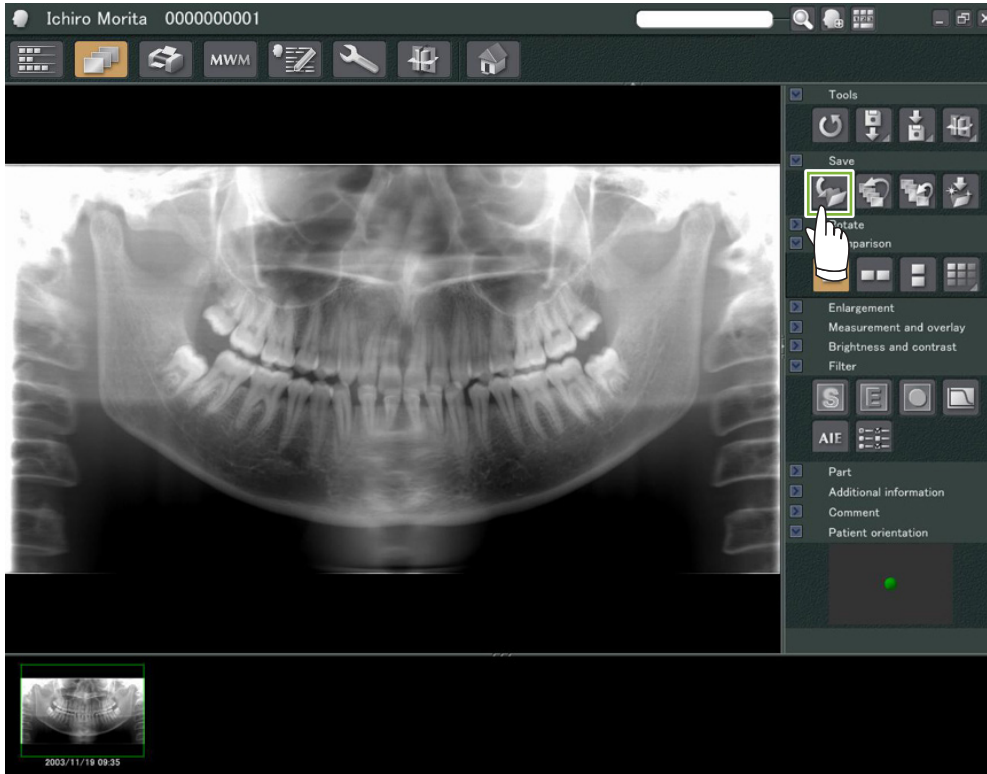


⚠ CAUTION

- Even if you click "OK" in the patient orientation window, the setting will not become effective unless you save the intended image.

6.4 Save Images

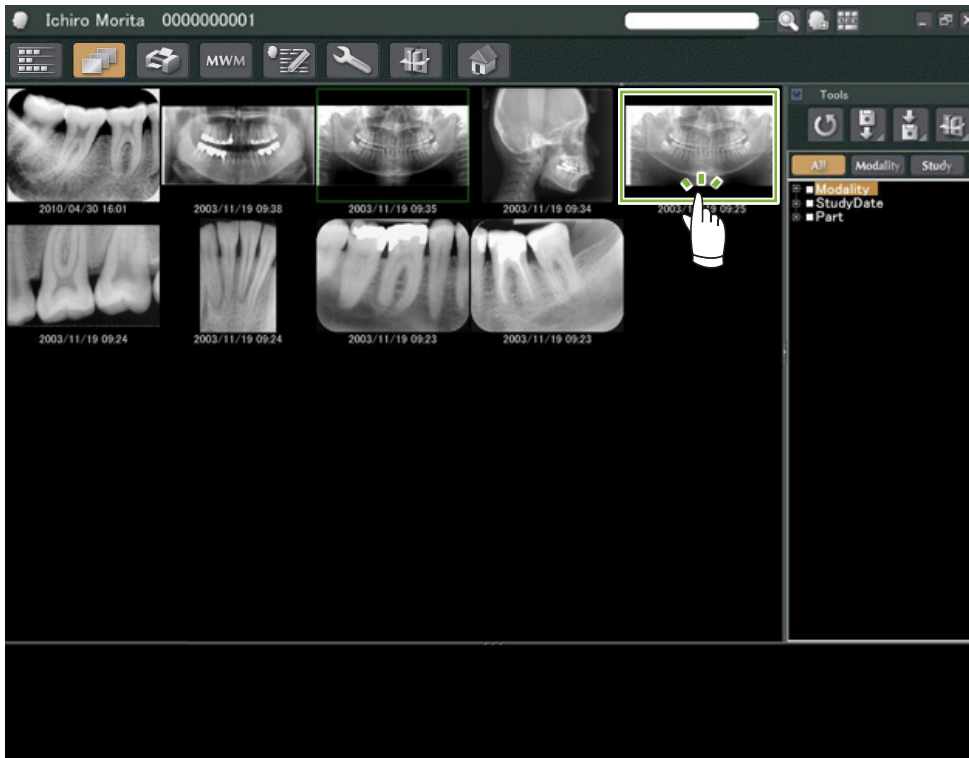
After completing image processing, click the “Save” button: 



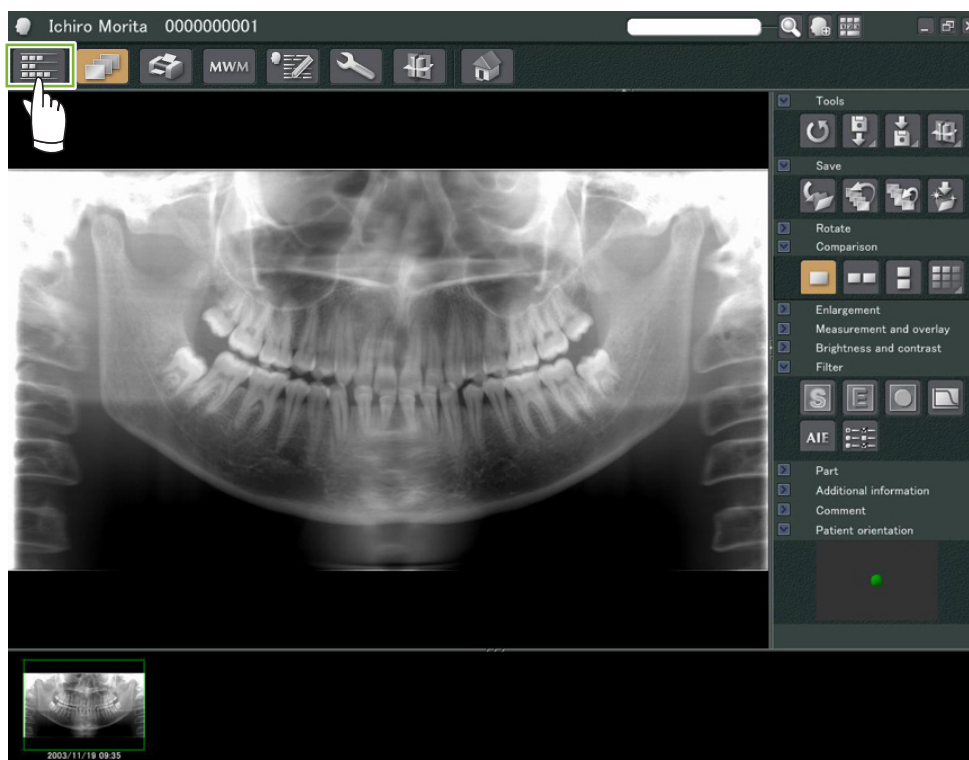
6.5 Compare Images

■ Example: Compare two images, one above the other.

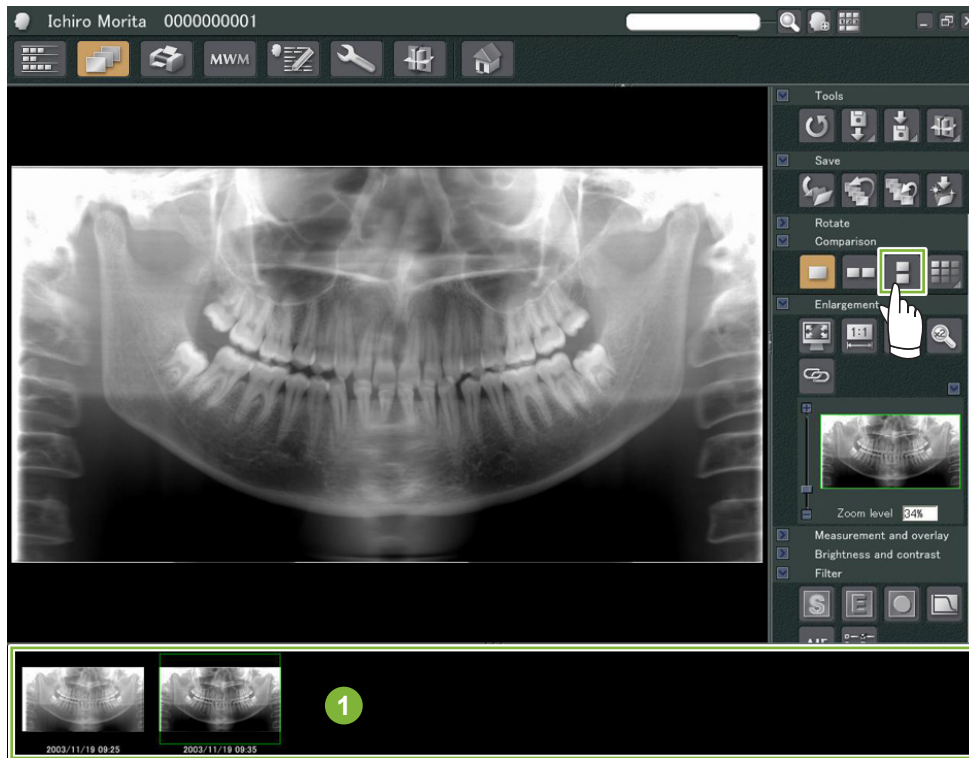
1 Double-click an image on the Image List.



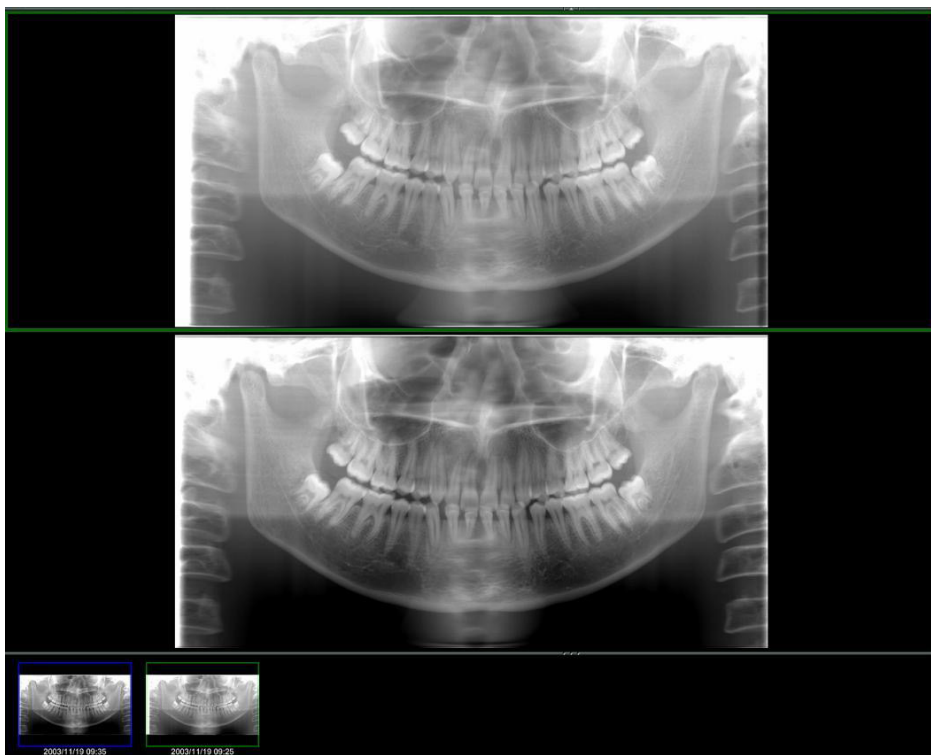
This will start up the “2D Viewer” and the image will be displayed. Now select another image from the Image List and do the same thing.



2 Check that both images appear in the Basket 1, and then click the “Tile Two Images Vertically” Button:

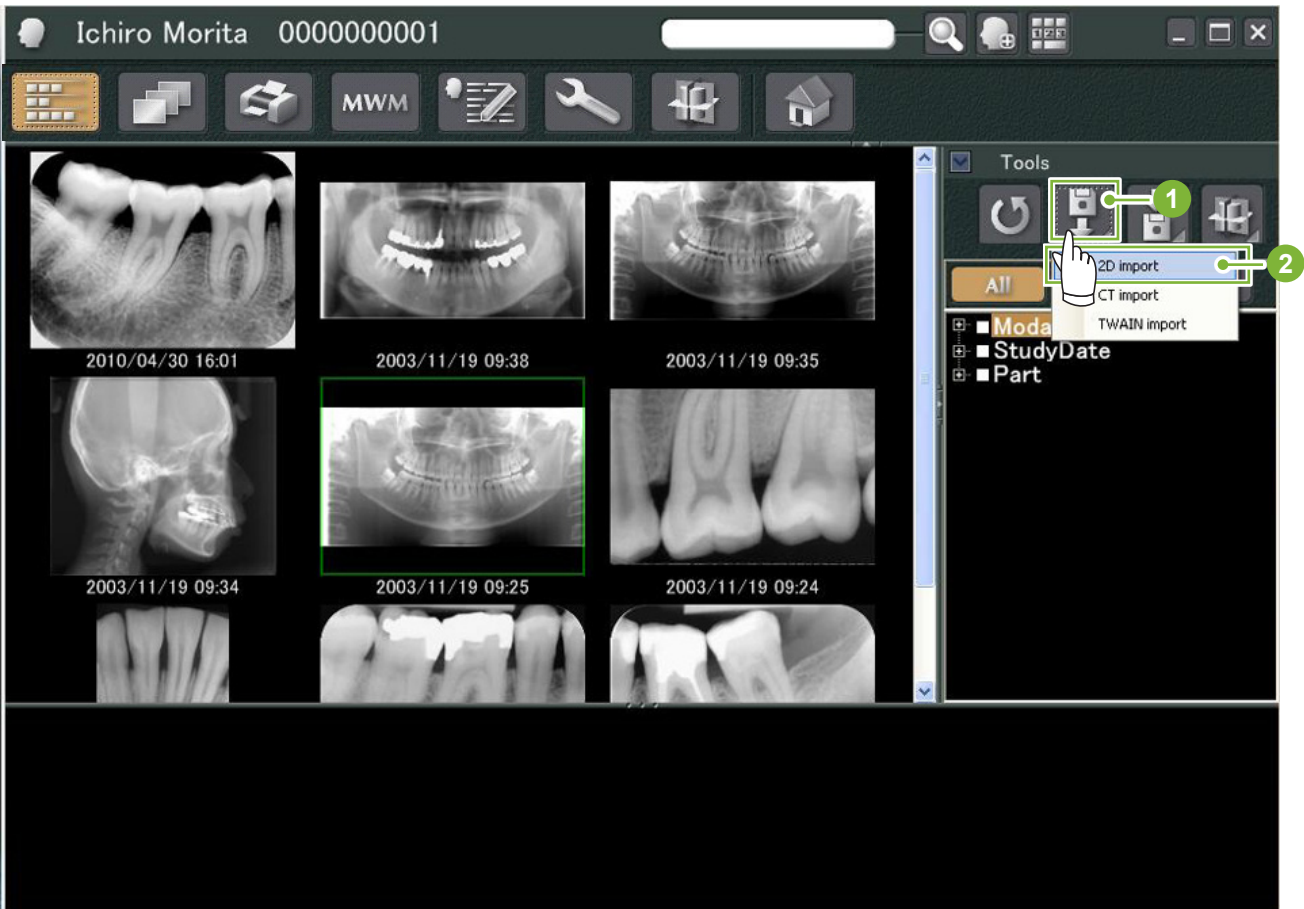


3 Two images displayed, one above the other.

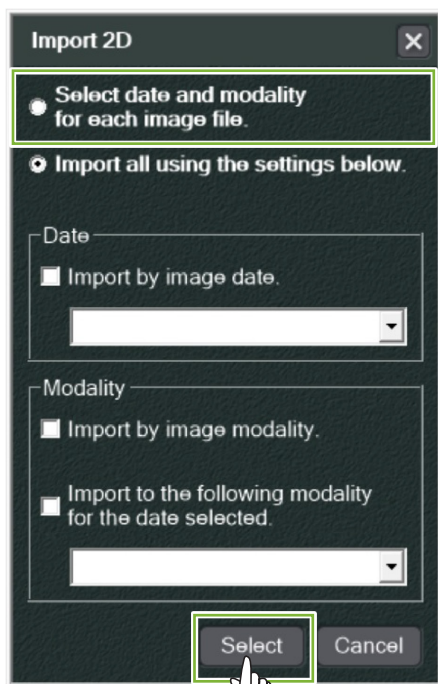


7 Import Images

- 1 Open the Patient Page to the Image List view. Click the “Import” button **1** and then select “2D Import” **2**.



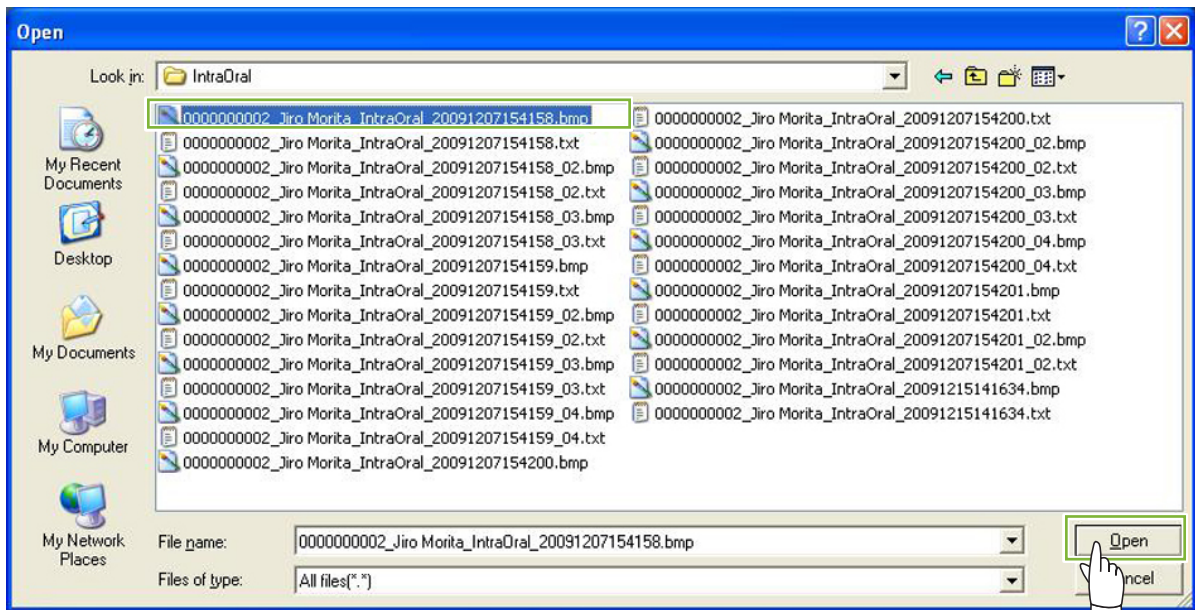
- 2 Select the radio button for “Select date and modality for each image file”, and then click “Select”.



3

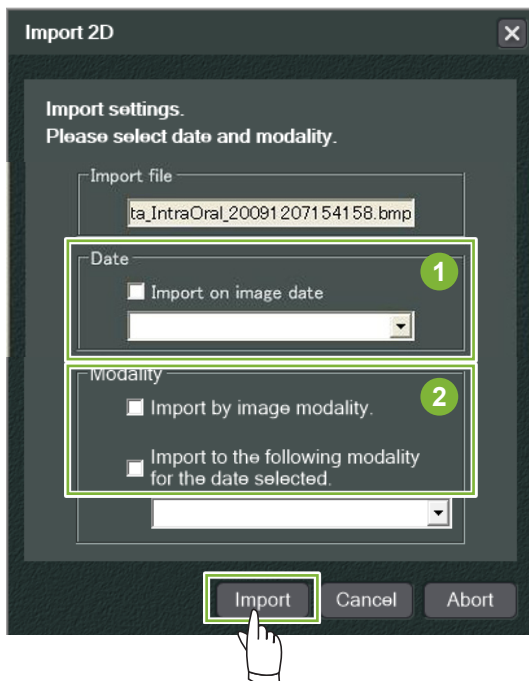
Select the image you wish to import from the list in the “Open” Window and then click “Open”.

* To select more than one image, hold down the Shift or Ctrl key and then click each of the images.



4

Enter the “Date” and “Modality” for the image in the dialogue box and then click “Import”.

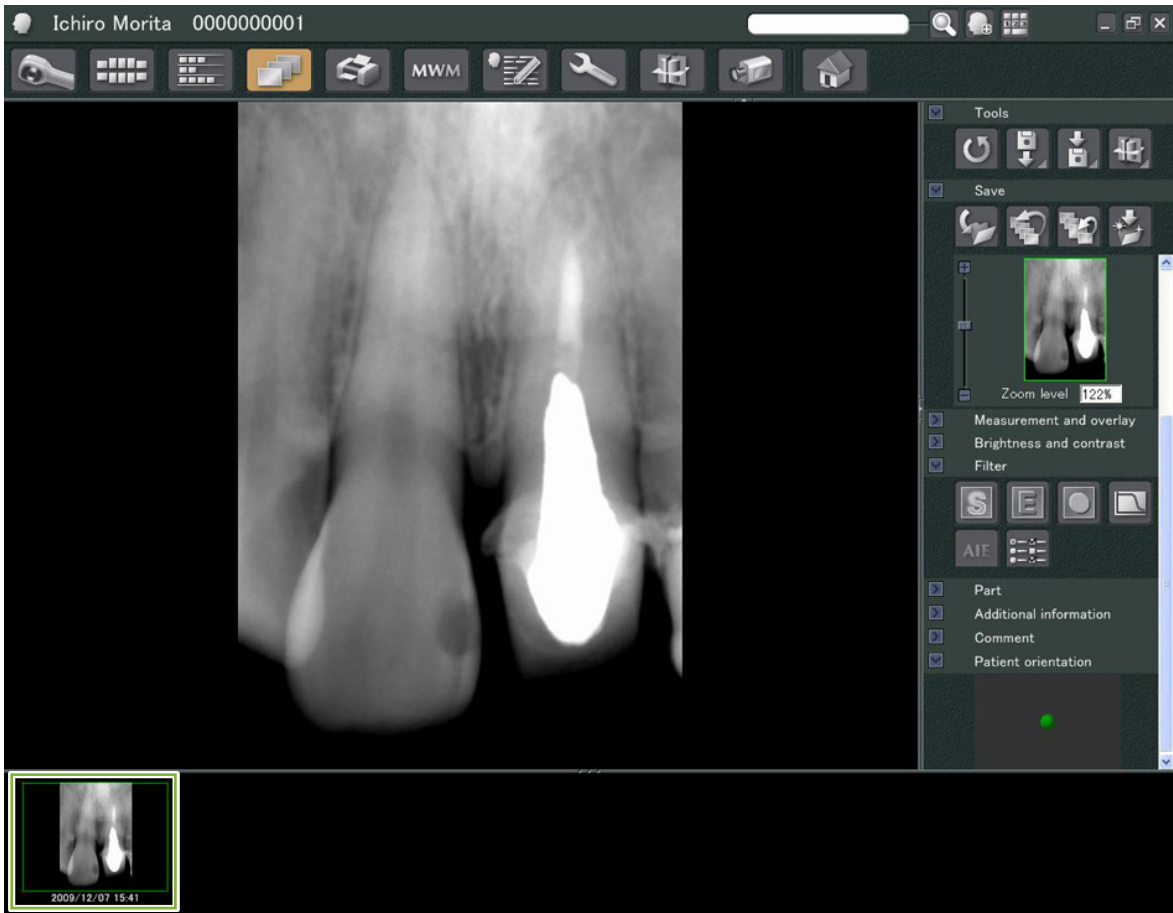


1 “Date” : Check the box for “Import on image date” or use the pull-down menu to select the date.

* This works only if the image is being exported by a computer that has the i-Dixel application.

2 “Modality” : Select from the pull-down menu.

- 5 The image will be displayed by the “2D Viewer” when the import process has been completed. (Its thumbnail will appear in the Basket.)

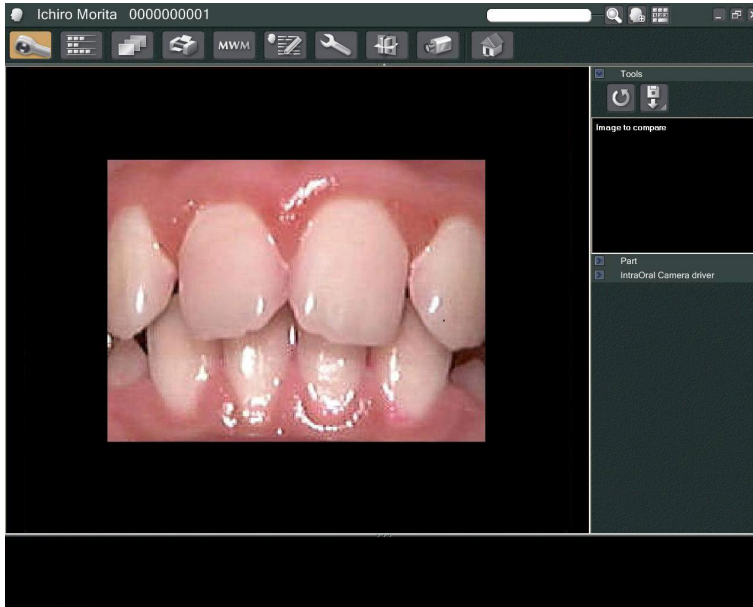


8 Intraoral Camera

8.1 Using the Intraoral Camera; “Penviewer”

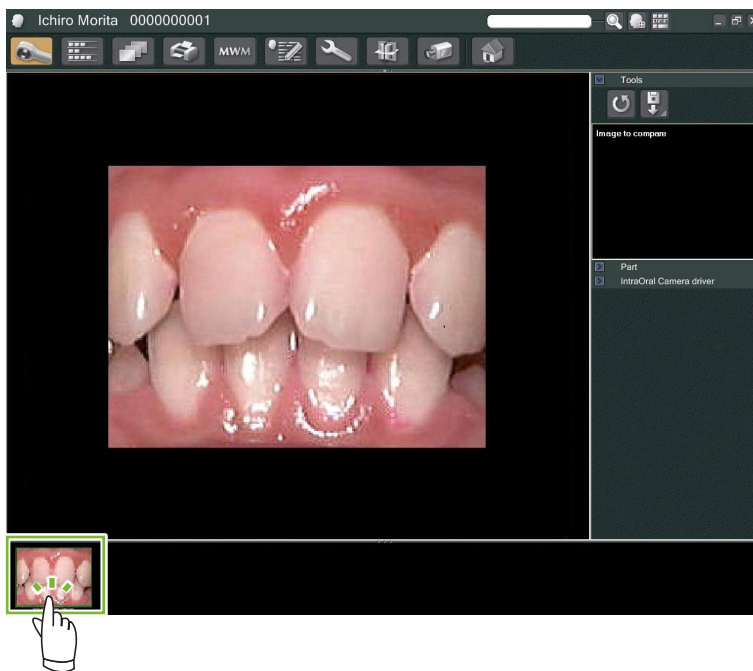
1 Open the Patient Page to the Image List view.

2 Turn on the “Penviewer” camera.



3 Watch the moving image in the display. To make a still image, press the “Freeze” button on the “Penviewer” camera. Now the still image will be displayed instead of the moving image.

4 To save the still image, press the “Freeze” button again. A thumbnail of the saved image will appear in the Basket.




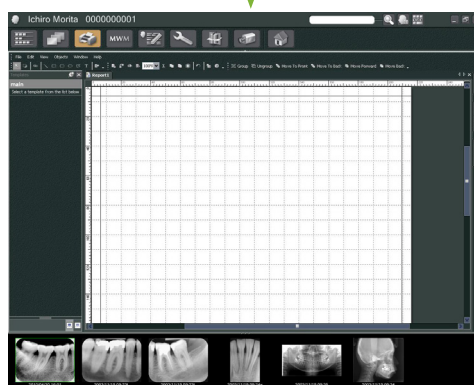
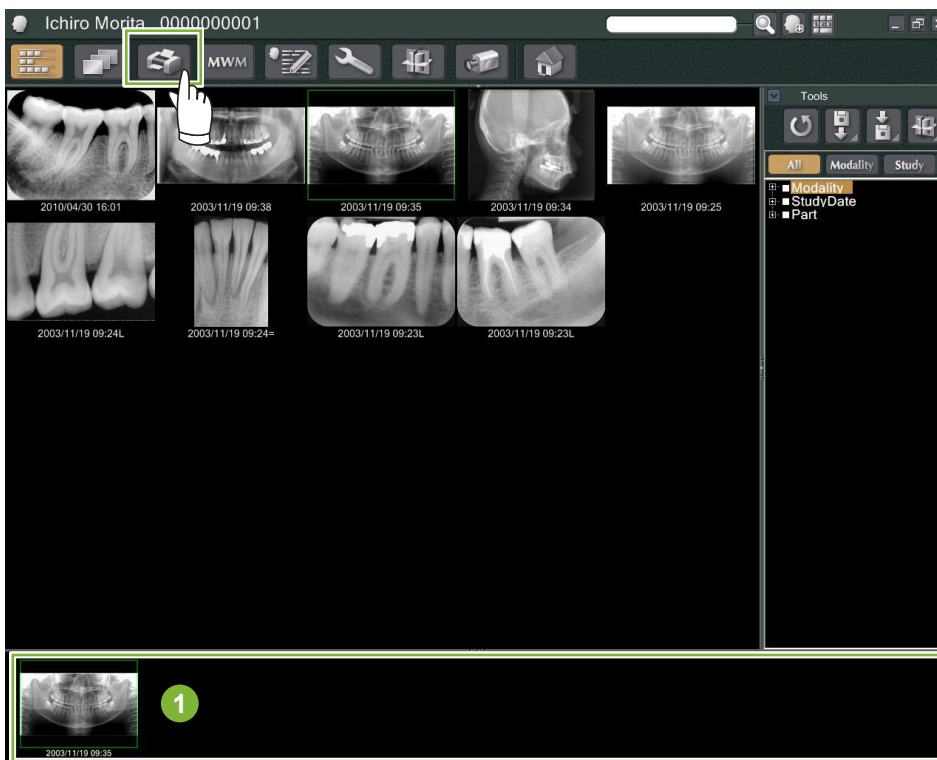
Double-click the thumbnail to display it with the “2D Viewer”.

9 “Print Center”


Use the “Print Center” to print patient information and images.

Start Up

- 1 Open the Patient Page to the Image List view, and put the images you wish to print in the Basket **1**.
- 2 Click the “Print Center” button:  The page used for printing will appear.



Shut Down

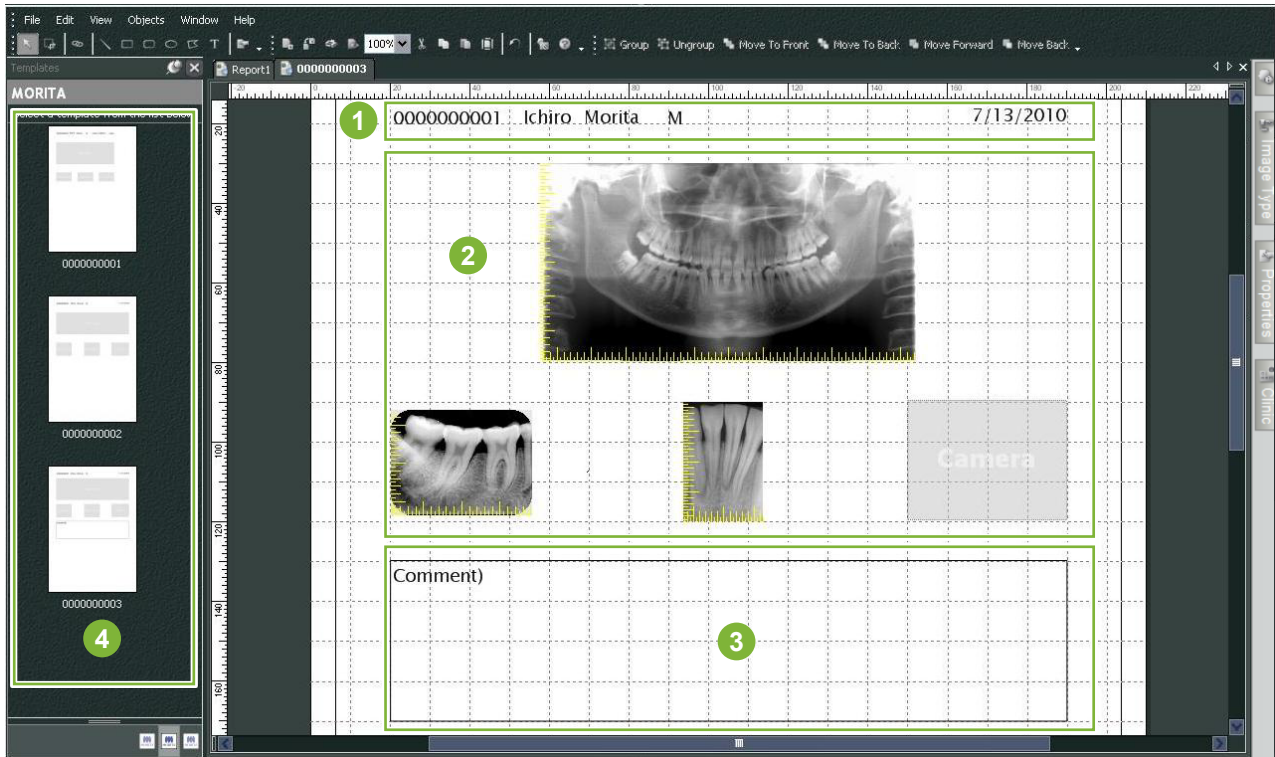
To shut down the “Print Center”, click the “Home” button:  This will take you back to the i-Dixel Home screen.



9.1 Templates for Printing

You can make your own templates for printing patient images and information.

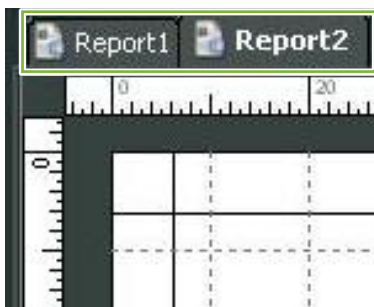
Templates can be set up using boxes for patient information, images, diagrams, and comments. Lines, circles, squares and other figures can also be added.



- 1 Patient object
- 2 Image type object
- 3 Other objects
- 4 Templates

9.2 Create a Template

From among the menu, select; "File" – "New", and once the "Report2" tab is added to the upper part of the object display window, you will be able to create a new template.



* You can make the template appear bigger or smaller by using the "Zoom" in the "View".

9.3 Arranging Boxes on the Template

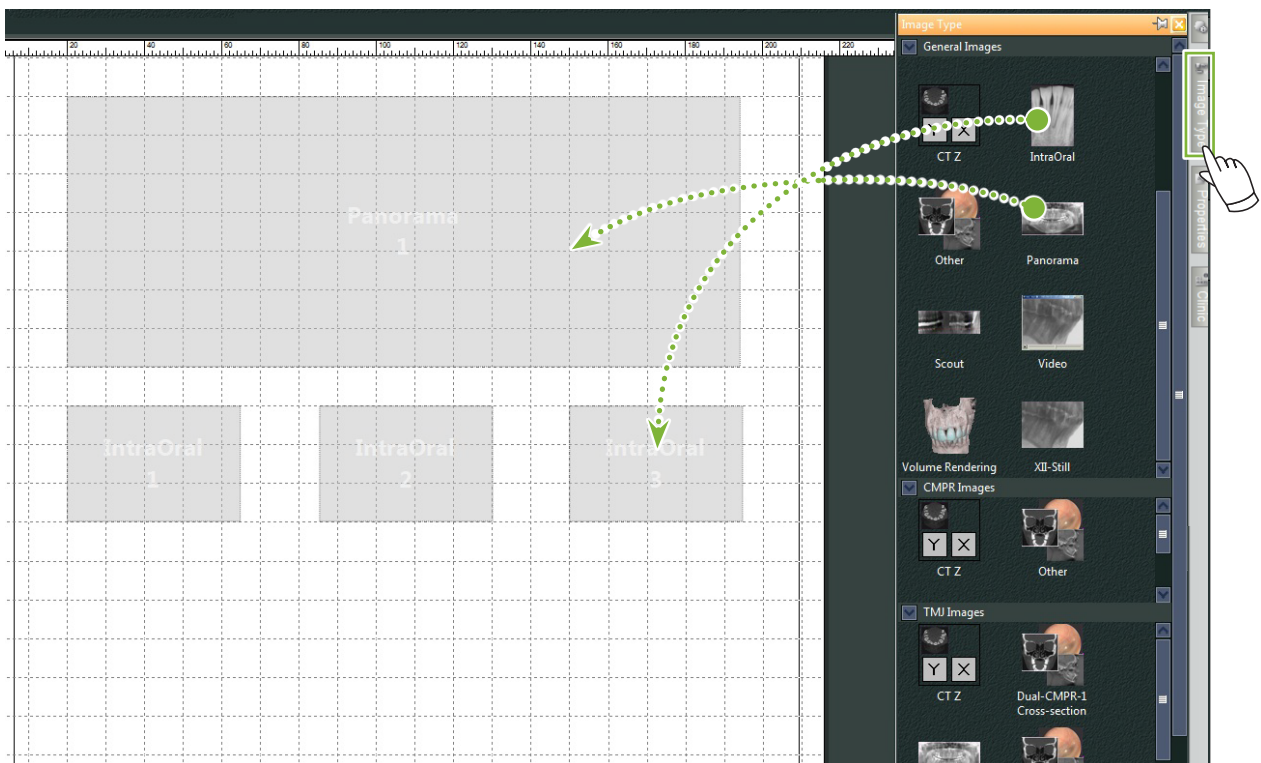
9.3.1 Image, Patient, and Clinic Object Boxes

Arrange boxes for images on the template.

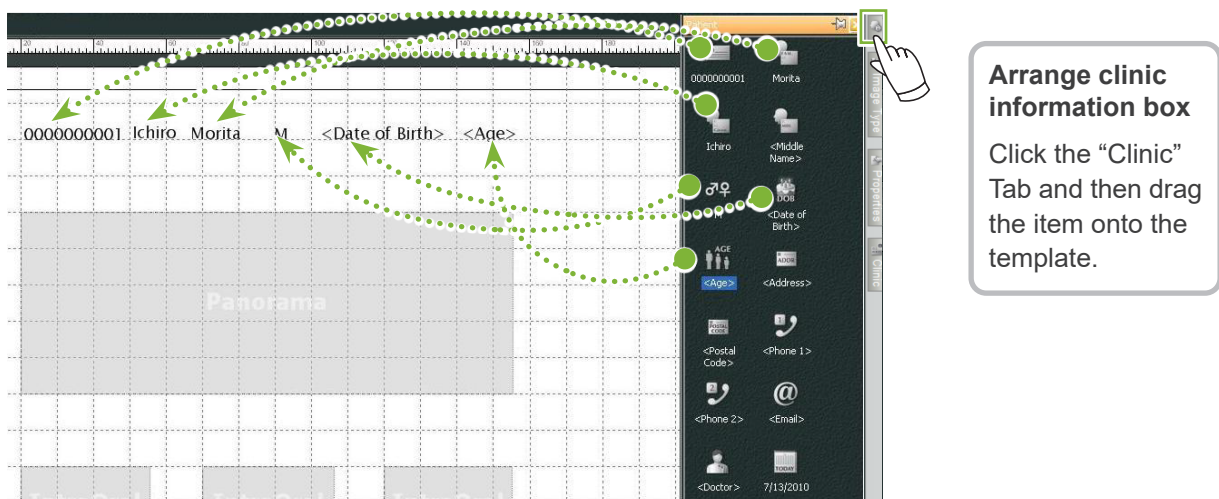
Images will conform to the size and location of the boxes when they are put in the template.

1 Click the “Image Type” tab and then select the boxes for various types of images.

2 Drag the image type icon onto the template to make a box for that type of image. You can change the sizes and locations of the boxes.



3 Drag the boxes for various types of patient information onto the template. Click the “Patient” Tab and then drag the desired items onto the template.



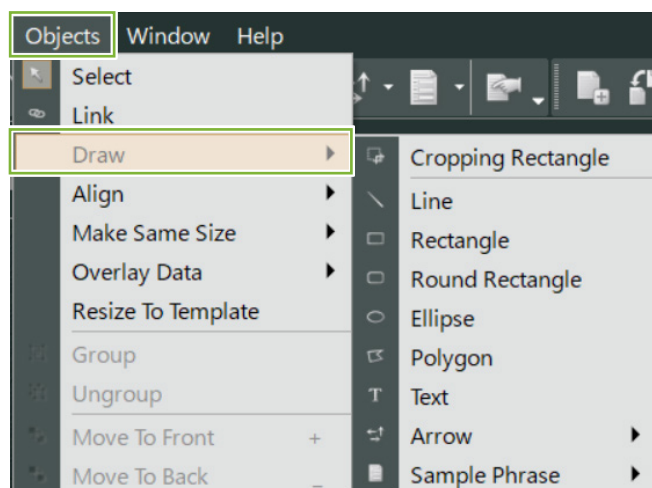
Arrange clinic information box

Click the “Clinic” Tab and then drag the item onto the template.

9.3.2 Arrange Text Boxes & Draw Lines and Shapes

There are various tools for drawing lines and shapes and adding text to the template.

Go to the “Objects” menu and select “Draw” or click on one of the tools on the Draw Tool Bar. Then put the line, shape or text box on the template.



• Draw Tool Bar



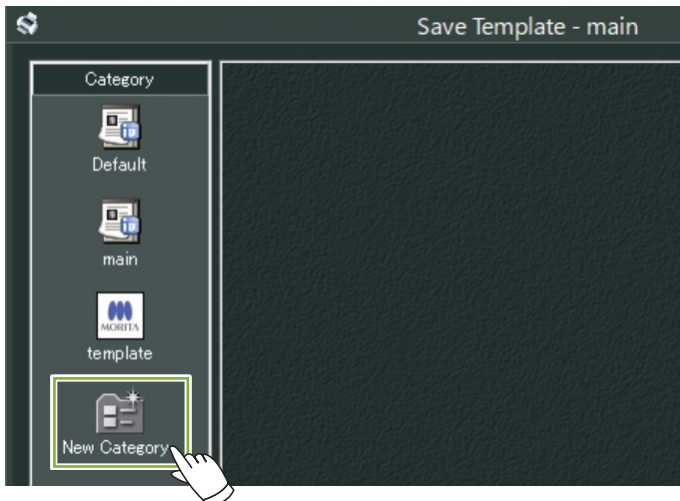
9.4 Save Template

You can save the template to use again as many times as you please.

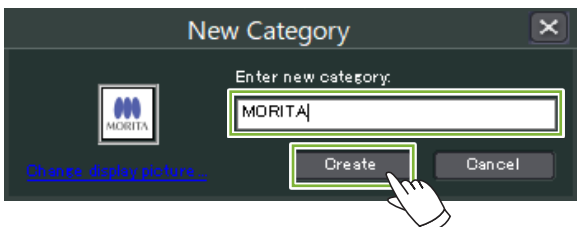
You can save templates by category.

1 Open the “File” menu and select “Save As Template”.

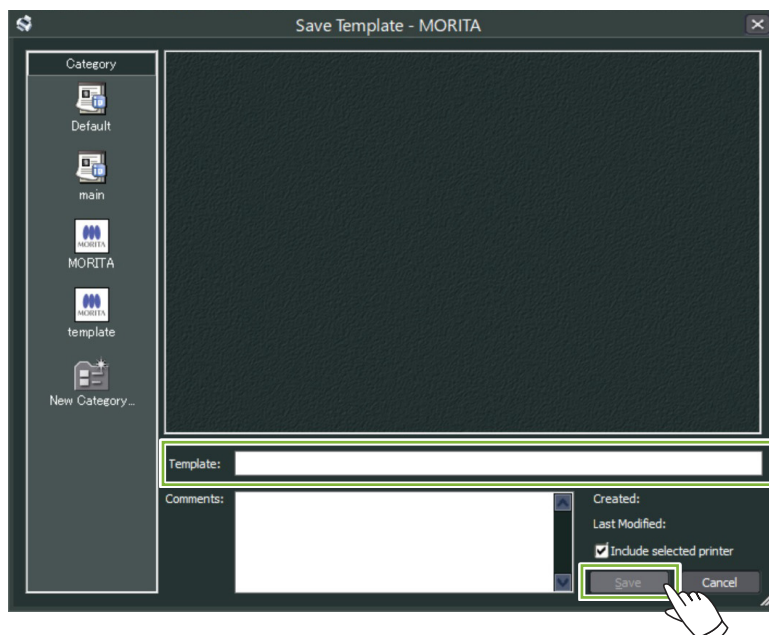
2 Either make a new category or select one of the categories that already exist. To make a new category, click “New Category” and enter a name for it.



* When you click “New Category” the dialogue box shown below will appear. Enter a name for the new category and then click “Create”.

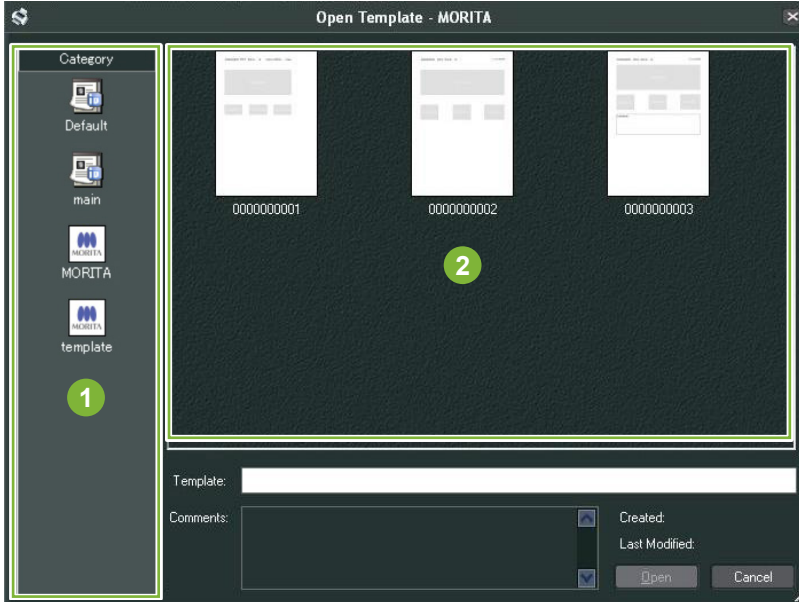


3 A dialogue box for saving the template will appear. Enter a name for the template and then click “Save”.





9.5 Putting Images on a Template

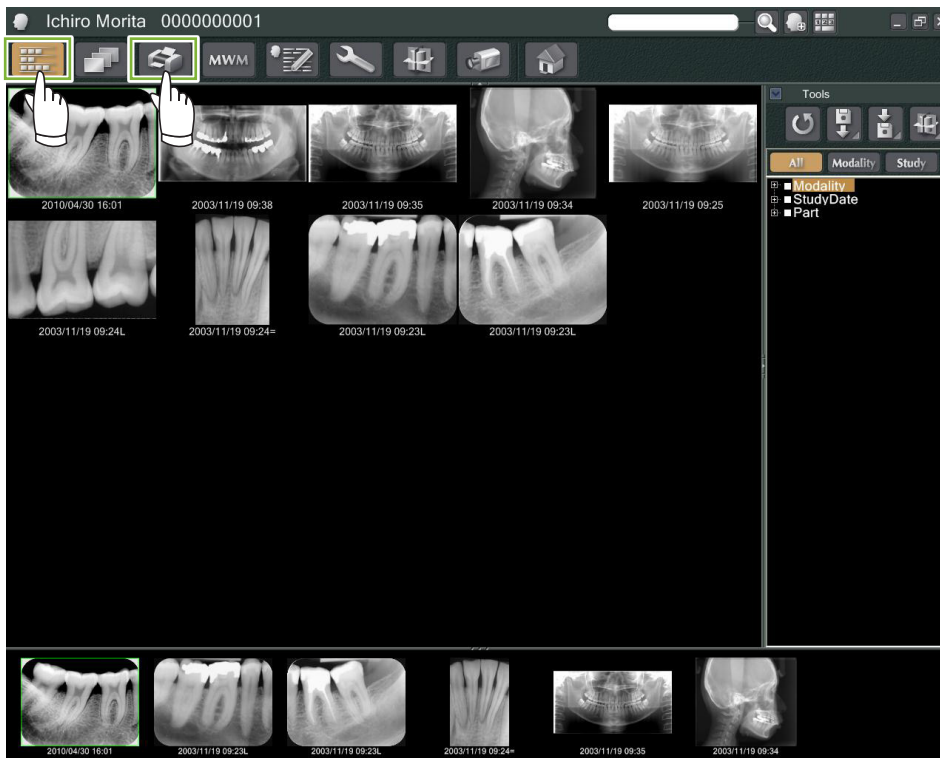
- 1 Open the “File” menu and click “Open Template”.
Select a template from one of the categories and double-click it.



- 1 Categories
- 2 Template List

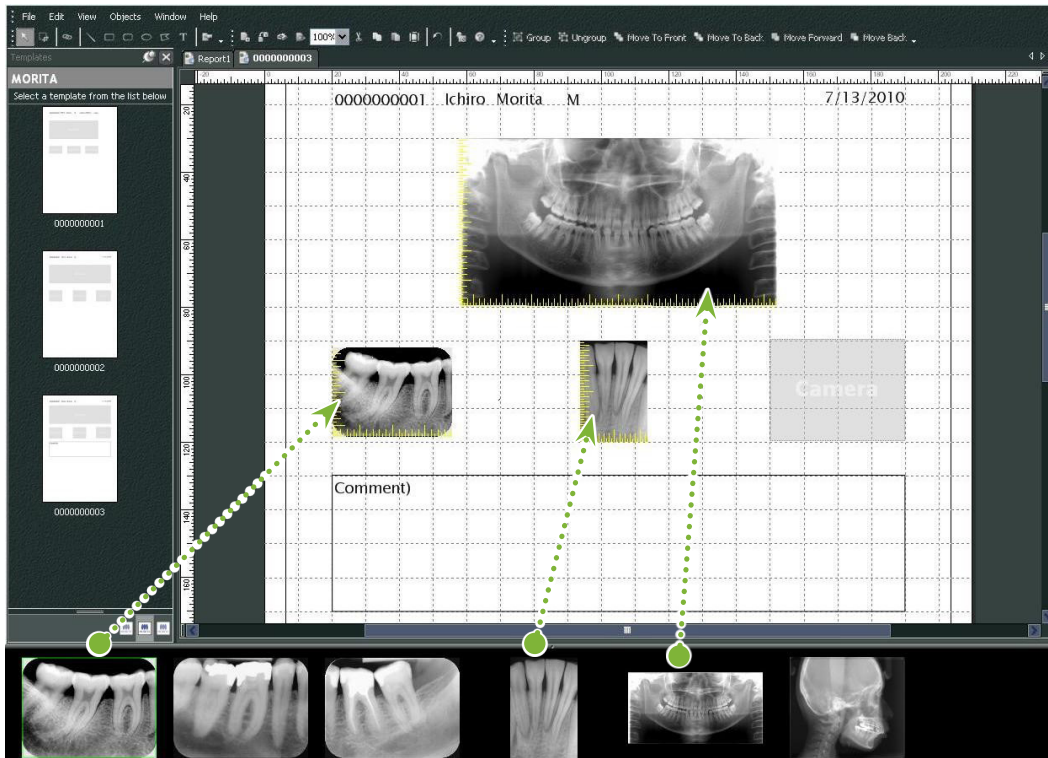
- 2 Click the “Image List” button: 
Click the images on the list you wish to put in the template. They will go into the Basket.

- 3 Click the “Print Center” button: 
This will take you back to the “Print Center”.



4

Drag the images from the basket to the boxes for them on the template.
(The sizes of the images will match the sizes of the boxes.)



- * If you wish to change the size of an image back to its original size after putting in a box with a different size, right-click the image and select "Reset Size".
- * To put images in their boxes without changing their size, open the "Object" menu and uncheck the item, "Change Size to Match Template".

9.6 Print

1 Select and Set Printer

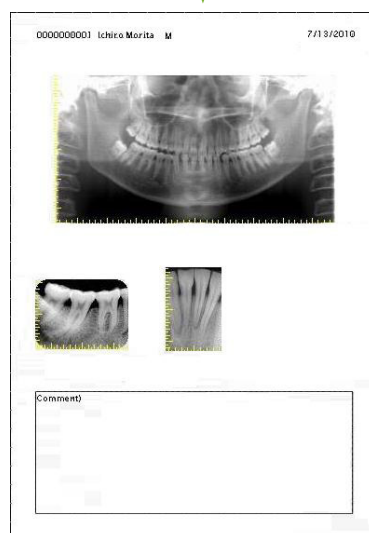
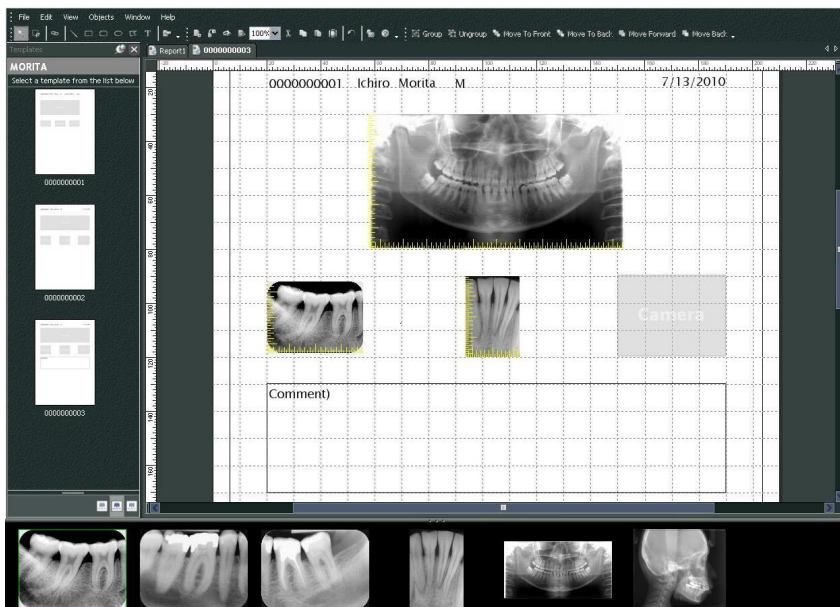
Open the “File” menu and select “Page Set Up”.
Select the printer to be used and set the size and orientation of the page.

2 Check the “Print Preview”

Open the “File” menu and select “Print Preview” or click the “Print Preview” button on the tool bar. Then check the preview display.

3 Print

Open the file menu and select “Print”.



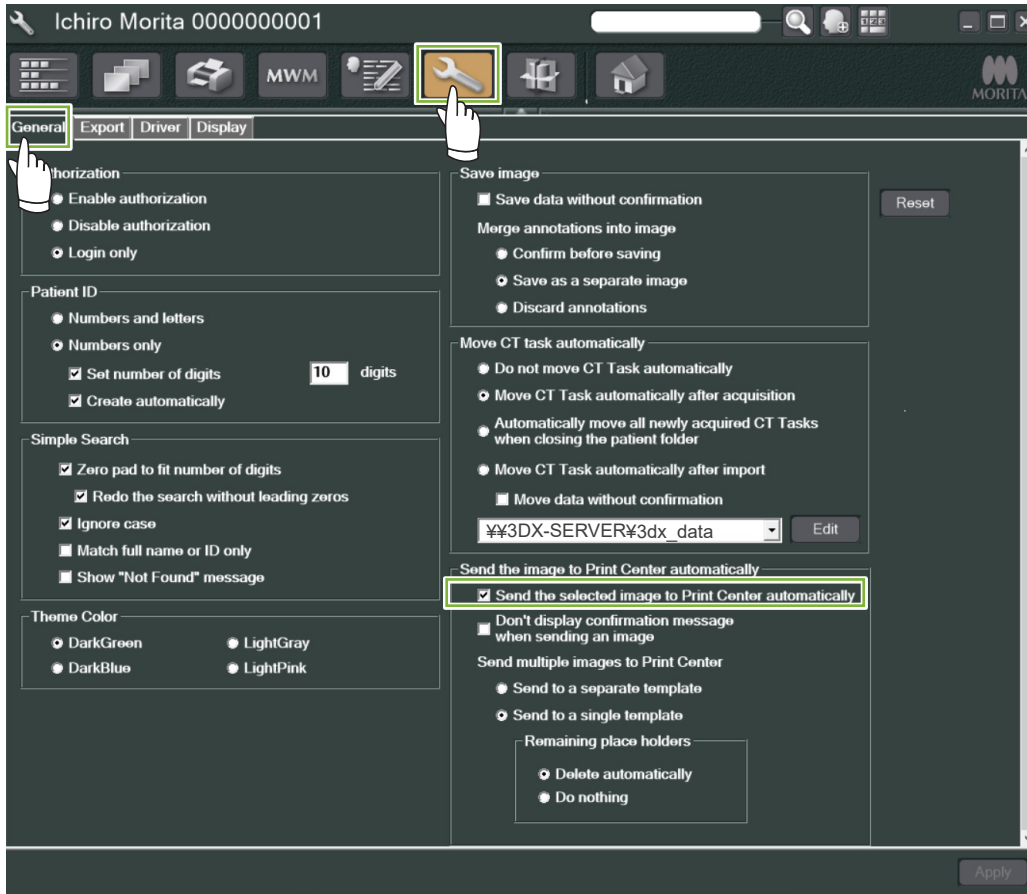
Quick Print

Annotations are automatically created and printed when you select the images and template for printing.

* When different image modalities are selected for printing, separate annotations are created for each modality.

* Enable the quick print function by clicking the “Setting window” button: 

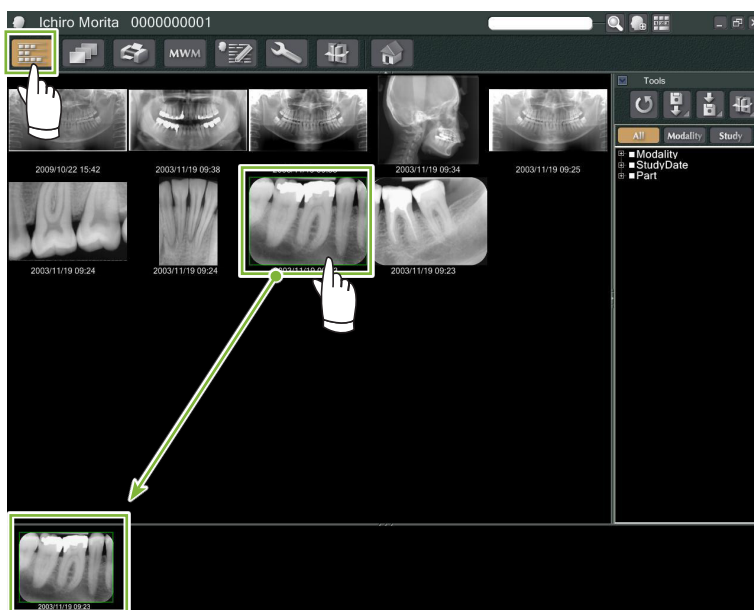
Then click the “General” tab and check the print settings in the lower right part of the display.



• Example: Print an Intraoral Image

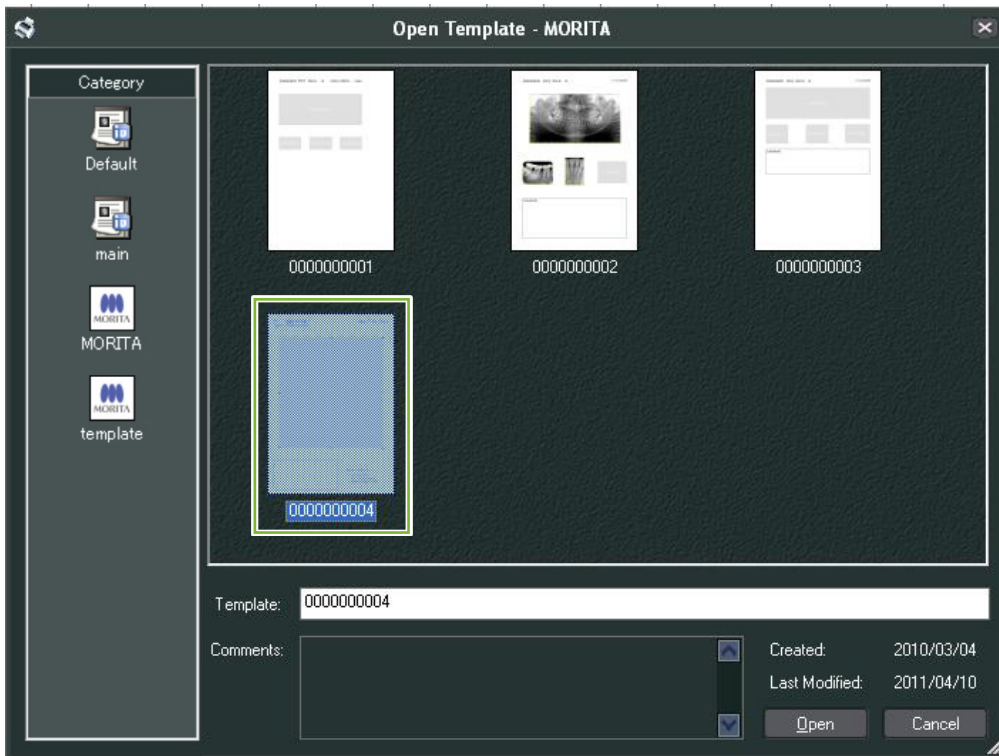
1 Click the “Image List” button: 

Then click one of the Intraoral images to put it in the Basket.

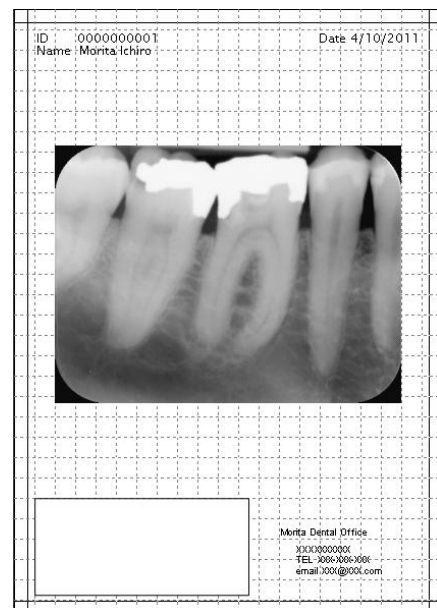
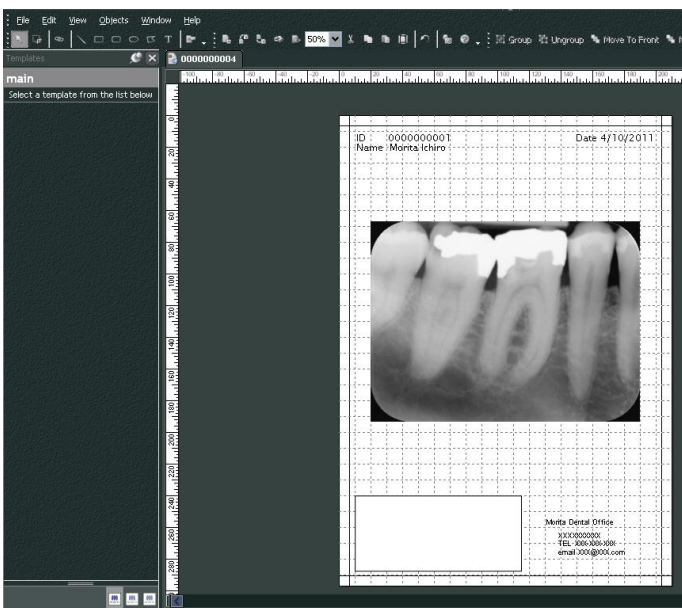


2 Click the “Print Center” button: 

3 Select the template to create the annotations.



4 Annotations will be created automatically. Open the “File” menu and select “Print”.



* Even when the annotations are created automatically, you can still make printer settings and see the print preview.


9.7 Save Image with Annotations Document

Images with annotations can be saved as image files and displayed with the “2D Viewer”.

9.7.1 Save as Document

After making the document, open the “File” menu and select “Save to Database”.

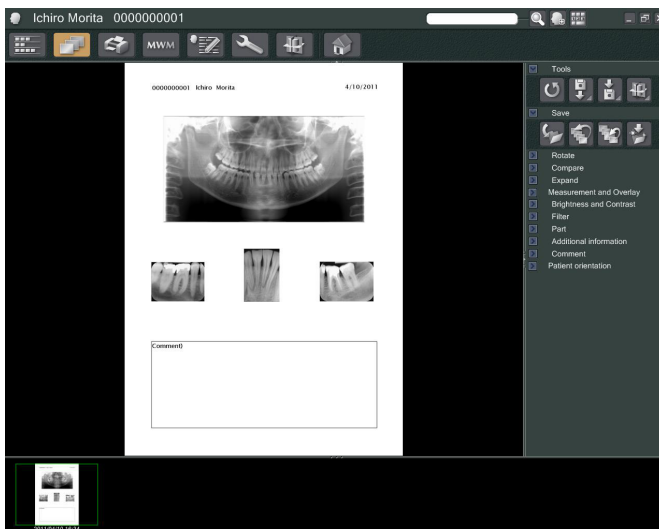
9.7.2 Retrieve a Saved Document

- 1 Click the “Image List” button: 
A thumbnail of the saved document will appear in the Image List.



- 2 Double-click the thumbnail to display it with the “2D Viewer”.

- 3 Saved document is displayed.



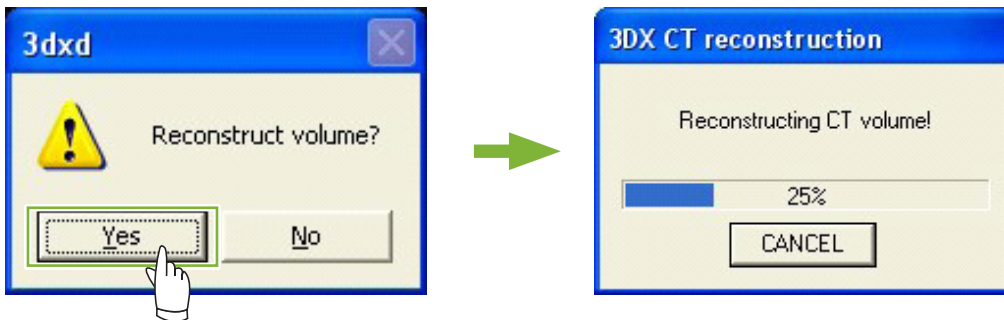
* You can perform the same image processing operations as for a regular 2D image.

10 Acquire CT Image

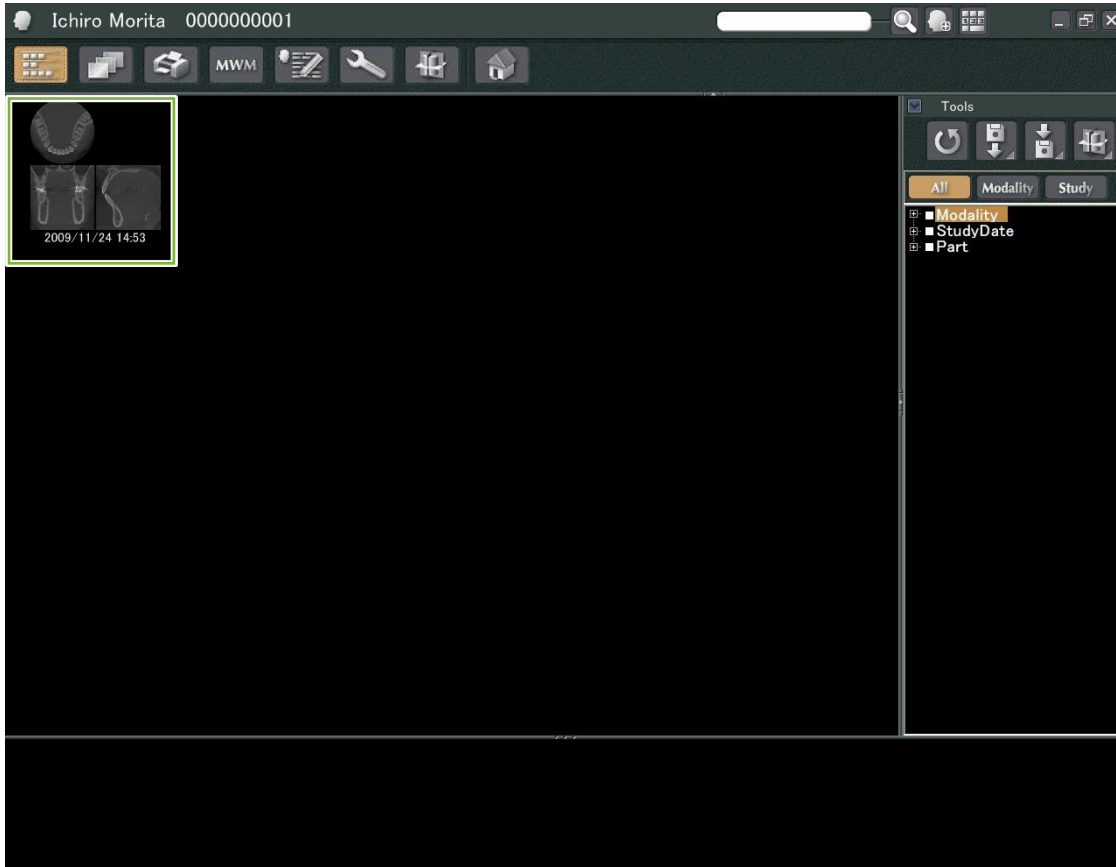
10.1 Read-in the CT exposure

- 1 Open the Patient Page to the Image List view, and then make the exposure. The exposure will be automatically transmitted to the i-Dixel application.
* Refer to the Instructions for Use of the X-ray unit for how to make various types of exposures.

- 2 After the exposure data has been transmitted to the i-Dixel application, the dialogue box shown below will appear. Click “Yes” to reconstruct the image.




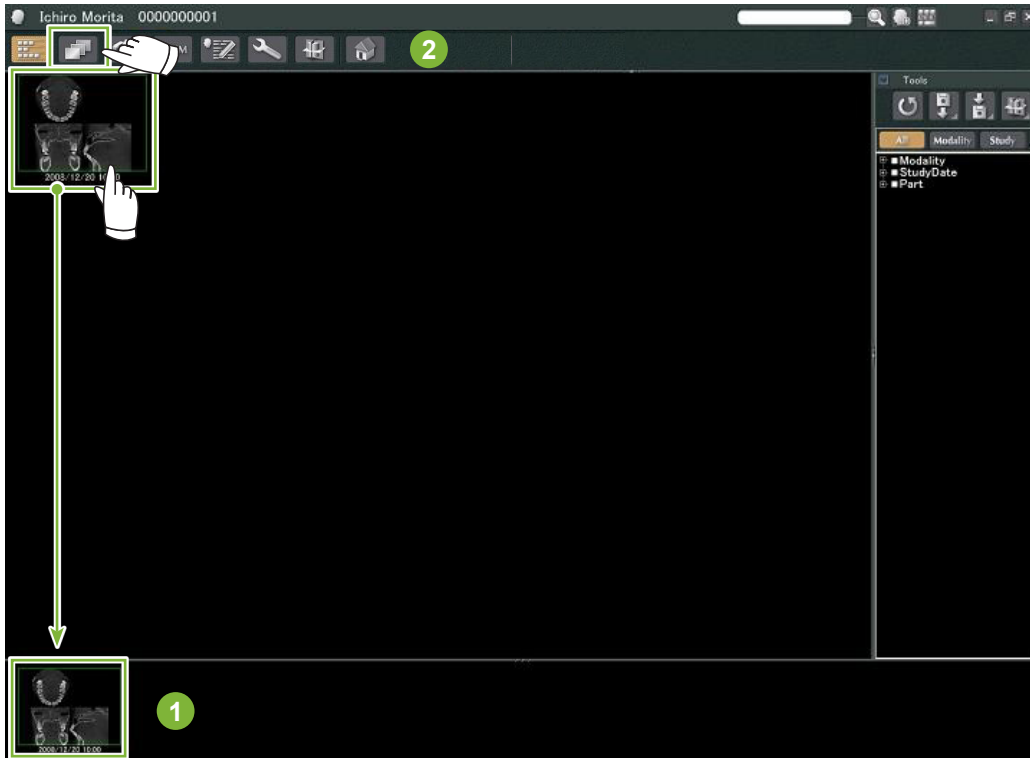
- 3 A thumbnail for the CT data will appear in the Image List. (You may use the “2D Viewer” or the “3D Viewer” for image viewing and processing.)



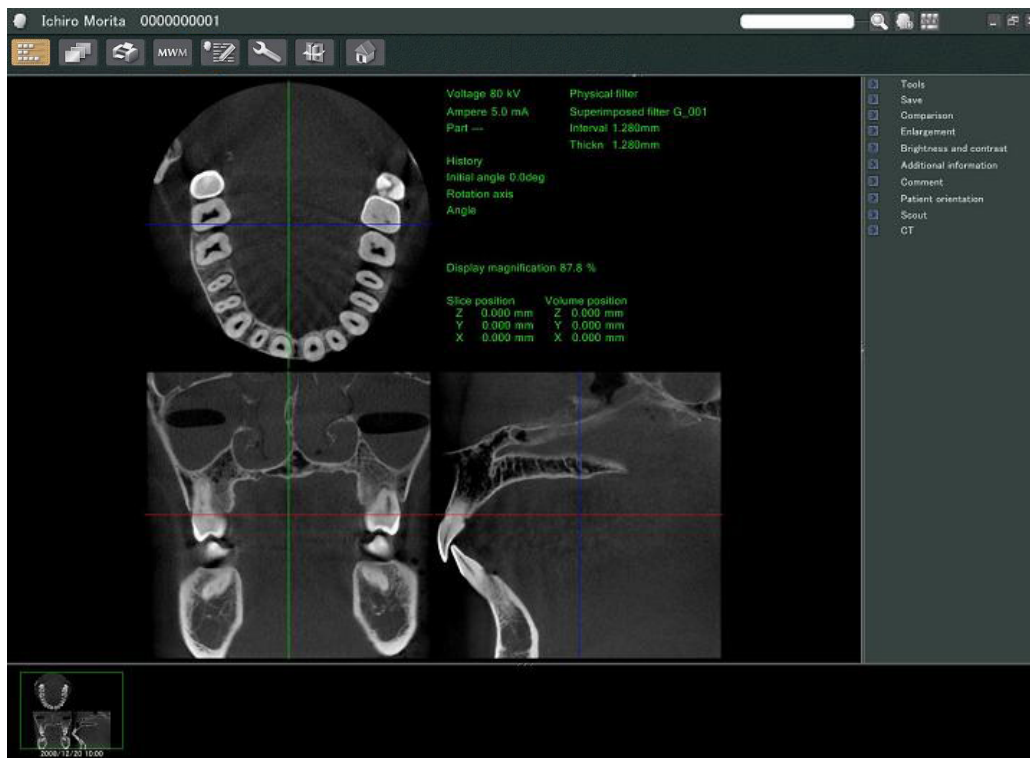
11 Display the Image

11.1 With the “2D Viewer”

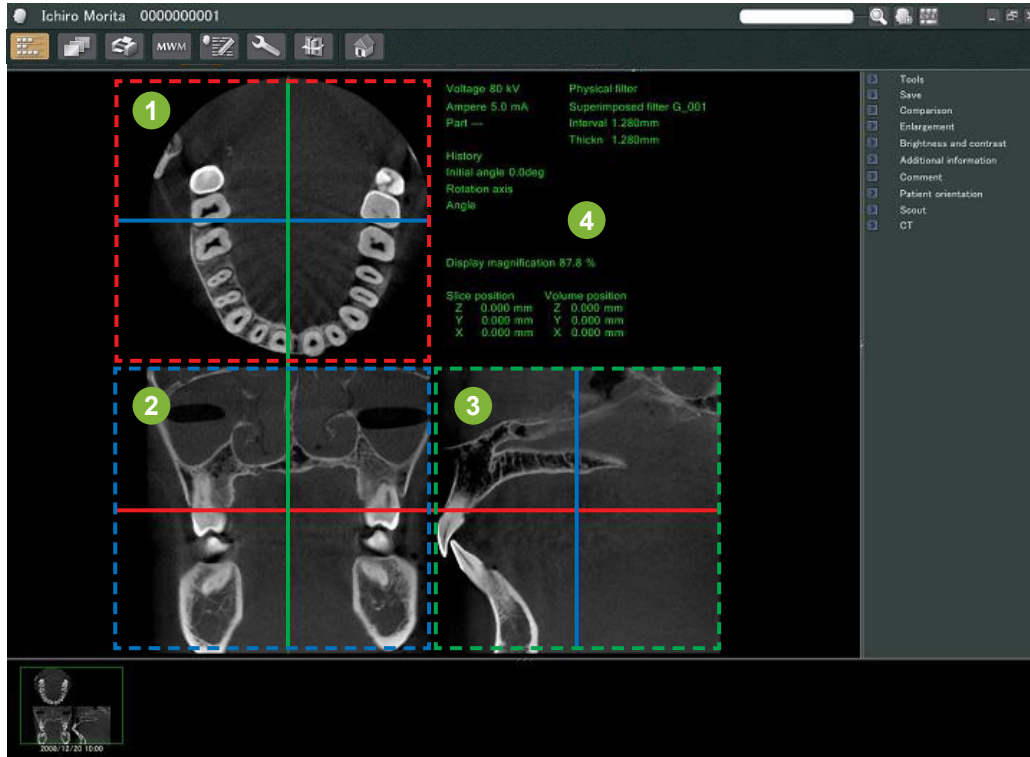
- 1 Select the CT thumbnail in the Image List. A thumbnail for it will appear in the Basket **1**. Go to the Navigation Bar **2** and click the “2D Viewer” button: 



- 2 The “X”, “Y”, and “Z” slices will be displayed by the “2D Viewer”.



● “2D Viewer” Features

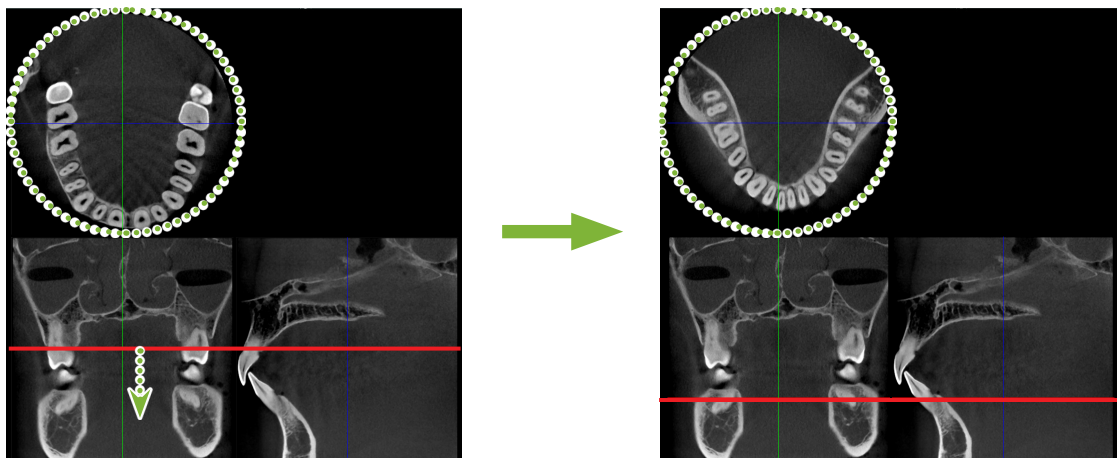


- 1 “Z” Slice
- 2 “Y” Slice
- 3 “X” Slice
- 4 Attribute Information

	: “X” Cursor Line
	: “Y” Cursor Line
	: “Z” Cursor Line


Move the cursor lines for the “X”, “Y”, and “Z” slices vertically or horizontally to display the corresponding slices.

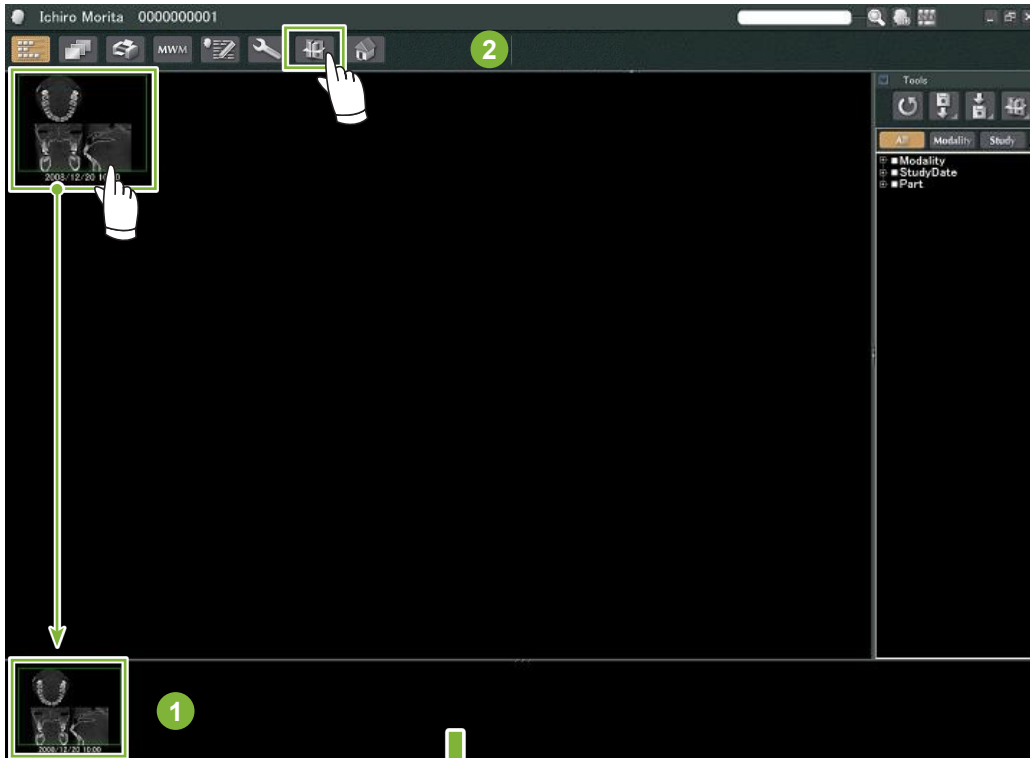
Example: Moving the “Z” Cursor down changes the “Z” slice image as shown below.



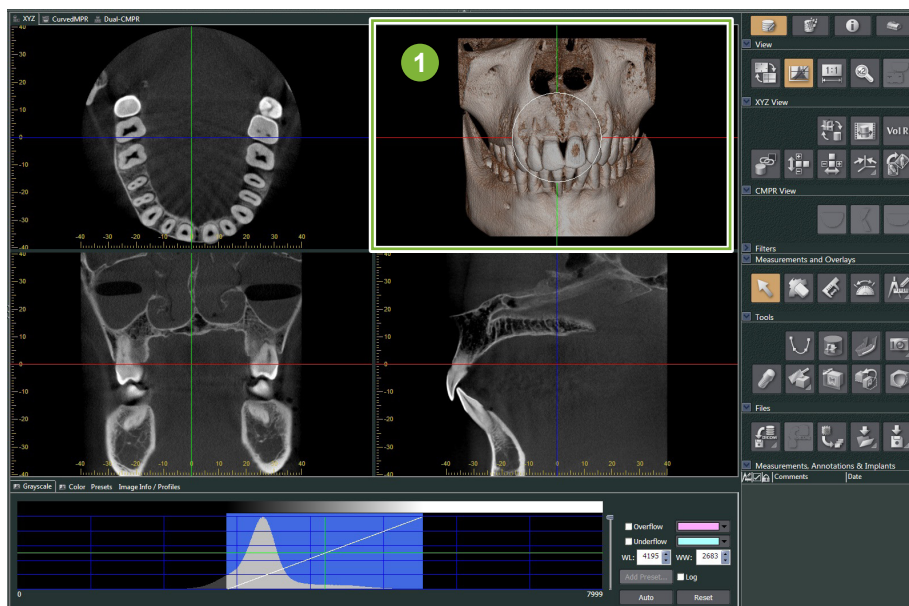
* Changes made to CT slices can be saved in the same way as for 2D images

11.2 With the “3D Viewer”

- 1 Select the CT thumbnail in the Image List. A thumbnail for it will appear in the Basket **1**. Go to the Navigation Bar **2** and click the “3D Viewer” button: 

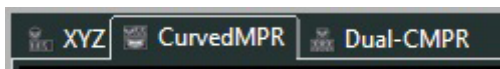


- 2 The “3D Viewer” will display the “X”, “Y”, and “Z” slices and a volume rendered image.



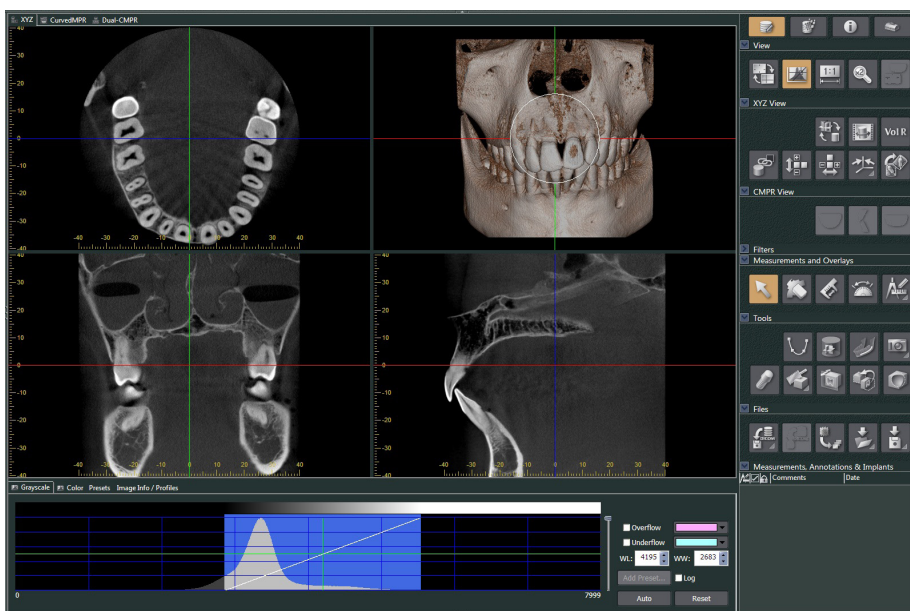
- 1** Volume Rendered Image

In the “3D Viewer” screen, you can show the data in “XYZ”, “CurvedMPR”, or “Dual-CMPR” Views. You can switch the views by selecting the corresponding tabs as shown.



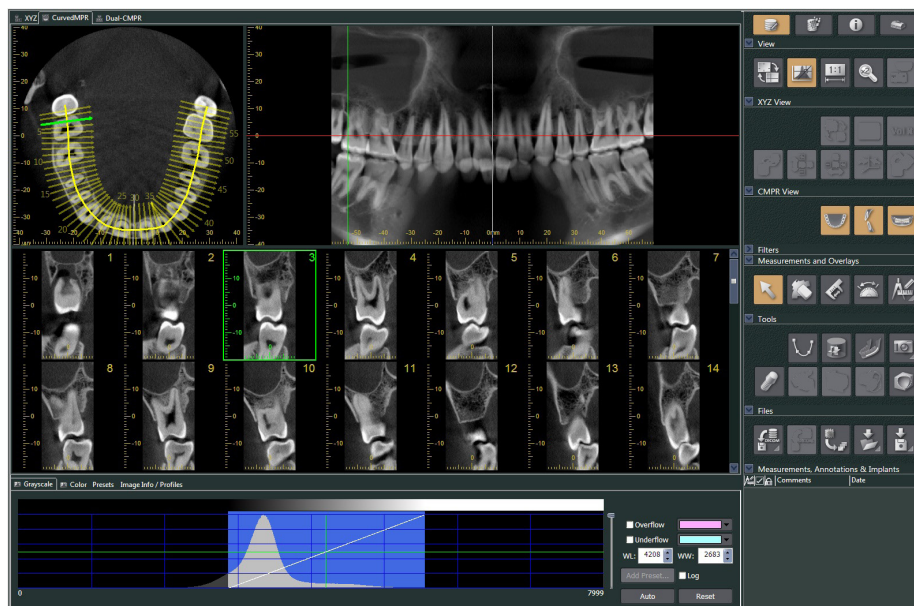
● “XYZ” View

For viewing and processing slice images and the volume rendered image.



● “CurvedMPR” View

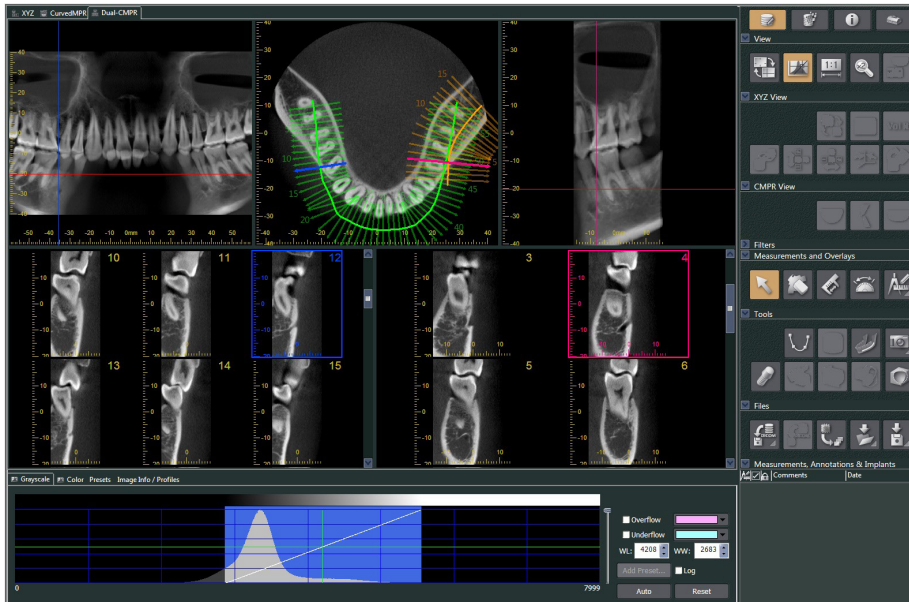
For creating and processing a panoramic image and cross sections



- **“Dual-CMPR” View**

In the “Dual-CMPR” View, you can add a pair of images (panoramic image and cross section images). “CurvedMPR” and “MPR” can be done sequentially, with the generated panoramic and cross-section images displayed side by side.

For processing multiple panoramic and cross section images.



11.2.1 Histogram Window

In the histogram window you can adjust the brightness / contrast of the grayscale images, and set the “VOI” (Volume of Interest) you wish to display in the volume rendering window. Click the “Grayscale” tab or the “Color” tab.

Adjust Grayscale Image Brightness and Contrast



- 1 Contrast Line: Rotate towards vertical to increase contrast
- 2 “WL” (window level): Move left for brighter image or right for darker image
- 3 Brightness Level: Move up for brighter image or down for darker image

* A grayscale image is a CT slice, “MIP”, or “RaySum” image displayed in “XYZ” View or an axial, panoramic, or cross section image displayed in “CurvedMPR” View or “Dual-CMPR” View.

Set “VOI” for Volume Rendered Image



- 1 Histogram
- 2 Opacity Curve
- 3 Opacity Level Slider
- 4 CT Volume Data for the Voxel Value
- 5 “VOI” List
- 6 Settings for “WL”, “WW”, “Sh”
- 7 Buttons to Select Shape of Opacity Curve

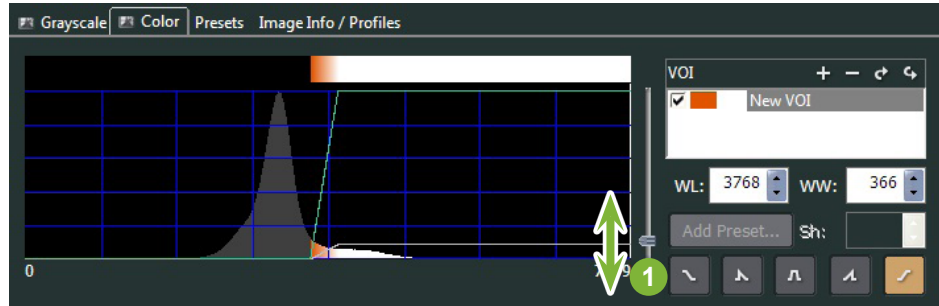
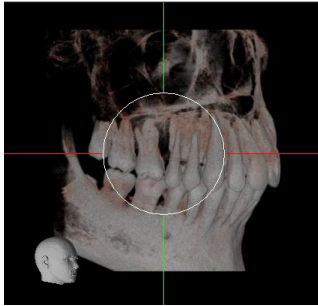
* “Sh” can be set only for the trapazoidal opacity curves:



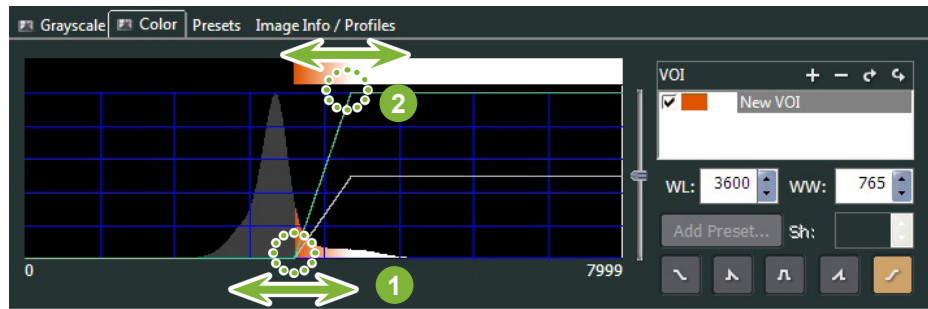
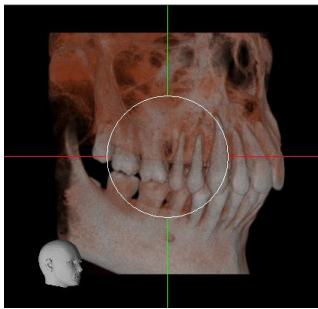
- Processing for Volume Rendered Images

Example: Show Dentition Only

Move the Opacity Level slider **1** up or down until only the dentition is displayed.



If necessary, move the “WL” (Window Level) **1** or “WW” (Window Width) **2** to the left or right so that the entire area is visible.

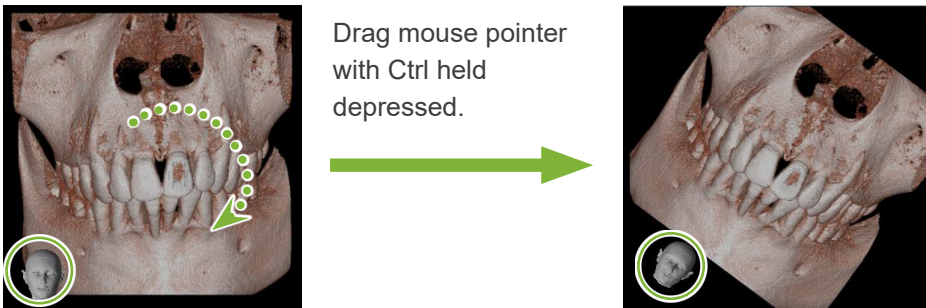
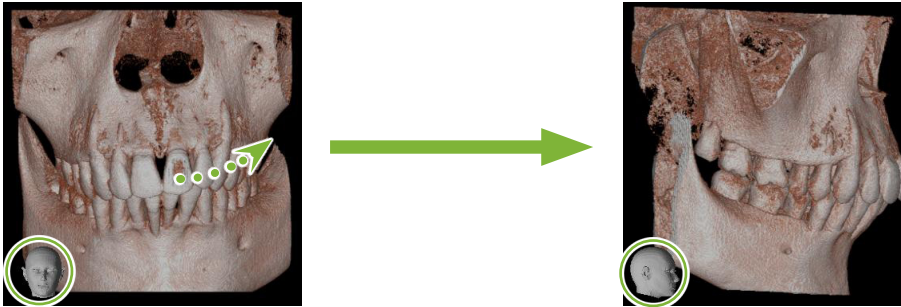


11.2.2 Rotate Volume Rendered Image

Drag the image up and down or left and right with the mouse.

If you drag with the Ctrl key held down, you can rotate the image clockwise or counterclockwise.

The head at the lower left shows the orientation of the image.



■ “Auto-Rotate” with Button

Click the “Set the volume orientation” Button:
Select the position for desired.



- 1 Original CT Position
- 2 Position when data was closed previously
- 3 Forward
- 4 Back
- 5 Top
- 6 Bottom
- 7 90 degrees left
- 8 90 degrees right

12 “CurvedMPR”

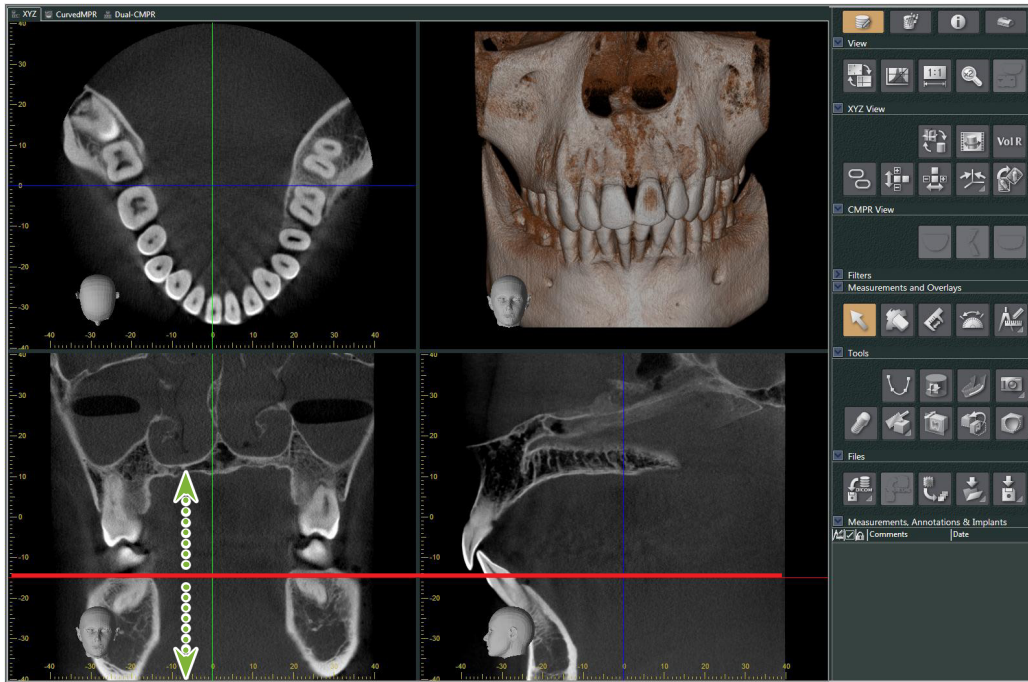
12.1 Create Panoramic and Cross Section Images

Use the CT data to create a panoramic and cross section images along the dental arch.

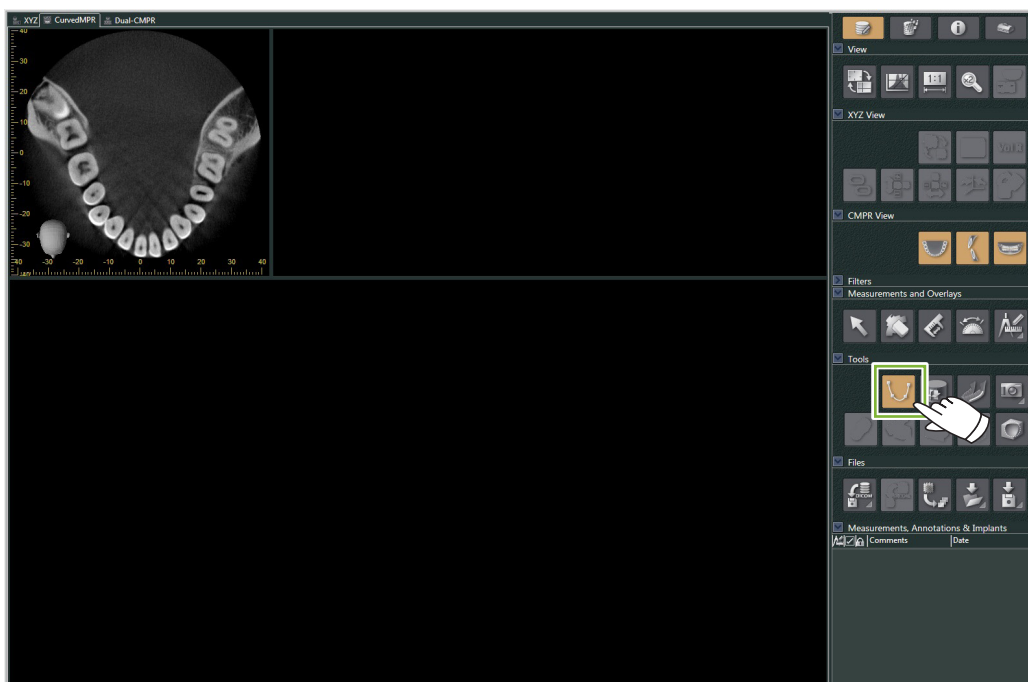
⚠ CAUTION

- The time it takes to produce panoramic and cross section images depends on the performance ability of the computer.

1 First set the “Z” slice in the “XYZ” View at the desired level.



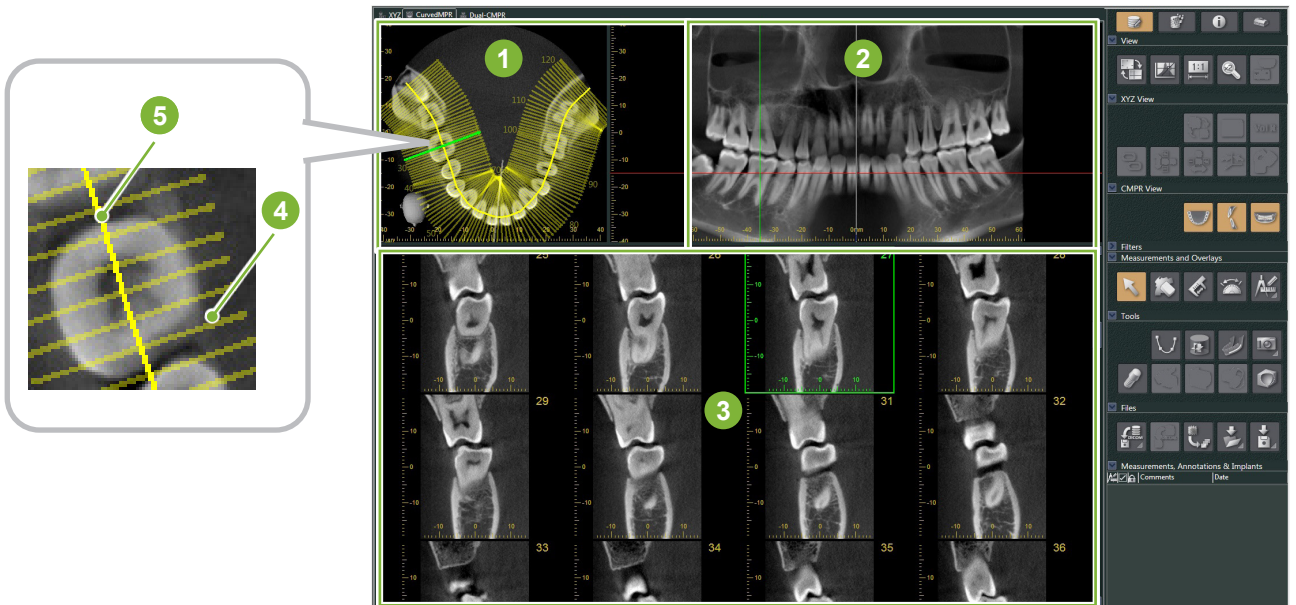
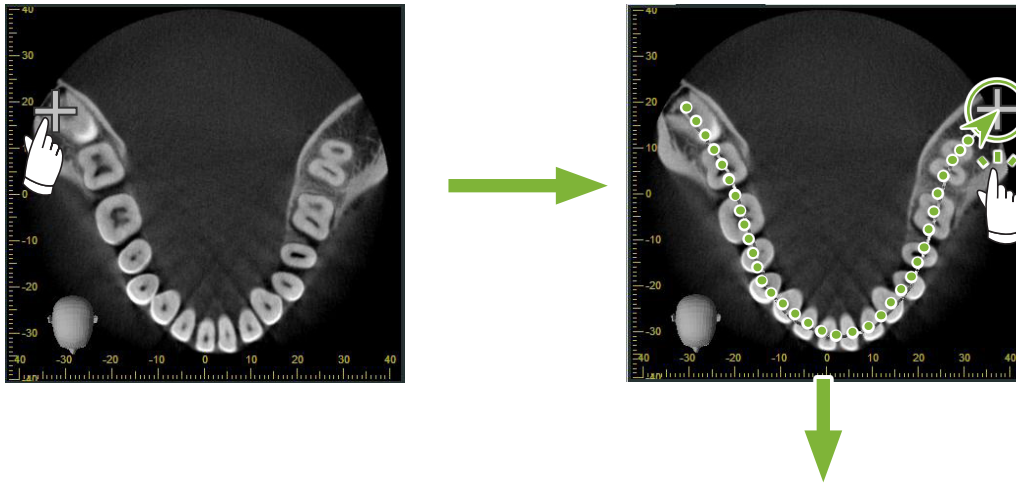
2 Click the “Draw spline curve” button () in “Tools” to change to “CurvedMPR” View.



3

Click along the dental arch in the axial image to draw the spline. The mouse cursor will change to a plus sign when it is over the axial image. Click on multiple points along the dental arch. Then, these points will be connected. Double click to mark the end of the spline.

When finished, the corresponding panoramic and cross section images will be created.



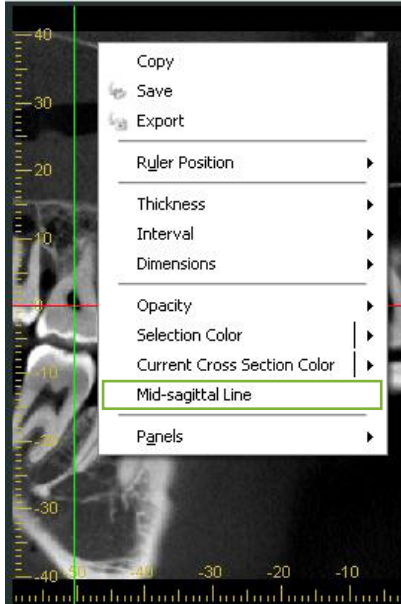
- 1 "Z" Slice
- 2 Panorama
- 3 Cross Sections
- 4 Perpendicular Lines
- 5 Spline

* After you finish drawing the spline, numerous lines perpendicular to the spline will appear in the "Z" slice image. The lines correspond to the cross-sections created. The spacing of these lines indicates the interval of the cross sections and their length indicates the width of the cross sections.

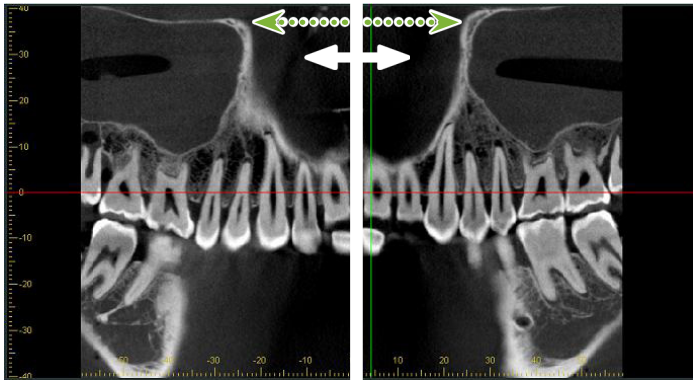
* The panoramic image corresponds to the spline.

12.2 Create Mid-sagittal Line for Panoramic Image

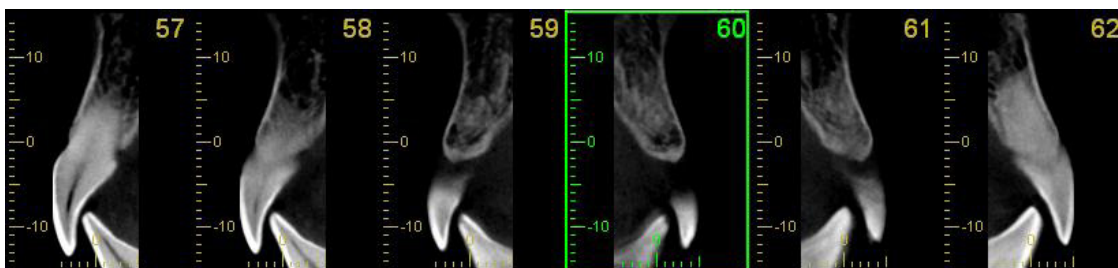
- 1 Right-click the panoramic image. Select "Mid-sagittal Line" from the pop-up menu.



- 2 A vertical white line will appear on the panoramic image. Drag this line to the desired position.



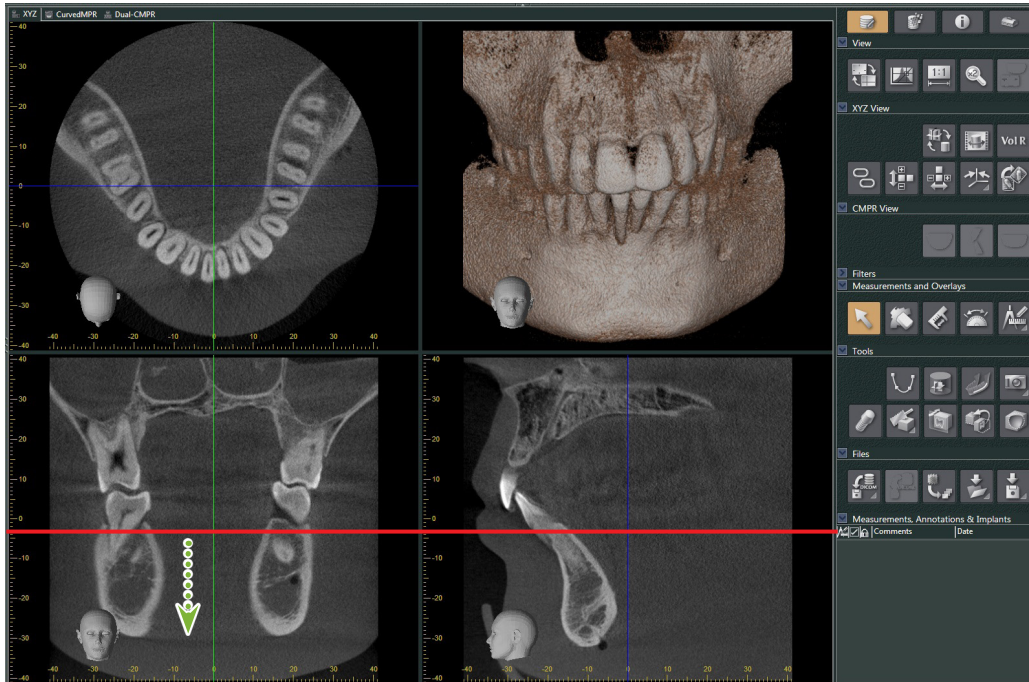
* When you set the mid-sagittal line, the cross section images on the left side of the line will face to the left and those on the right side, to the right.



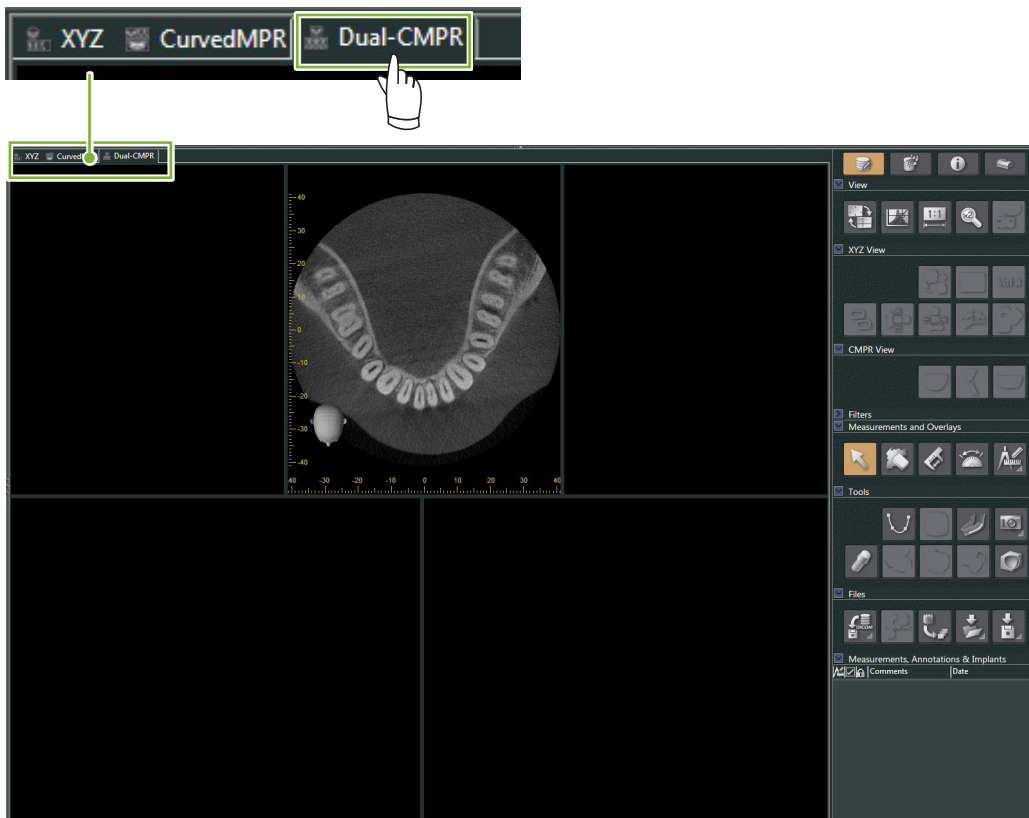
13 “Dual-CMPR”


Unlike “CurvedMPR” View, you can create two “CurvedMPR” and “MPR” sets in the “Dual-CMPR” View. “CurvedMPR” and “MPR” can be done in sequence, with the generated panoramic or cross-section images displayed side by side.

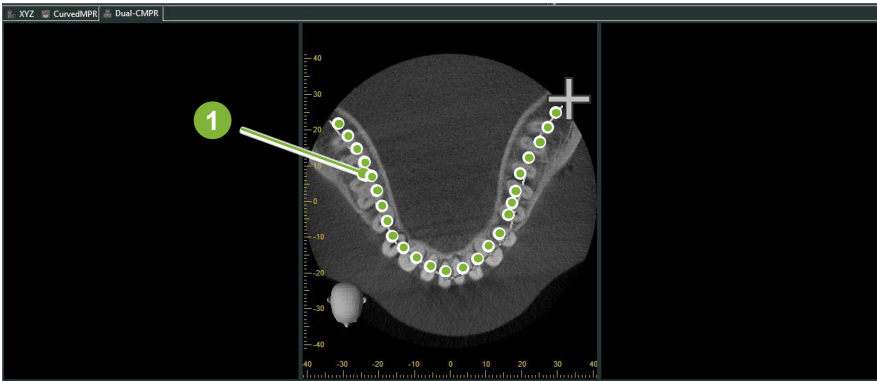
- 1 In “XYZ” View, move the “Z” cursor line to the desired position to display the “Z” slice image to draw the first spline curve on.



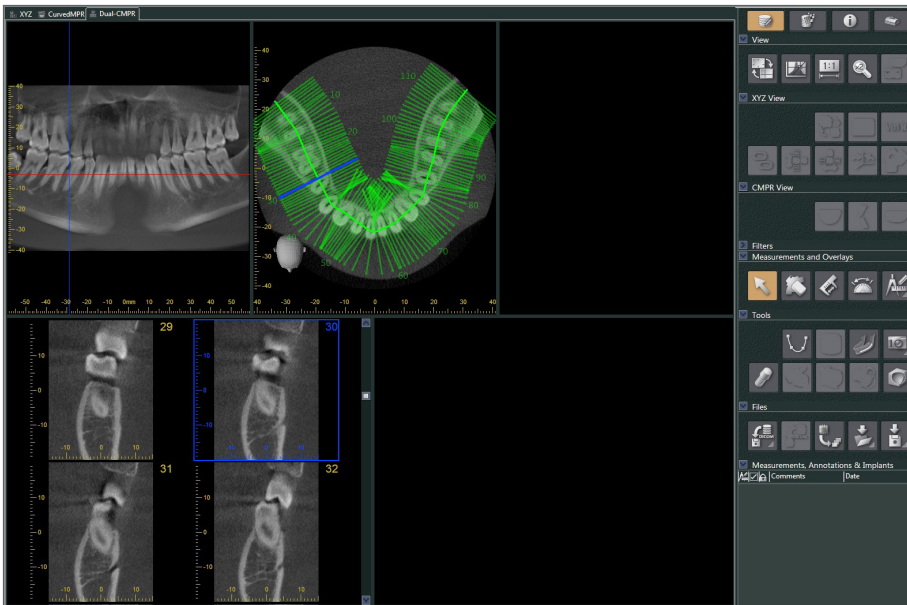
- 2 Click the “Dual-CMPR” tab to switch to “Dual-CMPR” View.



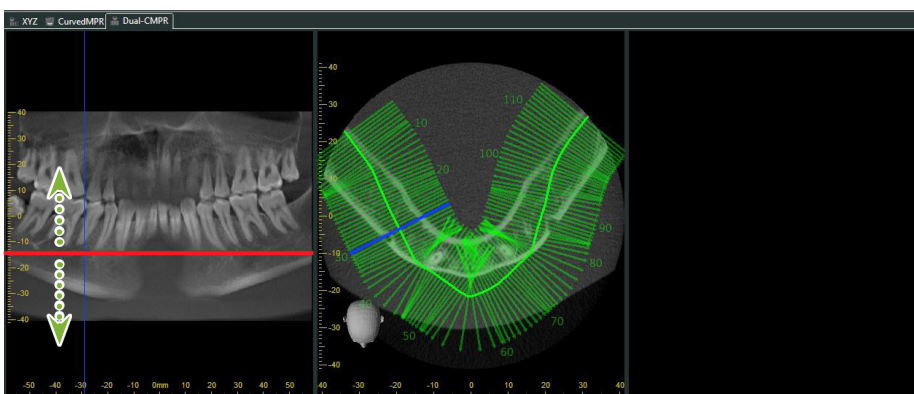
- 3** Click the “Draw spline curve” button () in “Tools” and draw the first spline curve **1**. The drawing method is the same as for generating and displaying panoramic images and cross sections in “CurvedMPR” View.



When you have finished drawing the spline curve, “CurvedMPR” and “MPR” will execute, and the generated panoramic image and cross section images will be displayed on the left of the screen.

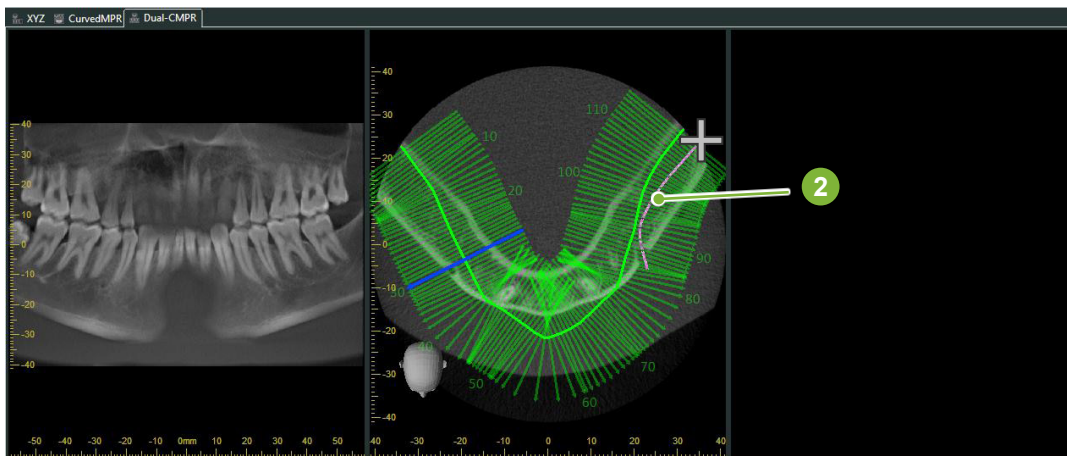


- 4** Move the “Z” cursor for the panoramic image you generated (the red line) up or down to set the position to draw the second spline curve.

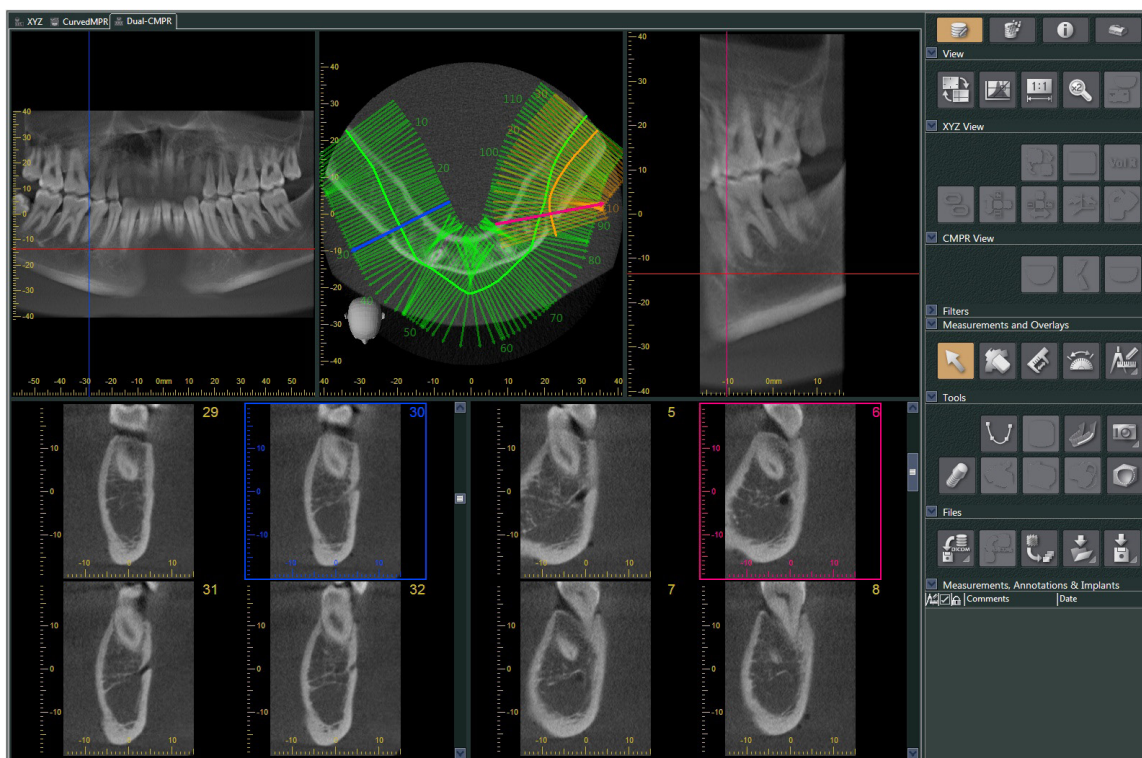


5

Click the “Draw spline curve” button () in “Tools” and draw the second spline curve **2**.



When you have finished drawing the second spline curve, “CurvedMPR” and “MPR” will execute, and the generated panoramic image and cross sections will be displayed on the right of the screen.



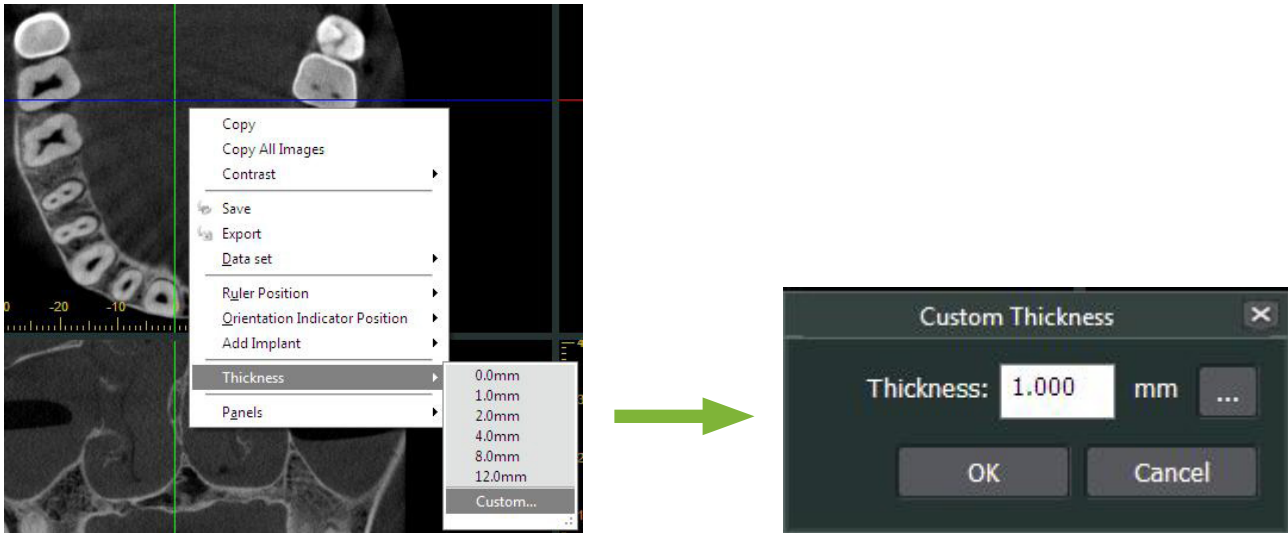
14 Implant Presentation

14.1 Draw Neural Tubes and Implants

You can make a presentation to show a patient your implant plan. You can mark the mandibular canal to check its position and then place an implant that will appear in all CT images.

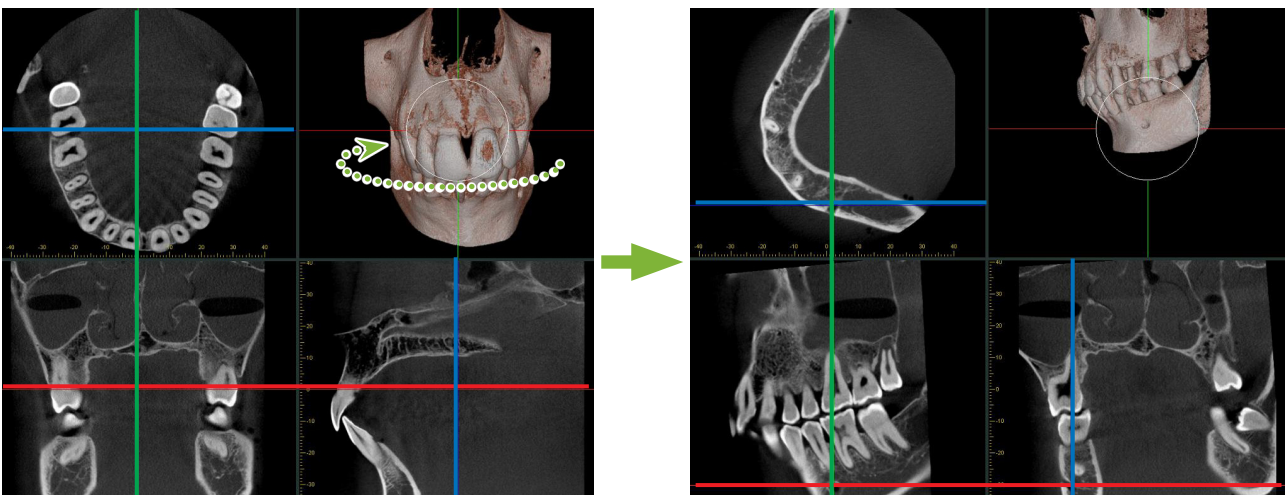
⚠ CAUTION

- To mark the mandibular canal the slice thickness must be 1.0 mm or less. Right-click a slice image. Select the thickness from the pop-up menu or select Custom. Enter the desired “Thickness” in the “Custom Thickness” dialogue box.



- **Example: Marking the mandibular canal and placing an implant for tooth 36. Implant: “Thommen Medical AG, SPI Contact” 4.13.224 and 4.23.224, 11.0 mm length, 3.5 mm diameter.**

- 1 Use the “3D Viewer” to display the Volume Rendered image.
- 2 Move the “X”, “Y”, and “Z” cursors and rotate the images so that the mandibular canal is clearly shown.



3

Click the “Mandibular Canal” button:

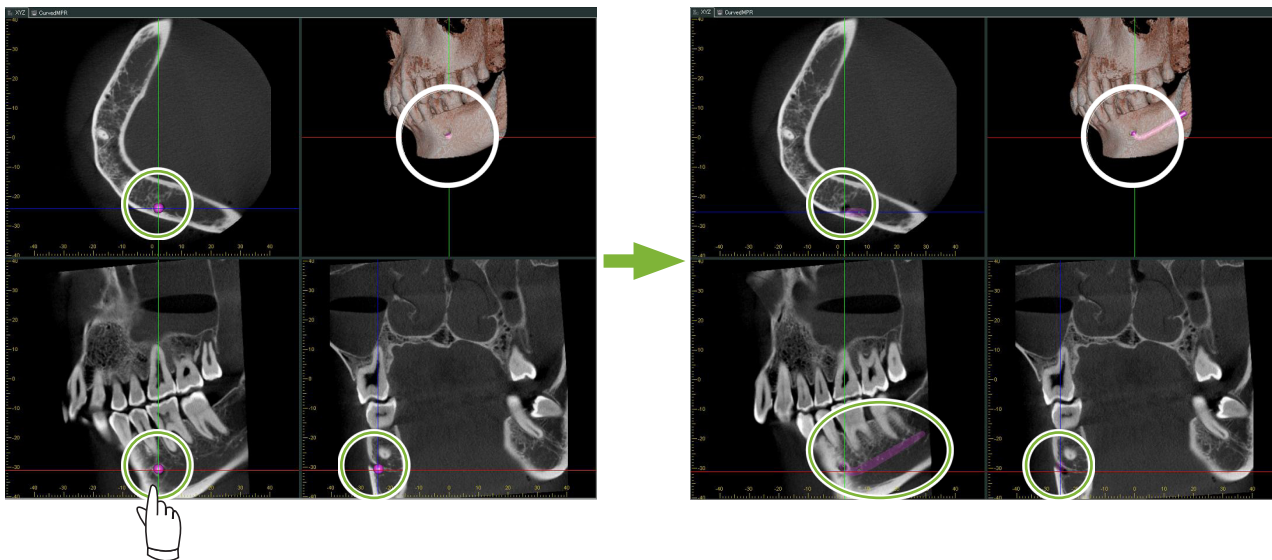


Place the mouse pointer on the starting point for the canal. The mouse pointer will change to a small circle.



4

Right-click on the starting point for the canal. Continue right-clicking along the canal. The points you click will be connected with a line showing the canal.



5

To finish drawing the canal, click the “Select” button:

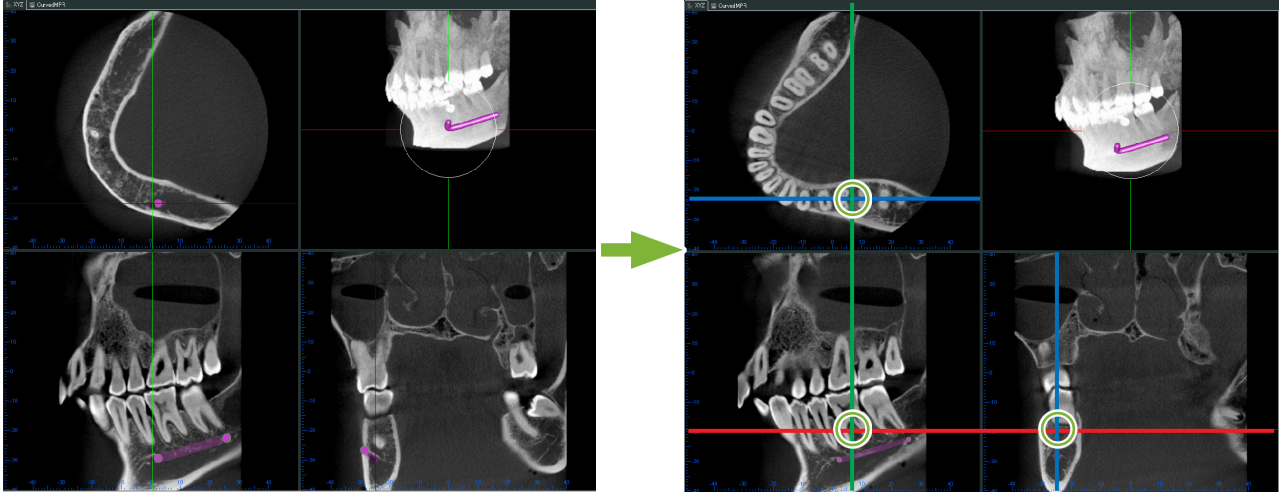


6

The images will be converted to “MIP” images.

To place an implant in the images, first line up the “X”, “Y”, and “Z” cursors with tooth 36.

It is easier to see the mandibular canal in an “MIP” image than in volume rendered or raysum images.



7

Click the “Select Implant” button:



A window for selecting implants will appear.

Implants

Current Implant: [Dropdown]

Manufacturer: Thommen Medical AG

SPI (Swiss Precision Implant)

- SPI CONTACT
- SPI DIRECT
- SPI ELEMENT Implant
- SPI ONETIME Implant

Upper Jaw

Lower Jaw

Implant Information

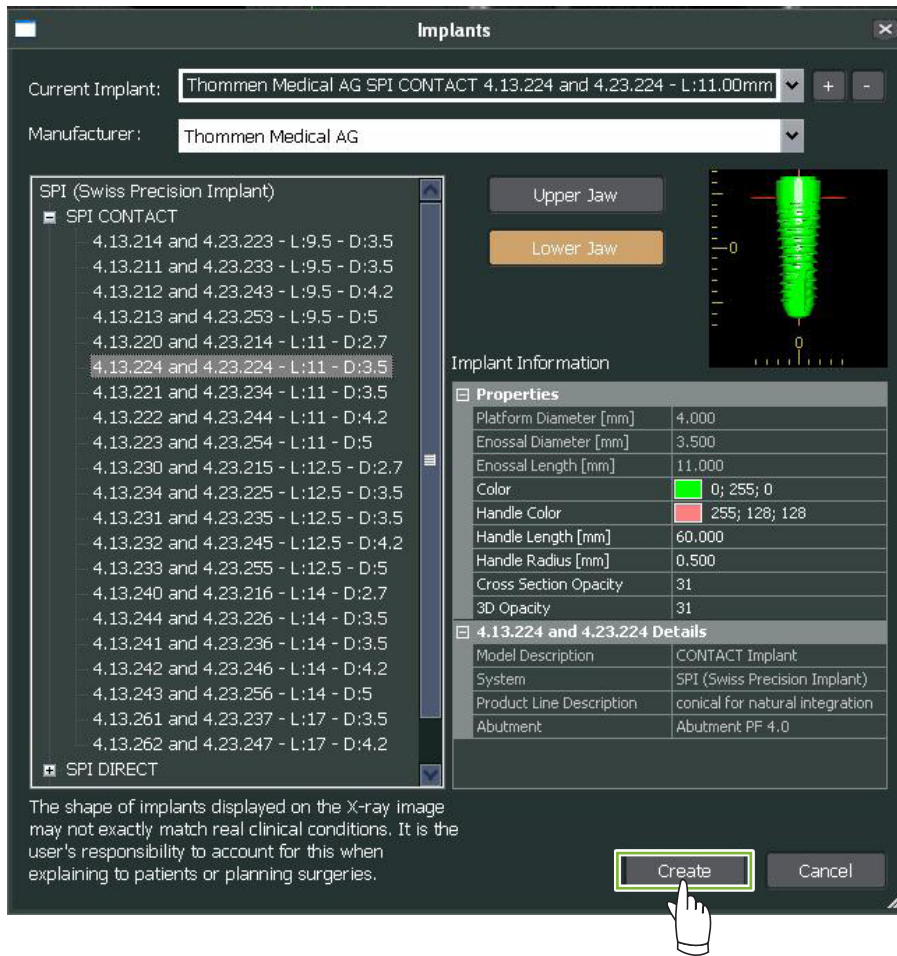
Default	
Handle Color	255; 128; 128
Handle Length [mm]	60.000
Handle Radius [mm]	0.500
Cross Section Opacity	31
3D Opacity	31

Create Cancel

The shape of implants displayed on the X-ray image may not exactly match real clinical conditions. It is the user's responsibility to account for this when explaining to patients or planning surgeries.

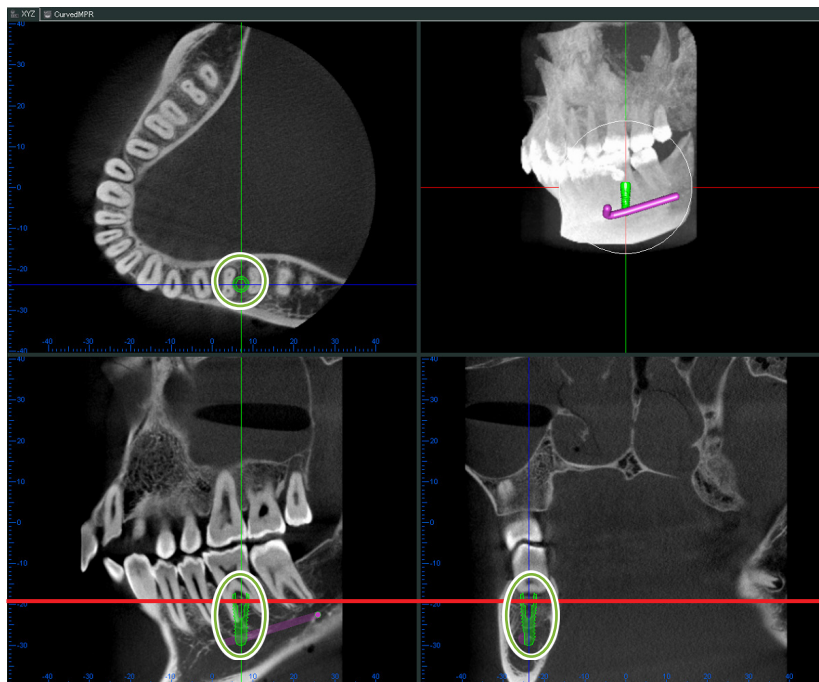
8

A preview image of the implant fixtures will appear. Click “Create” to use it.



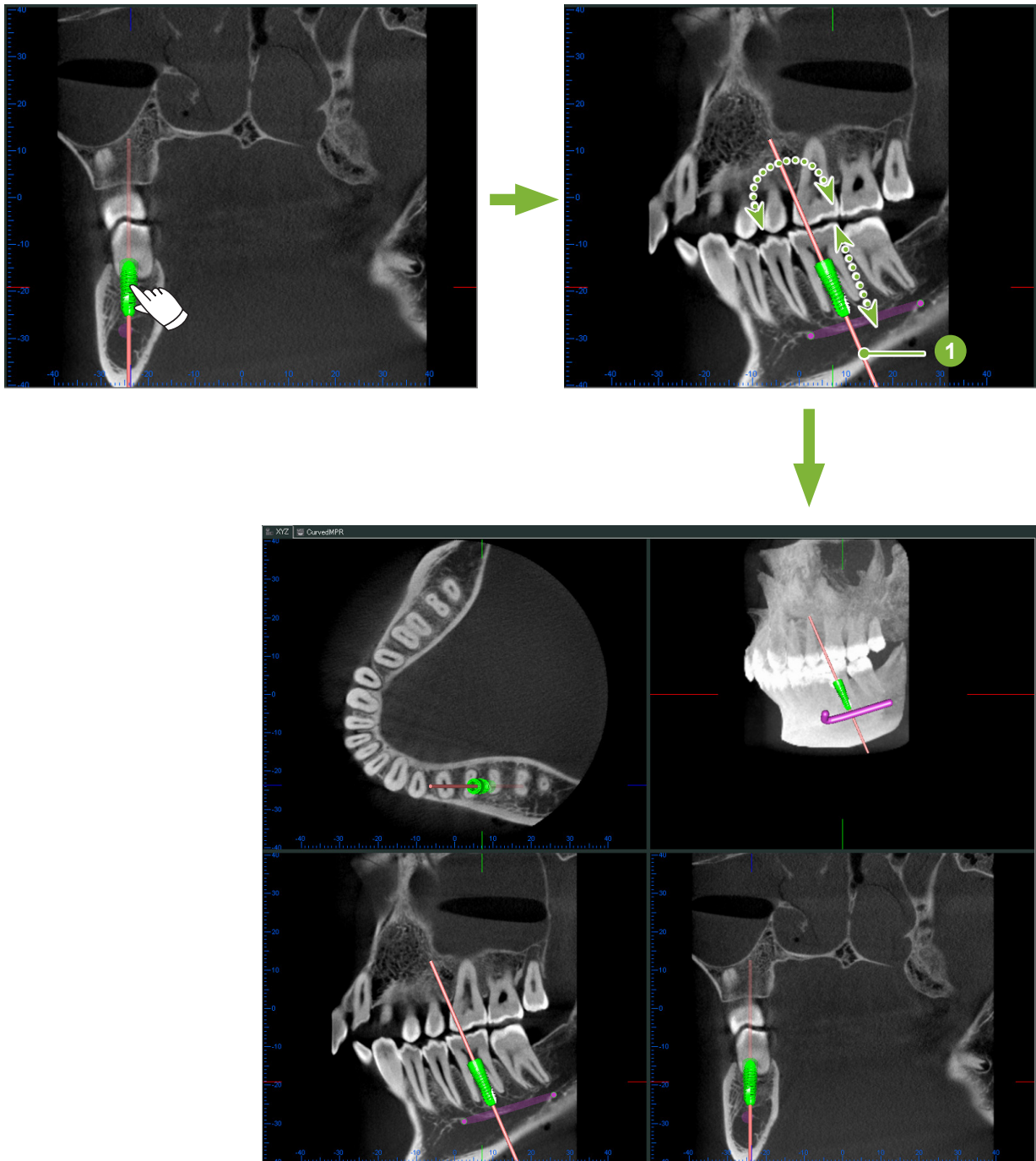
9

The implant fixture will appear where the “X”, “Y”, and “Z” cursors intersect.



10

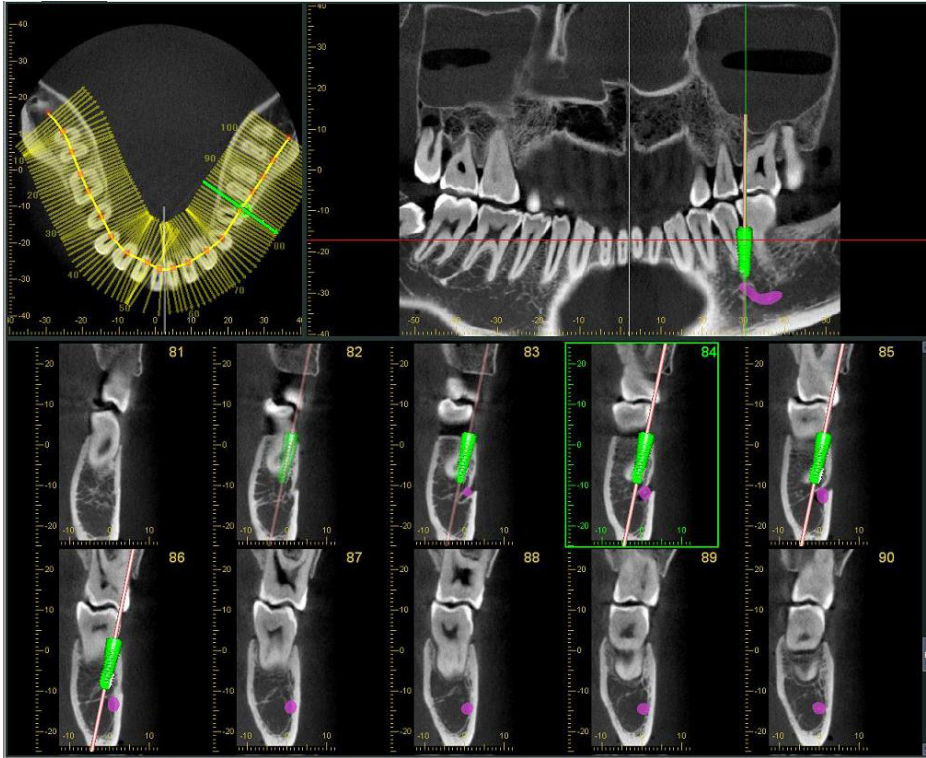
A “handle” 1 will appear when you click the implant.
Drag the implant itself to change its position; drag the “handle” to adjust its angle.



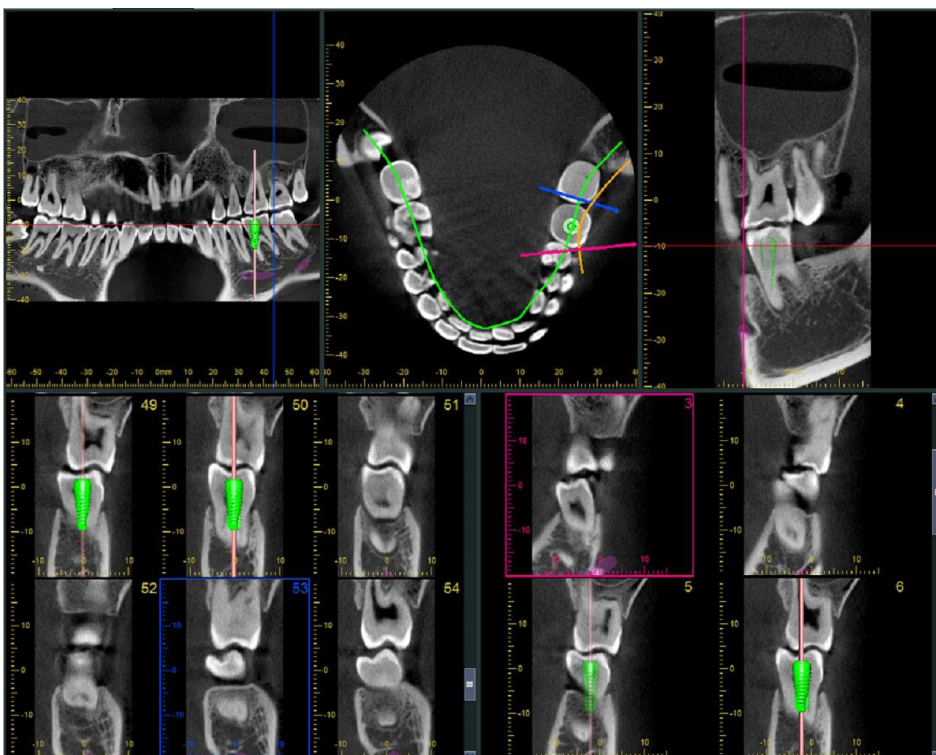
14.2 Implant Presentation using “CurvedMPR” View or “Dual-CMPR” View

The mandibular canal can be marked in the “CurvedMPR” View or the “Dual-CMPR” View to make an implant presentation.


- “CurvedMPR” View



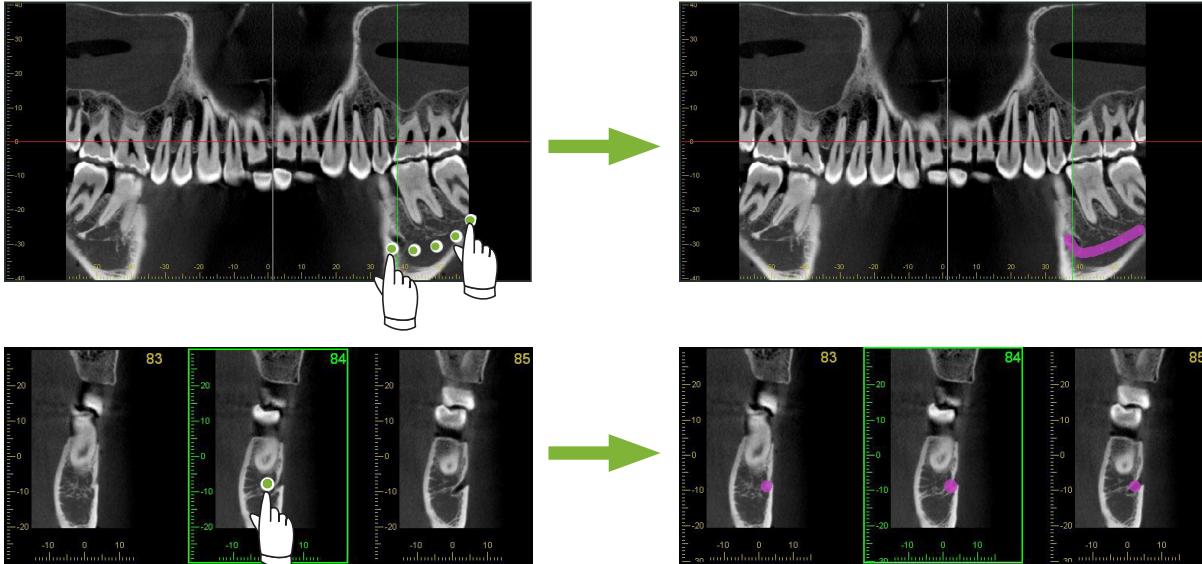
- “Dual-CMPR” View



14.2.1 Mark Mandibular Canal for Panoramic and Cross Section Images

Click the “Mandibular Canal” button: 

Right-click on points along the mandibular canal.



⚠ CAUTION

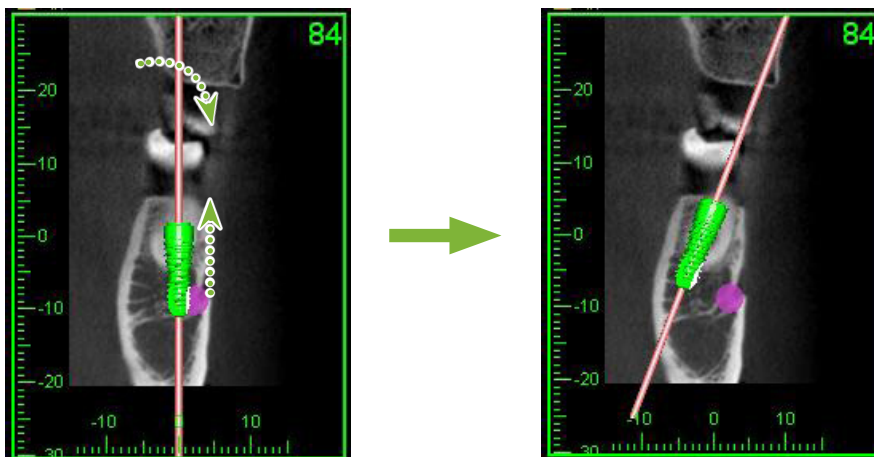
- To mark the mandibular canal the slice thickness must be 1.0 mm or less. Right-click the slice image and select the thickness from the pop-up menu.

14.2.2 Implants

Implants can be shown all CT images in the “XYZ” View, cross sections in the “CurvedMPR” View and the axial image for the “Dual-CMPR” View.

■ Example: Show Implant in Cross Section Image

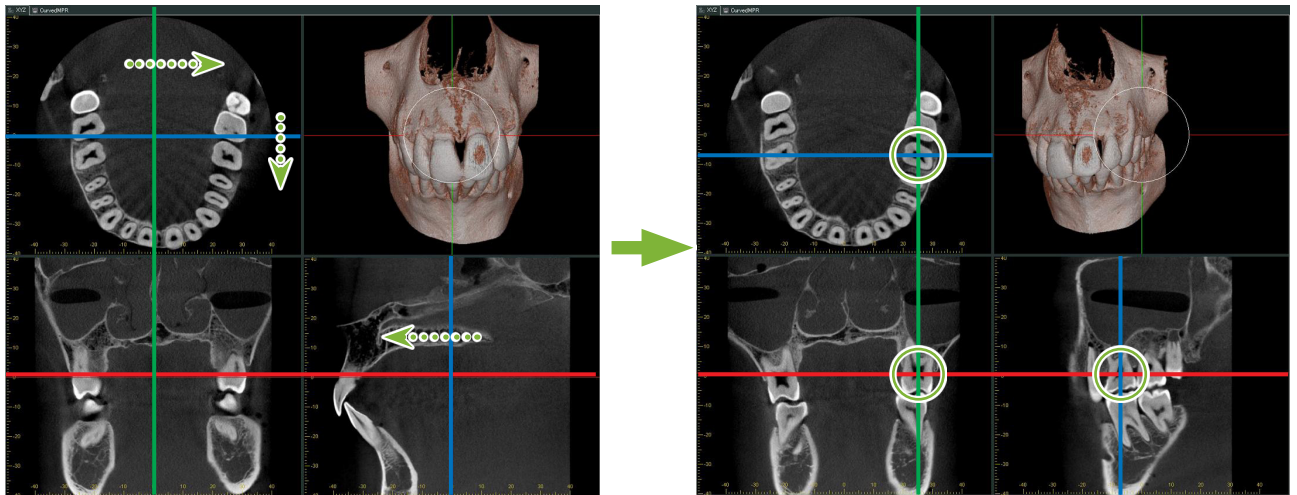
Click the “Select Implant” button () and select one of the implants. Then Adjust the position and orientation of the implant in the image.




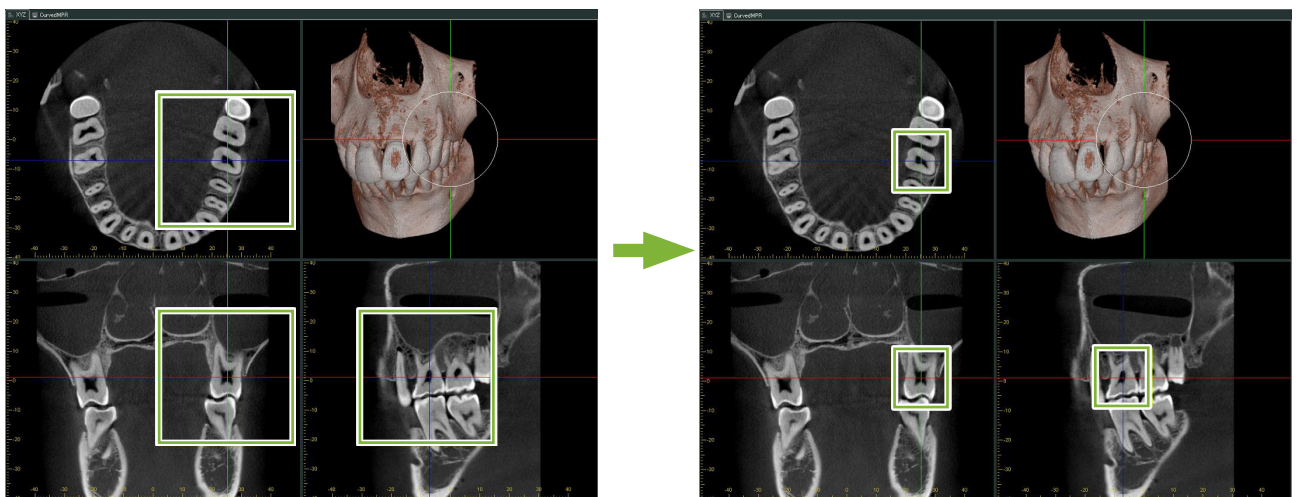
15 Magnify Slice Images of the “VOI”

15.1 Create Magnified Slice Images for a Specified “VOI” (Volume of Interest)

- 1 In the “3D Viewer”, line up the “X”, “Y”, and “Z” cursors with the center of the “VOI”.

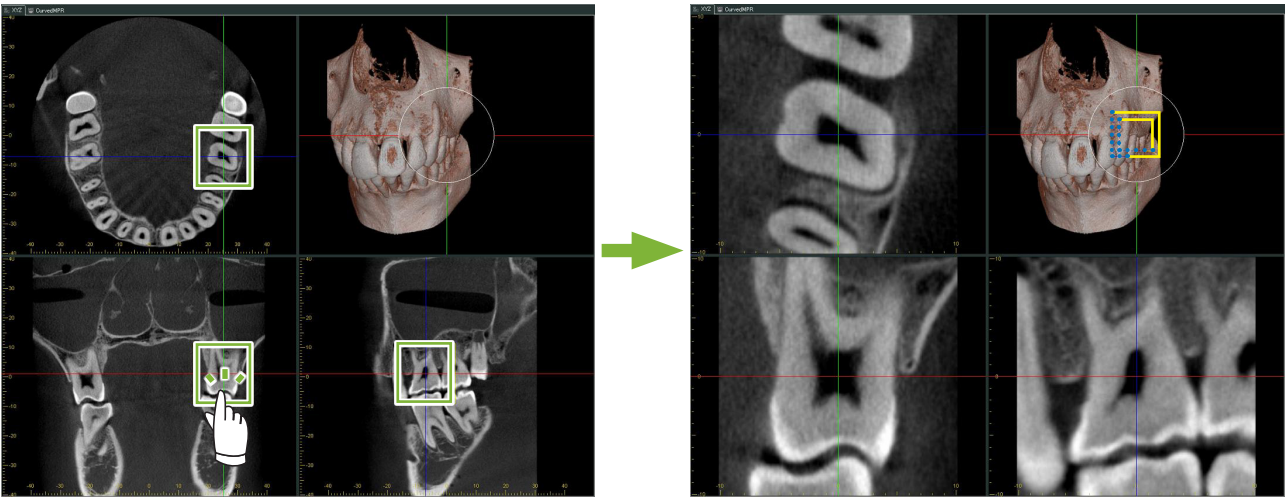


- 2 Click the “Show or hide the FOV region” button:  Drag the sides of the “FOV” frame to adjust its size. (“FOV”: Field of View)

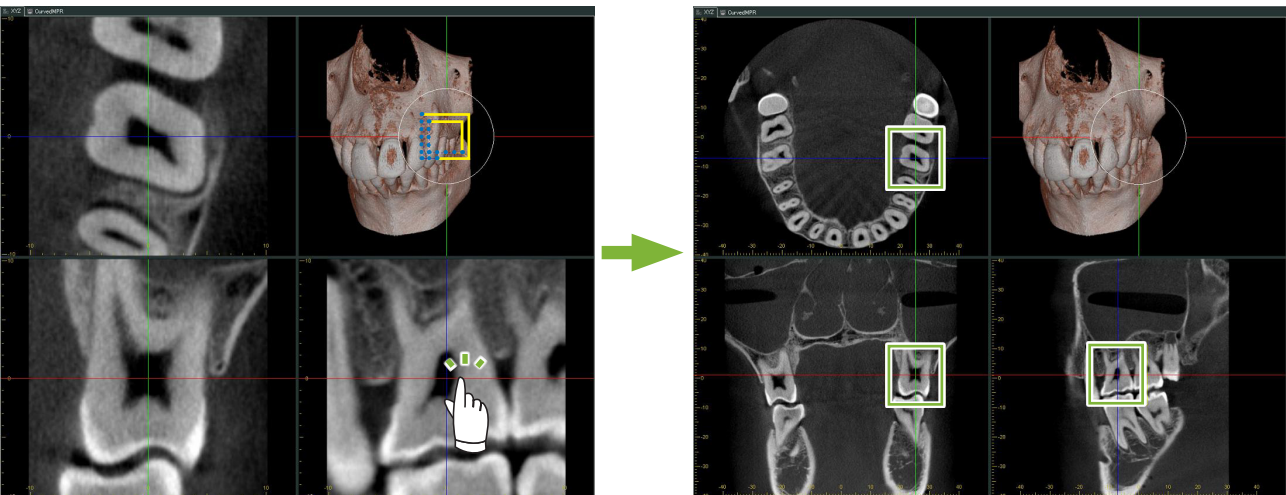


3 Double-click the “FOV” frame to create magnified slice images. A cube will appear on the volume rendered image to indicate the location of the magnified slices.

* Double-click one of the magnified images to return to the original display.

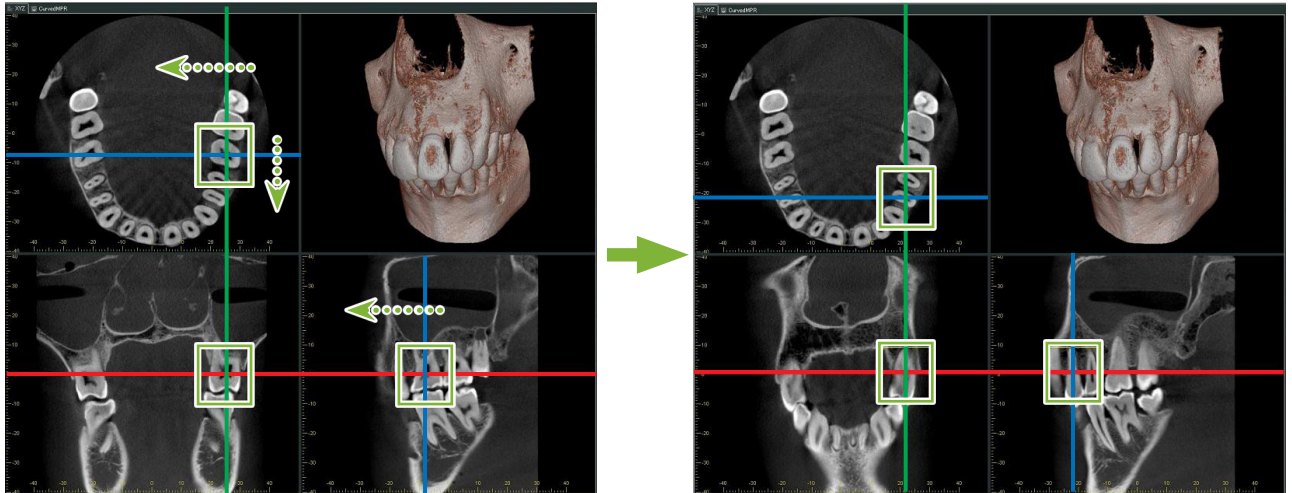


* Double-click a partial slice image to restore it to its original.



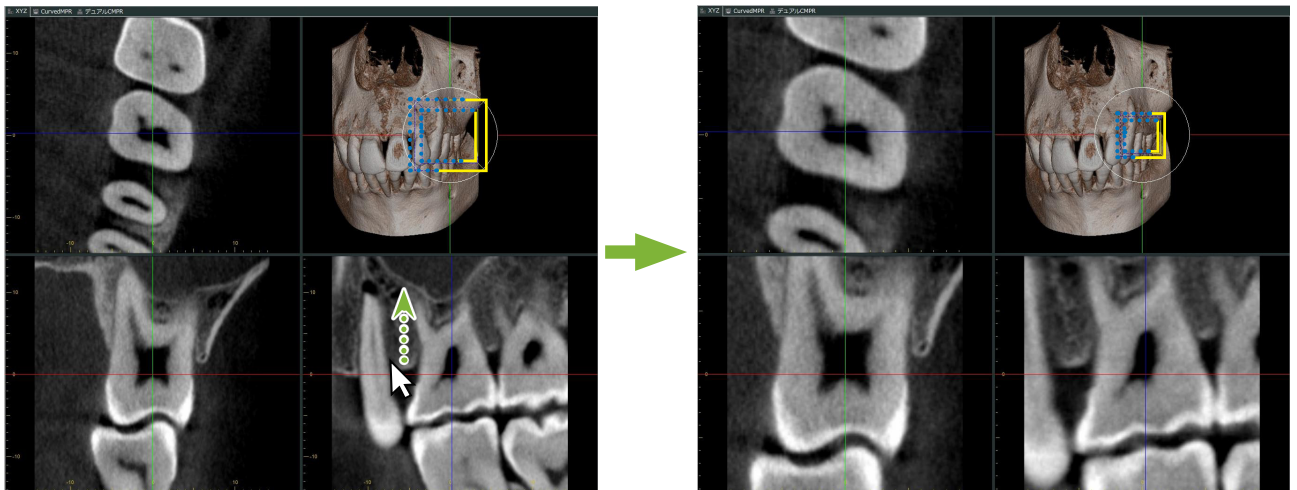
15.1.1 Change Location of “FOV” (Field of View)

After adjusting the size of the “FOV” as described in step 2 above, you can change its location by moving the “X”, “Y”, and “Z” cursor lines.



15.1.2 Change Size of “FOV” (Field of View)

Hold down the Ctrl key, Alt key and the right mouse button and drag on the image to change the size of the “FOV” without having to repeat the entire partial slice image procedure.



16 Technical Information

This chapter describes technical information for using the i-Dixel software.

This chapter contains technical safety information.

Read p. 7 “1.3 Precautions” for more details.

16.1 Specifications

*Specifications and appearance are subject to change without notice due to improvements.

Model	i-Dixel
Intended use	i-Dixel can be used as viewer or database of medical imaging to support the diagnostic by medical imaging.
Essential functions	Display, edit and input/output 2D images and input/output CT slices (optional)
Computer OS	Microsoft Windows 10 Professional/Enterprise, Microsoft Windows 11 Professional/Enterprise, Windows Server 2012 R2, 2016, 2019, or 2022
Combination device	Medical devices manufactured or approved by J. MORITA MFG. CORP. and so forth.

Manufacturer: J. MORITA MFG. CORP.

16.2 Technical Information for Distance Measurement

There may be some difference between actual distances and measured distances due to computation, exposure principles etc. This is explained below.

16.2.1 Computational errors for distance measurements

Distance measurements are made by clicking two pixels in the image.

The distance is calculated using the coordinates of the two pixels, the magnification ratio, and the pixel size (resolution). The formula used is shown below:

$$\text{Distance} = \text{Pixel Size} \times \frac{\sqrt{(X_2 - X_1)^2 + (Y_2 - Y_1)^2}}{\text{Magnification Ratio}}$$

* X_1 and Y_1 are the coordinates for the first pixel clicked.

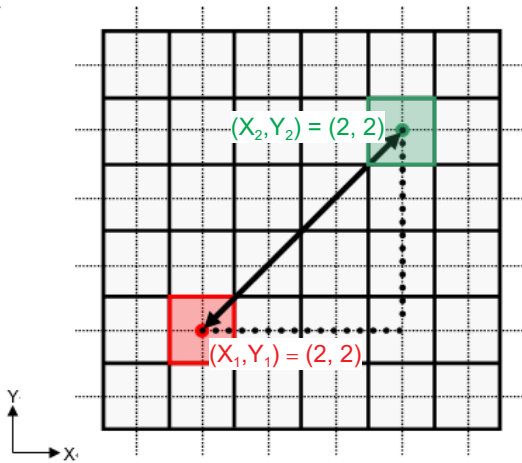
X_2 and Y_2 are the coordinates for the second one.

The following is an example of the calculation and how an error occurs.

● Calculation error 1

In the following calculation, the error is the pixel size is multiplied by $\sqrt{2}$ (approx. 1.41)

- Magnification Ratio: 1.0
- Pixel size (resolution): 0.1 mm
- Coordinates for first pixel clicked: $(X_1, Y_1) = (2, 2)$
- Coordinates for second pixel: $(X_2, Y_2) = (5, 5)$



- * The dotted lines [—] indicate the coordinate axis of the pixel's position.
- The large heavy bordered squares [] are pixels.
- The red frame indicates the first pixel clicked.
- The red dot indicates the coordinate position of the first pixel.
- The green frame indicates the second pixel clicked.
- The green dot indicates the coordinate position of the second pixel.

The length of the black line is calculated as follows:

$$\text{Length} = 0.1 \times \frac{\sqrt{(5 - 2)^2 + (5 - 2)^2}}{1.0} = 0.3\sqrt{2} \approx 0.42 \text{ (mm)}$$

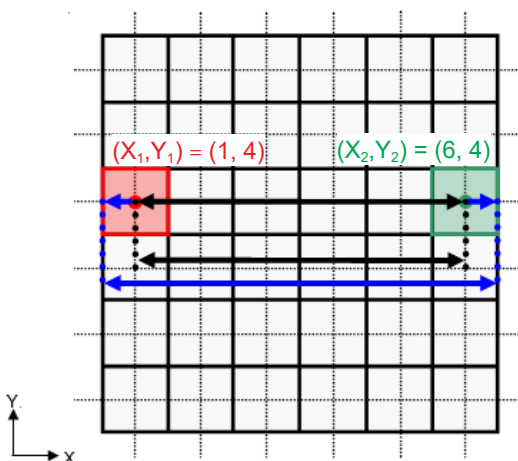
Since the calculation depends on the coordinates of the pixels, the measurement error is shown below.

There will be a measurement deviation of the pixel size $\sqrt{2}$ (approx. 1.41 times) between the distance between clicked pixels (the blue line) and the calculated distance (the black line).

• Calculation error 2

In the following calculation, the error is the size of one pixel.

- Magnification Ratio: 1.0
- Pixel size (resolution): 0.1 mm
- Coordinates for first pixel clicked: $(X_1, Y_1) = (2, 4)$
- Coordinates for second pixel: $(X_2, Y_2) = (5, 4)$



The length of the black line is calculated as follows:

$$\text{Length} = 0.1 \times \frac{\sqrt{(6 - 1)^2 + (4 - 4)^2}}{1.0} = 0.5 \text{ (mm)}$$

Since the calculation depends on the coordinates of the pixels, the measurement error is shown above. The calculated distance is shown by the blue line in the diagram above and, compared to the true distance shown by the black line, it is longer by one pixel.

16.2.2 Measurement errors due to exposure principles

There is some distortion in images due to the principles of exposure technique. This distortion must be taken into consideration to make an accurate measurement.

Also, the magnification ratio may be other than specified if the patient is not properly positioned. In this case, an accurate measurement cannot be made.

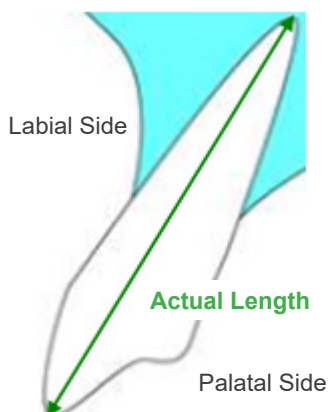
Below are some examples of image distortion for intraoral X-rays, panorama X-rays and CT slice images.

■ Intraoral X-ray

Maxillary incisor X-ray using the bifurcation method.

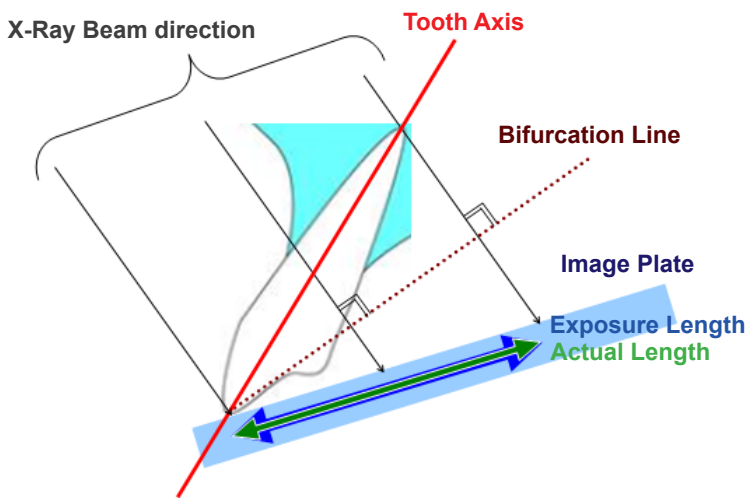
If the bifurcation line (the line that bifurcates the angle between the tooth axis and the image plate) is not 90 degrees to the X-ray beam, there will be some difference between the actual length and the exposure length.

The diagram below is for a maxillary incisor.



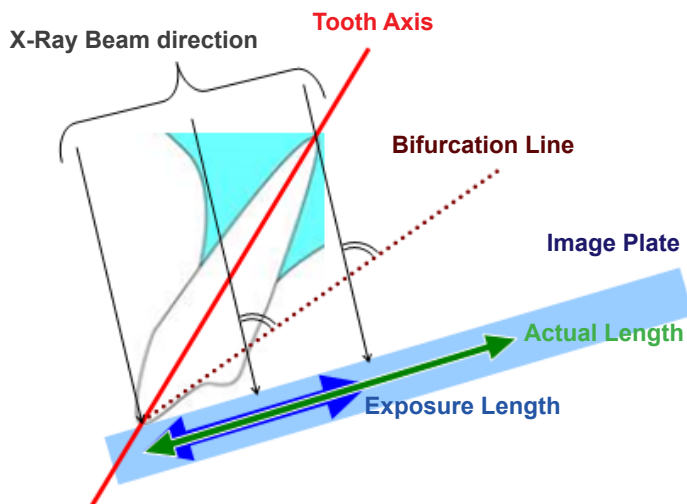
- For 90 degrees

Exposure length equals actual length.



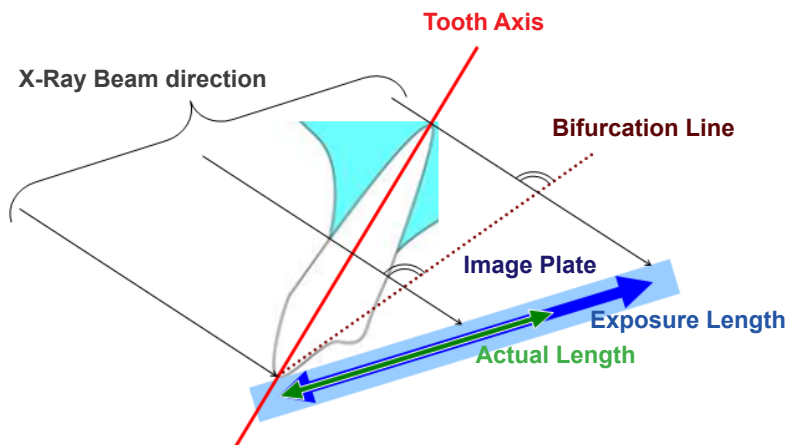
- For less than 90 degrees

Exposure length is shorter than actual length.



- For more than 90 degrees

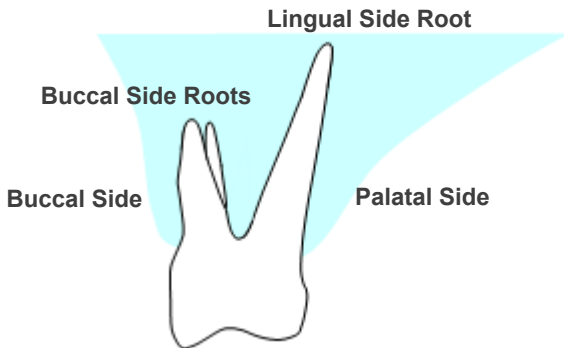
Exposure length is longer.



Maxillary molar X-ray using the bifurcation method.

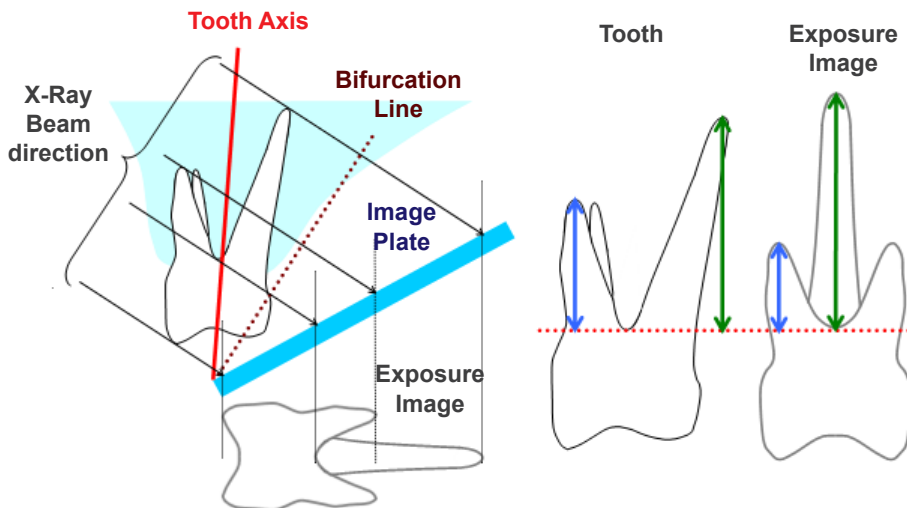
Depending on the angle of the tooth axis, there will be some difference between the actual length and the exposure length.

The diagram below is for a maxillary molar.



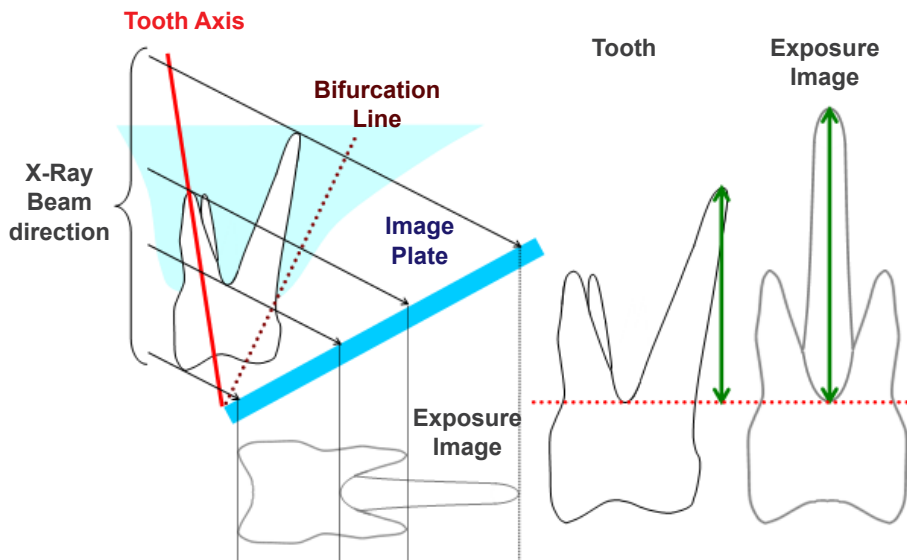
- **Positioned with the center of the molar as the tooth axis**

The buccal side roots appear shorter and the lingual side root appears longer.



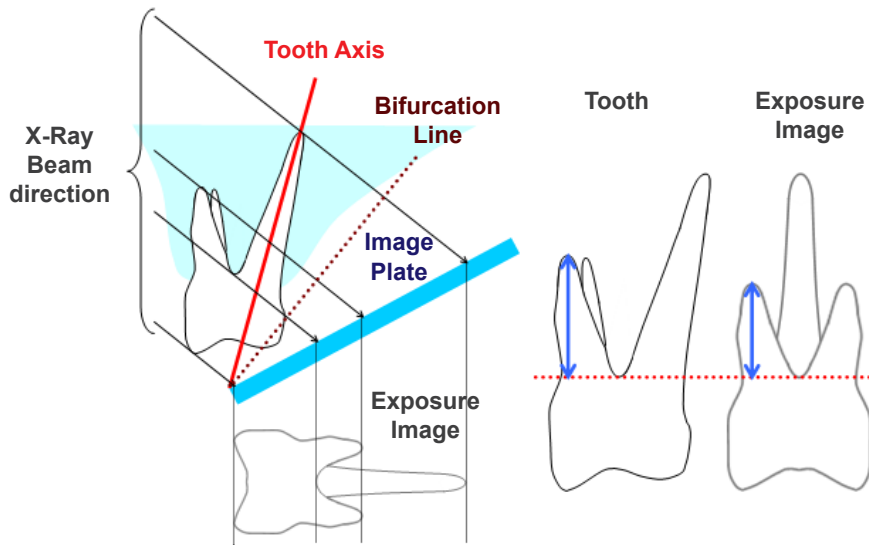
- **Positioned with the buccal side as the tooth axis**

The lingual side root appears longer.



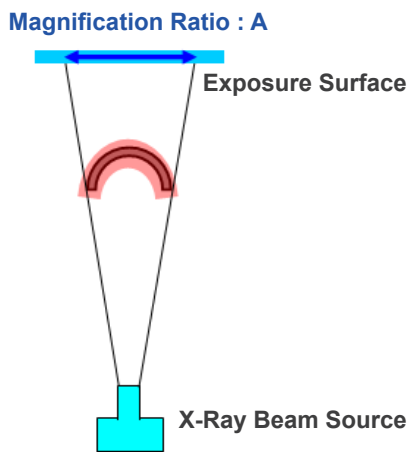
- **Positioned with the lingual side as the tooth axis**

The buccal side roots appear longer.



■ Panorama X-Ray Image

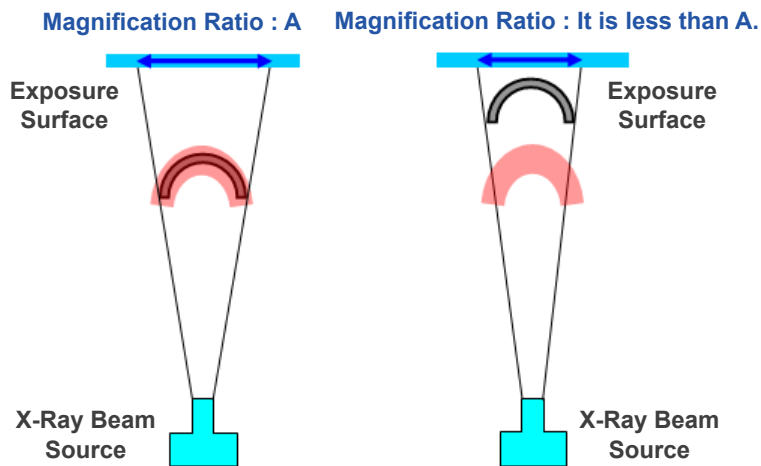
In the diagram below, the red region is the image layer and the gray region is the dental arch. In this case the magnification ratio will be as specified.



If the image layer is not positioned as shown in the diagram above, the magnification ratio of the image will be larger or smaller.

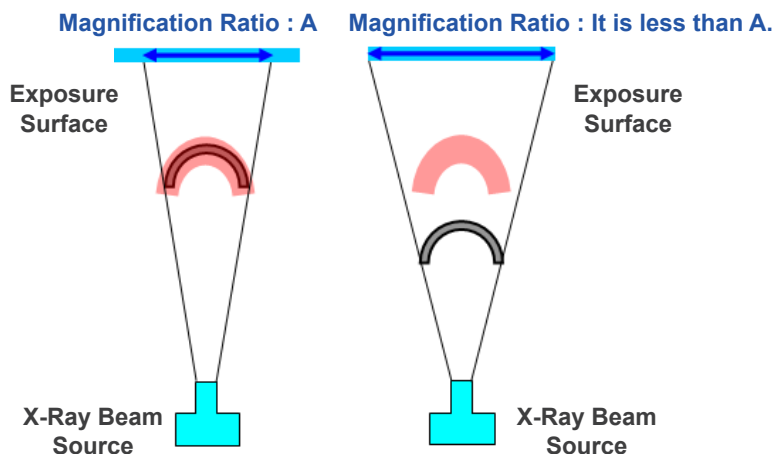
- If dental arch is closer to the exposure surface

The magnification ratio will be smaller.

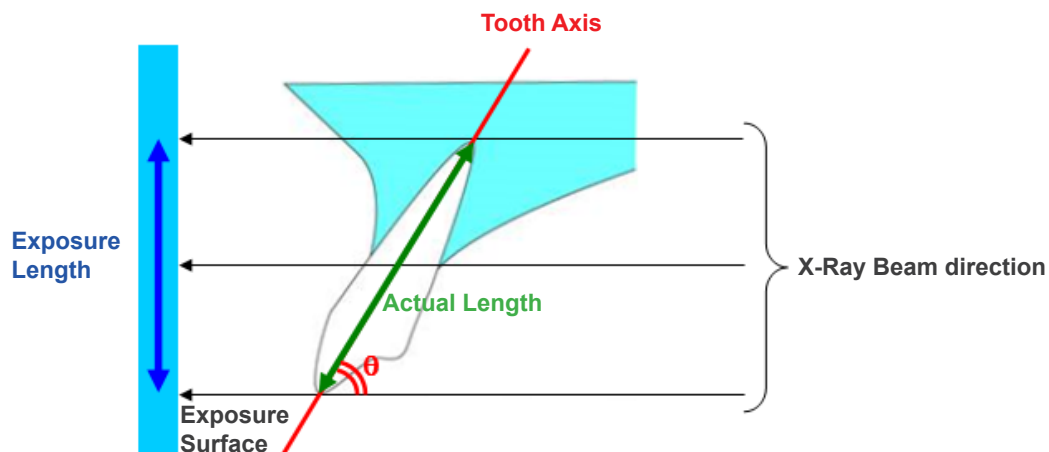


- If dental arch is closer to the X-ray beam source

The magnification ratio will be larger.



Also if the tooth axis is not perpendicular to the X-ray beam, the tooth will appear shorter than it really is. Then there will be a difference between the measured length and the actual length of the tooth, and an accurate measurement cannot be made.



■ CT Slice Images

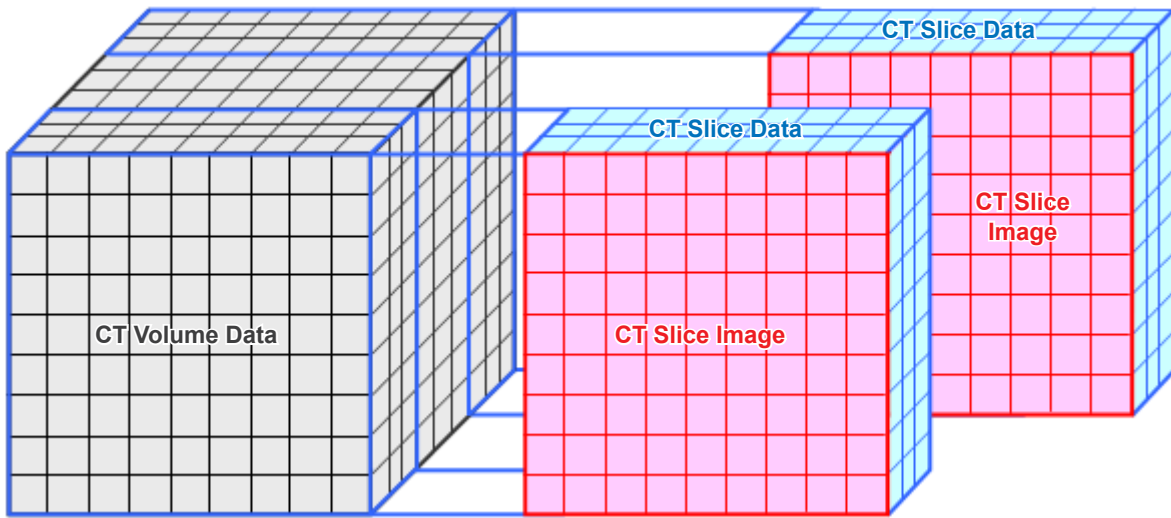
CT slices may be distorted depending on the slice thickness and exposure artifacts. This is explained below.

● Thickness of Slice Data

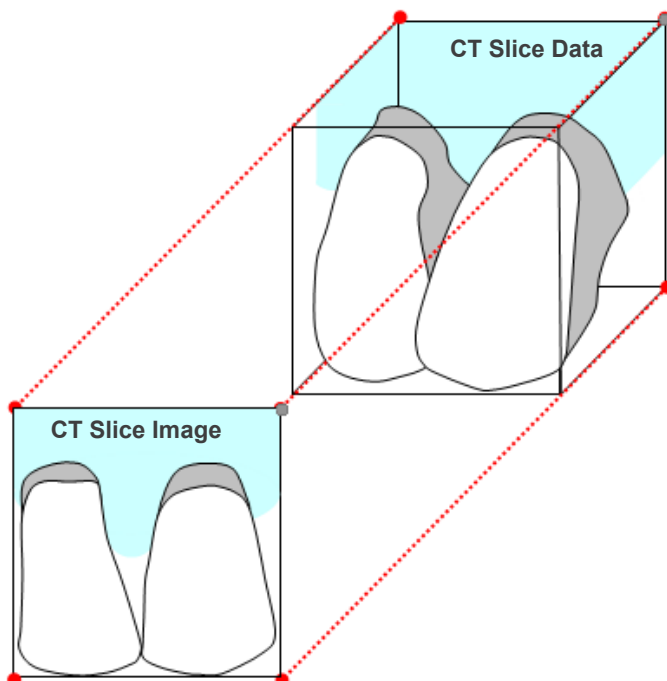
CT volume data is generated after the exposure.

Then slices are made using the volume data.

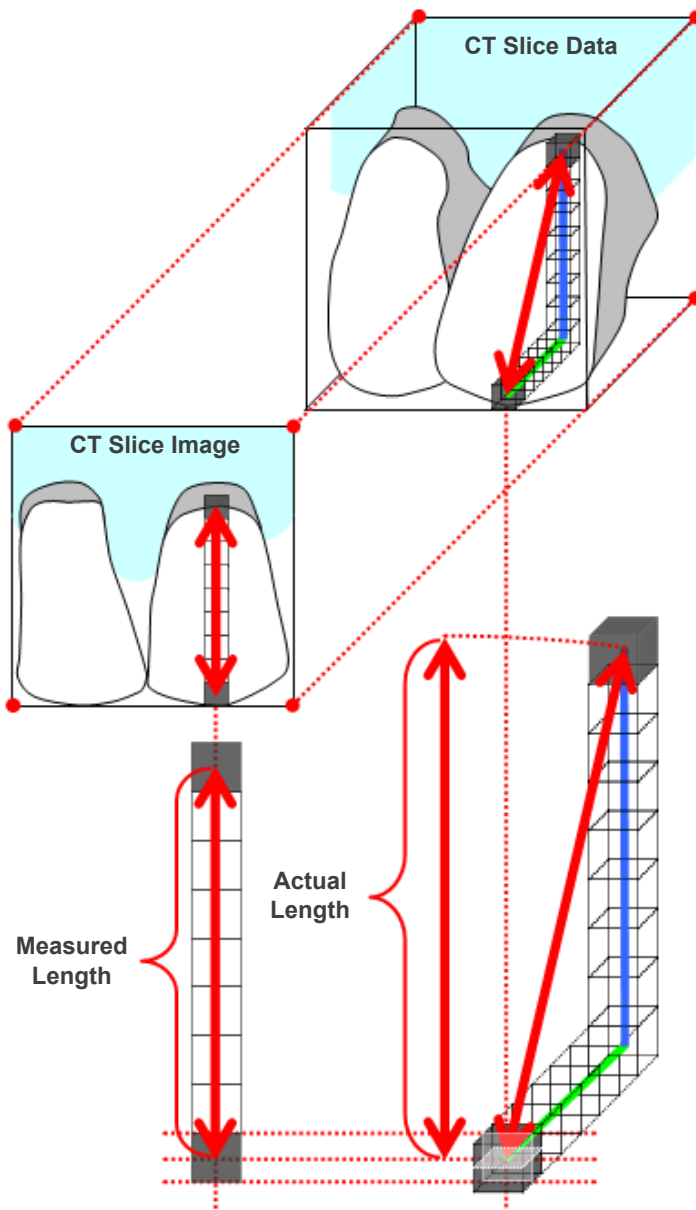
The slice images have a certain thickness.



The thickness of the slices creates some distortion in the three dimensional quality of the CT slice data, and this is reflected in the slice image.



When measuring the target on a CT slice image which has been distorted by the thickness of the slice, the measurement error is only in the vertical direction.

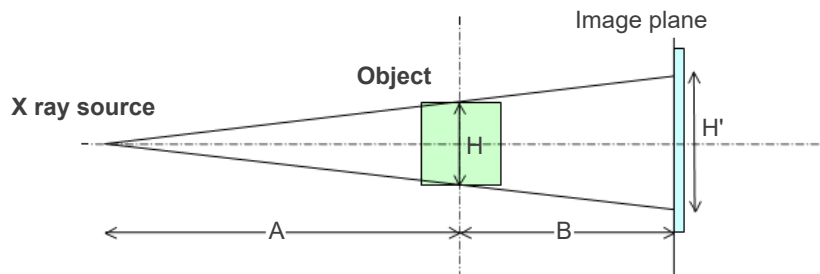


■ CT Exposure Artifacts

Artifacts generated during a CT exposure may cause distortion of the slice images. This distortion must be taken into consideration to make accurate measurements. For details, refer to the Cautionary Remarks on Imaging in the Instructions for Use of your X-ray equipment.

16.3 Image Size Technical Information for Distance Measurement, Printing, and Image Export

Generally, the imaging system for the radiography is as shown below.



In case of distance measurement on the screen, the distance is measured at the position of object.

In case of printing by the print magnification of 1.0, the size of the printed image is equal to the size of the object. When the size of the object is 100 mm, the size of the printed image is 100 mm. To print a cephalometric image in the same manner for printing a film-taken image, set the print magnification to 1.1.

When an image is exported, the DPI value is saved in the exported image file. The DPI value is the DPI value on the image plane. If a file of an exported cephalometric image is processed on any other analysis software, the file is processed in the same manner for processing a file of an image acquired by scanning a film.

The definition of the terms, "pixel size" and "magnification ratio," used on this software is as follows:

- Pixel size: Size of pixel on the image plane
- Magnification ratio: $(A + B)/A$

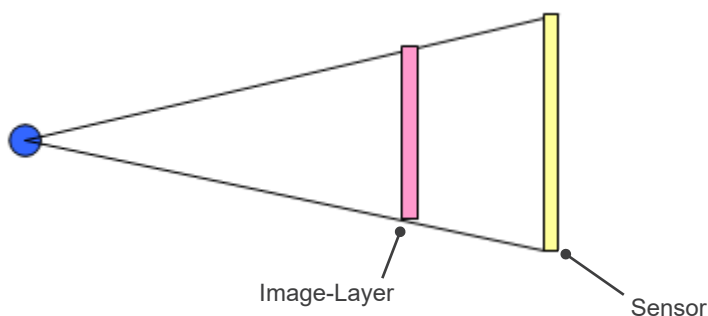
In case of CT, however, the magnification ratio is always 1 and the pixel size means the pixel size of reconstructed slices.

16.4 Technical Information for Panoramic Image Magnification Ratio

A standard panorama has a magnification of 1.3X. Therefore, for a film exposure, the image layer will be magnified 1.3X.

However, digital images are calibrated to be the same size as the image-layer (i.e., not magnified). This makes it easier to use the image to make measurements etc. (See the Note 1 below.)

(NOTE 1) Distance measurements on panorama images cannot be exact and should only be used as estimates.



16.5 Technical Information for Image Magnification Ratio and Distance Measurement Accuracy

With i-Dixel, distance measurements are calculated according to magnification ratio and resolution.

For accurate measurements require accurate magnification ratios and resolutions.

Since the magnification ratio for panorama images cannot be precisely known, measurements can only be approximate and this must be taken into consideration when using them.

WARNING

- Great care must be taken when making measurements for implant planning etc.
- Magnification ratios for panorama images may not be precise.
- Measurements made using panorama images are not exact and should only be considered estimates. Care should be exercised when using these measurements.

16.6 Symbols

*Some symbols may not be used.



Manufacturer



Unique device identifier



Medical device



GS1 DataMatrix



Refer to instructions for use

Rx Only

Prescription Device

Caution: Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a medical doctor, a dentist and a licensed healthcare practitioner. (Valid only for U.S.A.)



CE marking
Conforms with the European Regulation, EU 2017/745



EU Authorized Representative under the European Regulation, EU 2017/745
(Valid only for EU)



Authorized representative in Switzerland

QTY.



Packaging unit



Importer



Distributor



Consult instructions for use or electronic instructions for use



cTUVus certification mark
(Valid only for U.S.A. and Canada)

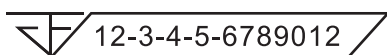


Country or region



(Examples)

(Country Names: Conforming to the ISO 3166-1 alpha-3 codes and EU for European Union)
Description noted next to the code is an indication that conforms to the regulations valid only for the relevant country or region.



Registration number of medical device in Thailand

(The 12-digit sample number shown is for demonstration purposes only.)

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